

# INNER MORAY FIRTH LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN SITE SUBMISSION FOR CAIRNGLASS RURAL FARMING COMMUNITY DESIGNATION, GOLLANFIELD, HIGHLAND FOR MR & MRS IAN WILSON

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# Site Forms

YOUR DETAILS	
Your Name (and organisation if applicable)	Mr & Mrs Ian Wilson
Your Address / Contact	Wester Cairnglass
Details	Gollanfield
	Highlands
	IV2 7QS
Landowner's Name (if known / applicable)	As above
Agent (if applicable)	CM Design Chartered Architect &
	Planning Consultants
Agent's Address / Contact	4 Bridge Street
Details (if applicable)	Nairn
	Highlands
	IV12 4EJ

DETAILS OF SITE SUGGESTED	
Site Address	Cairnglass, Nairn
Site/Local Name (if different	
from above	
Site Size (hectares)	Site A – 6170q.m
	-
	Site B - 2260sq.m
Grid Reference (if known)	NH 808 511
Proposed Use (e.g. housing,	Site A & B: Residential Housing Site
affordable housing,	_
employment, retail, waste,	
gypsy traveller, utility,	
community, retained public	
open space)	
Proposed Non Housing	Site A - 8 Housing units
Floorspace / Number of	
Housing Units (if	Site B: - 1 Housing Unit
known/applicable)	·

Мар	Refer to CM Design Drawing:
	IMFLDP.110070.WILSON

If you wish to suggest a site that should <u>not</u> be built on, fill in this form			
<b>REASONS WHY YOUR SITE</b>	SHOULD BE SAFEGUARDED FROM BUILDING		
How do the public enjoy the space - e.g. used for dog walking, children's play?			
What makes the site more special than other areas in the village/town?			
Does the site have attractive or rare features such as mature trees, historical significance or protected wildlife?			

Landowners, developers and/or agents wishing to suggest a site should fill in the following form <u>and</u> as much as possible of the strategic environmental assessment form (at the end of this document) which assesses the environmental effects of possible development sites.

If you wish to suggest a site that should be built on, fill in this form		
REASONS FO	R YOUR DEVELOPMENT SITE SUGGESTION	
How can the site be serviced? (give details of proposed access, foul drainage, surface water	Vehicular access to Site A would be via an extension to the public adopted road network, a section of which already has planning approval. This new public road would join the B9090 Gollanfield - Clephanton Road	
and water supply arrangements)	Vehicular access to Site B would be via the existing shared access track off the B9090 Gollanfield - Clephanton Road.	

A public water supply is available and Scottish
Water confirms that adequate capacity exists to
supply this site (Refer to Document CMD001).

Foul drainage would be via private means and it would be our client intention to provide a communal drainage system for all proposed units.

Surface Water run-off will be return to the natural water cycle on each individual house site, via standard sub-surface soakaways. If required our client would be content to undertake percolation testing on site to demonstrate that the ground conditions are adequate.
FORM CONTINUES BELOW

REASONS FOR YOUR DEVELOPMENT SITE SUGGESTION		
What are the site's constraints and how can they be resolved or reduced?  (e.g. does the site flood, are there protected species present, will good farmland be lost, will the local landscape be affected, will valued trees be felled, are any other heritage features likely to be affected?)	The proposer has been the owner of this land for a large number of years and has no record of either site being subject to Flood Risk and SEPA Flood Map shows the site outwith any the 1 in 200 year indicative flood areas. Nevertheless, should the Council deem it necessary, our client would be content to prepare a detailed Flood Risk Assessment to demonstrate this assertion.	
What benefits will result to the wider community from the site's development?  (e.g. will there be more or better jobs, will the land be put to a more productive use, will the development increase infrastructure capacity for others, will more affordable houses result, is there an unmet demand for the development?)	The development of these sites for residential purposes, will increase the type and supply of housing sites available locally and it is our client intention to build the houses and dispose of them to locals seeking to reside in the area.  Additionally, the realisation of these sites represents a 'rounding off' of the group of existing houses at Wester Cairnglass and will help to create a sustainable rural community at this locale.	
What impact will there be on travel patterns from the site's development?  (e.g. will more or less people engage in active and healthy travel (walk / cycle) or go by public transport as a result of the site's development rather than travel by private car?)	The site lies in close proximity to the A96 Trunk Road (less than 1Km) and, as such, the future occupants of these units will have easy access to Inverness, Nairn, Elgin and Aberdeen beyond.  The bid site is also in relatively close proximity to Inverness Airport, thereby allowing easy access to this important transport hub.	
Is the site well connected?  (e.g. will the average travel time to community and commercial facilities	No impact anticipated on average travel times and the use of the site for residential purposes would complement adjoining land uses.	

reduce or increase as a result of the site's development, is the proposed use compatible with existing / proposed surrounding uses?)	
Is the site energy efficient?  (e.g. will the site allow for energy efficient siting, layout, building design and local renewable energy source connection?)	Both sites are of sufficient size to accommodate micro-renewables. The appropriate equipment would be discussed with the Energy Saving Trust prior to progressing to a formal application stage.
What other negative impacts will the development have and how will they be resolved or offset? (e.g. will the site's development increase any form of pollution or decrease public safety?)	The additional foul drainage load of further septic tanks/soakaways on the natural water cycle will be considered and options considered to address any problem.

# STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FORM

Landowners, developers and/or agents wishing to suggest a site should fill in as much as possible of the following form. Strategic environmental assessment of local development plan sites is now a statutory requirement and considers the possible environmental effects of development proposals. We will check your answers and fill in any gaps.

No.	Issue	Detailed Explanation	Answer	Any Proposed Mitigation Measures (how will you reduce or offset the effects of your development?)
1	a) Will the site safeguard any existing open space within the area? b) Will the site enable high quality open space to be provided within the area?	Will the site have any impact on useable public open space (such as parks, playing fields etc) or any opportunities to create additional public open space?	The bid is for a relatively small residential development. However, each plot would have a sizable garden area and the bid are surrounded by agricultural land and native woodlands  The surrounding area is a mix of open agricultural ground and native woodland and as such, our client does not believe the size of his proposal warrants additional public open space to be provided.	
2	Will the site encourage and enable provision for active travel (walking, cycling and public transport use)?	Is any part of the site within 400m straight line distance of any community/commercial building? or will development provide a community/commercial building within walking distance of existing residential areas?  - Are there opportunities to create new walking/cycling routes or improve existing routes?	Whilst it is acknowledged this site is more than 400metres from any community/commercial areas, the area offers an abundance of local walks for recreational purposes.	
3	Does the site provide an opportunity for you to provide a financial contribution towards encouraging more sustainable travel patterns?	For example, can a subsidy to a local bus route be provided?	The size of the bid site would not warrant such a contribution.	
4	Will the site involve "off site" road improvements	Is the site likely to improve the local road network such as junctions or crossings?	The public road network at this location appears to meet current standards and as	If considered necessary our client will consider road safety

	that will contribute to road safety?		such no improvement works proposed.	improvements with the Council TEC Services.
5	Is there scope for road safety measures as part of the development of the site?	Will development incorporate on-site traffic calming measures (e.g. speed bumps) or street lighting? Will it incorporate the principles of Designing Streets available via: <a href="http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Publications/2010/03/22120652/0">http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Publications/2010/03/22120652/0</a>	Not considered necessary.	If considered necessary our client will consider further road safety improvements with the Council TEC Services.
6	Is the site near any existing "bad neighbour" uses?	Will the site be negatively affected by any neighbouring use? (bad neighbour uses include those that affect residential property by way of fumes, vibration, noise, artificial lighting etc). Is the site affected by any of the Physical Constraints identified in the Council's Physical Constraints:  Supplementary Guidance?	The site would be bound with residential properties agricultural land and native woodlands, neither of which is considered to be 'bad neighbour developments'.  The existing farm complex is currently in the process of being relocated to a group of new agricultural building. Thus removing any concerns with regards the proximity of the agricultural unit.	
7	Are there any contaminated land issues affecting the site?	Are you aware if the site has been previously used for industrial or any other uses likely to cause contamination?	As the site is a 'Brownfield' site there is a risk of previous ground contamination and at the appropriate time our client would be content to commission appropriate testing and mitigation measures.  Nevertheless, we do not consider the risk of contamination to be such, to warrant not including this site.	If considered necessary at this stage, our client will commission appropriate study to demonstrate the site is suitable for the proposed end use.
8	a) Is the site on derelict, vacant or other land that has previously been used?	a) Has the site been identified in Scottish Government's Vacant and Derelict Land Survey (which can be found here: <a href="http://scotland.gov.uk/Publications/2010/01/26135819/0">http://scotland.gov.uk/Publications/2010/01/26135819/0</a> )or has the land got an existing use?	The bid site would be classified as 'Brownfield' land, due to the existing farm complex is currently in the process of being relocated to a group of new agricultural building.	
	b) Is the site on greenfield land?	b) Will the site be located on presently undeveloped land e.g. presently or capably used for agriculture, forestry or amenity purposes?		

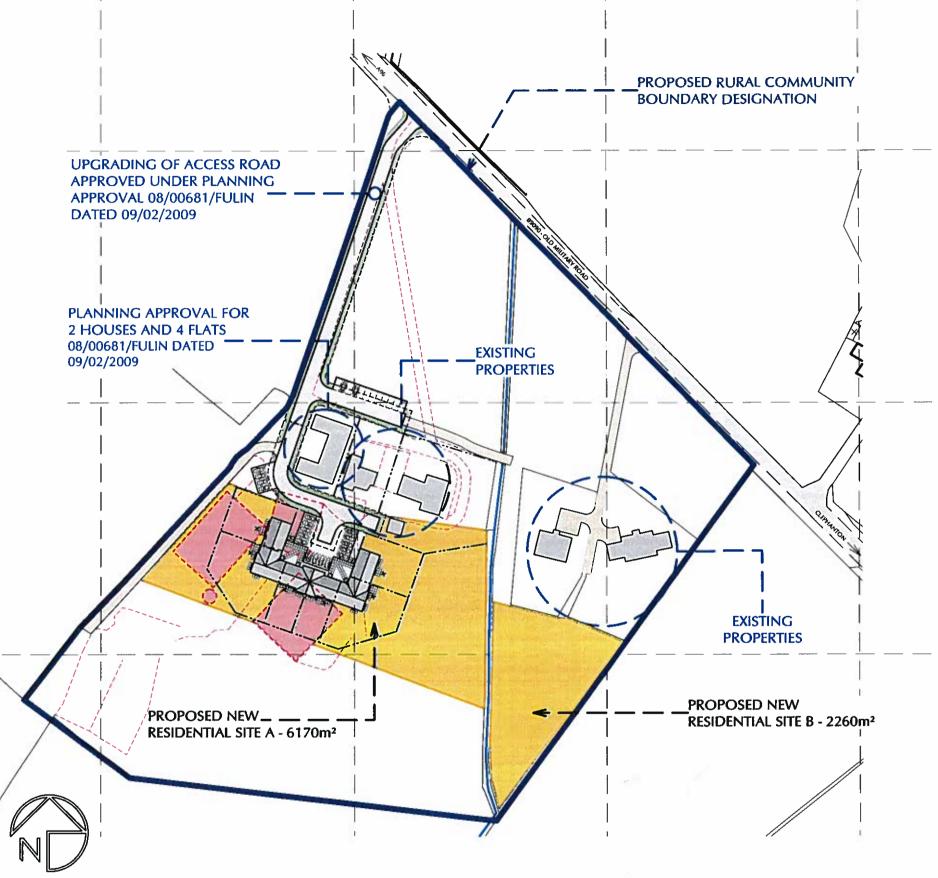
9	Is the site within the	Is the site within any identified settlement	No.	
	current settlement	boundary in the Local Plan? Is it allocated for		:
	boundary?	any uses?		
10	Will the site affect the	Does the site conform with the Landscape	The site is considered a 'Brownfield' site,	
	distinctiveness and	Capacity Assessment (if available)? Will the	and is not included in any local, national or	
	special qualities of the	site result in the removal of valued landscape	international environmental designations.	
	present landscape	features or negatively affect any key views?		
	character or affect any	Is it located within or would otherwise affect		
	landscape designation?	a National Scenic Area or Special Landscape		
		Area, having regard to their special qualities?		
11	Will the site affect any	Are you aware if the site is inside or likely to	As the site is considered a 'Brownfield' site,	
	areas with qualities of	affect an area of Wild Land? (These areas are	and is not included in any local, national or	
	wildness? (that is land in	identified on Map 3 of SNH's Policy	international environmental designations.	
	its original natural	Statement, Wildness in Scotland's		
	state?)	Countryside) and areas of Remote Coast		
		identified by the Council, or an area of		
		wildness identified in the draft Wild Land		
		Supplementary Guidance?		
12	Will the site affect a	Is the site inside or likely to affect the	No es	,
	conservation area?	character of a confirmed Conservation Area?		
13	Will the site impact on	Is there a listed building or a part of the	No	
	any listed building	setting "area" of a listed building within the		
<u> </u>	and/or its setting?	site?		
14	Will the site affect a site	Is any part of the site inside the outer	No	
	identified in the	boundary of an Inventory "entry" or will the		
	Inventory of Gardens	site affect the setting of an "entry"?		
	and Designed			
	Landscapes?			
15	Will the site affect any	Does the site contain any features identified	No	-
	locally important	in the HER? If yes, will the site affect the		
	archaeological sites	feature?		
	identified in the Historic			
	Environment Record?			
16	Will the site impact on	Is there any SAM within the site boundary or	No	
	any Scheduled (Ancient)	will a SAM be affected?		
	Monument and/or its			
	setting?			

17	a) Will the site affect any	a) Is any part of the site inside or likely to	The site is considered a 'Brownfield' site,	
	natural heritage	affect the designation (SAC, SPA, SSSI, NNR,	and is not included in any local, national or	
	designation or area	Ramsar) or Local Nature Conservation Site?	international environmental designations.	
	identified for its	,		
	importance to nature			<u> </u>
	conservation?			
	b) Will the site affect any	b) Is any part of the site within or likely to		
	other important habitat	affect non-statutory features identified as		
	for the natural heritage?	being of nature conservation importance e.g.		
		Ancient, Semi-Natural or Long-Established		
		Woodland Inventory sites, priority BAP		
		habitats, habitats included on the Scottish		
		Biodiversity List, non-designated habitats		
		listed in Annex 1 of EC Habitats Directive?		
18	a) Will the site affect any	a) Will the site affect any European Protected	As the site is considered a 'Brownfield' site,	
	protected species?	Species, Badgers and species (birds, animals	any wildlife that currently forage on the site	
		and plants) protected under the Wildlife and	would transfer to the woodland area,	
		Countryside Act 1981 as amended. If such a	resulting in no detrimental impact on any	
		species may be present on or near the site, a	protected species.	
		survey should be carried out to inform this		
		assessment (for which a licence from SNH		
		may be required)	Our client has also undertaken a Bat Survey	
		may be required;	of the existing agricultural buildings	
	b) Will the site affect any	b) Will the site affect species listed in the UK	(CMD002), which demonstrate that the	
	other important species	and Local BAPs, the Scottish Biodiversity List	existing buildings to be removed are not	
	for the natural heritage?	and relevant annexes of the EC Habitats	utilised by any protected species.	
l i	to the final field of	Directive?		
19	Is the site proposed to	For example, will the site provide or be	None proposed - would be left to the	
	provide any form of	capable of providing a district heating	detailed planning application stage.	
	renewable energy?	system, solar panels of a wind turbine?	detailed planning application stage.	
20	Is any part of the site at	Are you aware of any part of the site being	Our client has no records of the site being	If considered management to
	risk from fluvial or	within the 1 in 200 year flood risk contour as	subject to flood risk and SEPA Flood Map	If considered necessary our client
	coastal flooding as	identified by SEPA? (which can be found	shows the site outwith any the 1 in 200	will undertake appropriate study to demonstrate the site is suitable for
	shown on SEPA's flood	here:	year indicative flood areas.	the proposed end use.
	map or from local	http://www.sepa.org.uk/flooding/flood_risk	, car maicative nood areas.	are proposed end use.
	knowledge?	maps/view the map.aspx)		
Ll	MIOTHICUBE:	maps/view the map.aspx)		

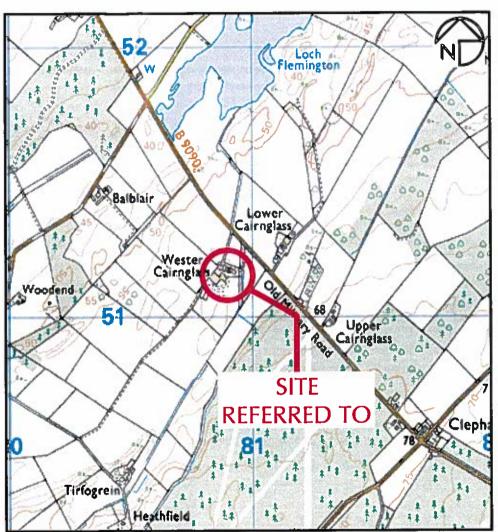
21	Will development of the site result in the need for changes in land form and level? If yes, how will soil and drainage issues be addressed?	Will there by any change in rate, quantity, quality of run-off plus groundwater impact on or off site? If so, will these affect priority habitats, especially blanket bog?	No.	
22	Is there a watercourse, loch or sea within or adjacent to the site? If yes, how will the water environment be protected from development?	Will there be any culverting, diversion or channelling of existing watercourses?	A small burn runs through the site and during construction works, any stockpiles of soil are to be seeded or covered with a suitable geo textile in order to prevent silt entering watercourses in accordance with SEPA pollution prevention guidelines (PPG5)	
23	Will the site offer opportunities for sustainable waste management?	Will the waste produced by the site be minimised and processed close to source in a sustainable way?	The bid site lays on existing waste management networks and the development would be served by the existing kerbside recycling facilities operated by the Council.	
24	Can the site be connected to the public water and sewerage system?	Can the site be connected at reasonable cost? If not, what alternative is proposed?	A public water supply is available and Scottish Water confirms that adequate capacity exists to supply this site (Refer to Document CMD001).  Foul drainage would be via private means and it would be our client intention to provide a communal drainage system for all proposed units.	
25	Will the site require alteration to the local landform?	Can the site (including access) be developed without significant re-contouring etc.? Will access tracks and parking areas have significant cut and fill?	No.	
26	Will the site affect or be affected by coastal erosion or natural coastal processes?	This will be noted on any relevant shoreline management plan.	No.	
27	Is the site sheltered from the prevailing wind and	Will development make best use of the site in terms of energy efficiency?	As the bid site is located in a cluster of existing residential properties the site	

	does it have a principal aspect between SW and SE?		would be shielded from the prevailing weather.
28	Will the site have any impact upon local air quality?	Is the site near areas of employment or close to public transport? Such developments are less likely to result in additional traffic which may contribute to air pollution.	No.
29	Will the site have an impact on light pollution levels?	Is it likely that the Council policy likely will require street lighting at this location? Are there proposals for floodlighting on the site?	No.
30	a) Will it the site affect the present green network of the area?	a) Will the site affect features that currently provide for the movement of species and/or people e.g. woodland, hedgerows, field margins, watercourses, coastlines, tree belts, greenspace?	No.  As the Site is within a rural setting, it will allow future occupants of the houses the opportunity to view the existing local wildlife.
	b) Will the site provide opportunities to enhance the present green network of the area?	b) Will connectively of natural features or open space and paths used for public amenity be improved? Will existing fragmentation of habitats and open spaces be improved? Will species be enabled to move where at present there is an obstacle?	
31	Will the site provide opportunities for people to come into contact with and appreciate nature/natural environments?	Is the site close to (within 1.5km) an opportunity to come into contact with nature/natural environments e.g. Local Nature Reserves, local greenspace, green networks? Are there proposals which will increase opportunities to come into contact with nature/natural environments?	As the Site is within a rural setting, it will allow future occupants of the houses the opportunity to view the existing local wildlife.
32	<ul><li>a) Will the site affect any core paths or right of way?</li><li>b) Will the site affect any other existing paths or outdoor access opportunities?</li></ul>	a) Is a diversion of a core path or right of way required? Will there be any impact on the usability of a core path or right of way?  b) Will it affect an existing path in the Highland Path Record? Will it provide additional access opportunities or adversely affect access opportunities afforded by the	No impact on existing footpaths/core path routes.

		Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2003?	
	c) Will the allocation provide new access opportunities within the site and linking to the path network beyond the site?	c) Will new paths be created within and beyond the site? Will any existing paths be improved e.g. to increase accessibility to a wider range of users? Will the site help to realise priorities identified in the Council's outdoor access strategy or aspirational paths identified in the core path plans?	
33	Will the site have an impact on the geodiversity of the area?	Are you aware if the site lies within or adjacent to an un-notified Geological Conservation Review site or Local Geodiversity Site? (or other site with geodiversity value e.g. distinctive landforms, areas with natural processes, rock exposures for study?)	No.
34	Will soil quality and capability of the site be adversely affected?	Will the site result in a loss of soil due to development or removal of good quality soil from the site? Is the site on land identified as Prime Quality Agricultural Land?	No.
35	Is the site on peatland?	Is the site within or functionally connected to an area of peatland? Would the allocation involve the disturbance of peat? If yes, how would impacts on peatland be avoided or minimised? Would any tree felling be required?	No.
36	Will the site have any affect on the viability of a crofting unit?	Does the site represent a significant loss of good quality inbye crofting land or common grazing land?	No.



CAIRNGLASS RURAL FARMING COMMUNITY DESIGNATION MASTERPLAN SCALE: 1:1500



O.S. LOCATION PLAN - N.T.S





# Document CMD001 - Scottish Water Asset Capacity Search

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Asset Capacity Finder - Results

The following results indicate the assets most likely to service the proposed postcode or coordinates you provided

Water Treatment Works	INVERNESS LOCH ASHIE WTW
Available Capacity (Housing Unit Equivalents)	2000
Sewage Treatment Works	CLEPHANTON ST
Available Capacity (Housing Unit Equivalents)	less than 10

# Some reasons why no information may be returned

- The location requested may span more than a single catchinent area
- The location requested may be outwith a current catchment area
- A works may be temporarily out of service or under maintenance For more information, contact the Customer Connections Team on 0845 601 8855 (Mon-Fn 0900-1700)

#### Data Disclaimer

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#### Useful links

Strategic Asset Capacity Development Plan (pdf)

WTW Asset Capacity Tables

**WWTW Asset Capacity** Tables (pdf)

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# Document CMD002 - EPS Survey of Existing Buildings

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\* See CV below

#### Client

cmdesign 1-5 Pinetree House Pinefield Crescent Elgin IV30 6HZ for Mr Ian Wilson

Reference: - 416 Bat survey:

Cattle sheds, Wester Cairnglass, Gollanfield

# BAT SURVEY REPORT

# Bat work CV Michael D Canham

- Started bat work in 1983 with a 5-day course run by Dr R Stebbings who was my first trainer.
- 24 years working with bats with Forestry commission, including woodland bat box, hibernacula and natural roost monitoring, Bat walks and training of Forestry Commission staff.
- Various National surveys undertaken for Bat Conservation Trust.
- Bat worker trainer since attending a 3-day trainer's course in October 1994 including hibernacula.
- SNH bat casework officer since 2001, working in Moray, Aberdeenshire and Highland areas.
- Have been principle trainer at several bat work training events including 4 day course for NTS on hibernacula monitoring.
- Working as a bat consultant since 2001
- Appointments include the following major projects: Former fabrication yard at Arderseir, Nairn, Aberdeen schools (multiple sites), Dingwall and Millburn academy sites, Dunkinty woodland, Cawdor wood, and River E hydro scheme.
- Over 500 consultancy surveys undertaken since 2001
- Bat licence number 9043

Date on & location of buildings or structure surveyed for use by bats Survey area:-

Date Grid Ref

28<sup>th</sup> September 2010 NH 808511

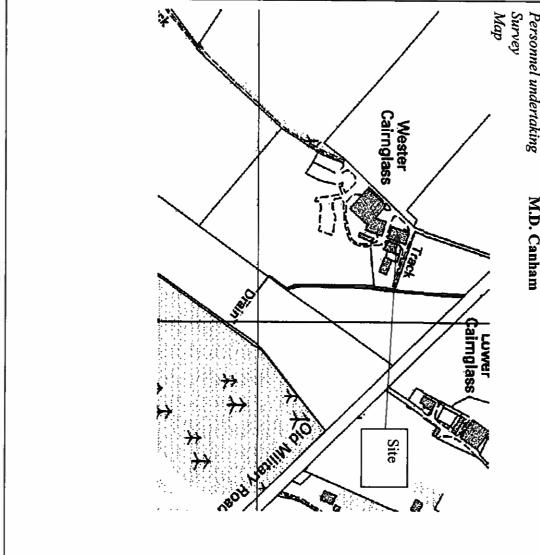
Ordnance Survey Landranger sheet Number

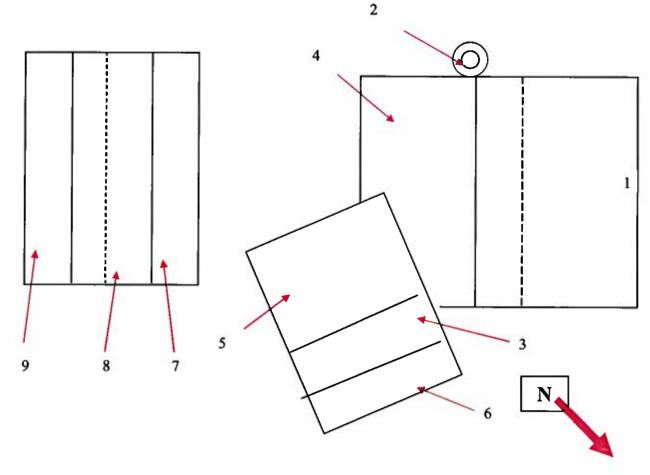
Address

Cattle sheds, Wester Cairnglass, Gollanfield

Personnel undertaking

M.D. Canham





Buildings layout (not to scale)

# **Introduction & Context**

Planning permission has been applied for by Mr Ian Wilson to demolish the above buildings and replace with new dwellings. Their Agents, cmdesign 1-5 Pinetree House Pinefield Crescent, Elgin have commissioned a Protected Species (Bat) survey as part of the planning process.

# **Objectives of survey**

To investigate if the EPS (European Protected Species) :- Bats are using the site detailed above for:-

#### A roost site

If a roost is present, identify the status of roost.

Identify the species of bat(s) using the roost.

Identify the number of bats in the roost(s)

If necessary Identify the age and sex of the bats in the roost

Identify if bats have been present in a site but are not present at the time of survey. (From signs) Droppings, staining.

# Foraging areas and commuting routes

Identify if bats are using the site as a feeding area

Relate the importance of any structures, vegetation or other elements present to the feeding area

Identify if the site is part of a major commuting route for bats.

# Methods of survey

# Daytime signs search

A daytime search of all buildings and structures detailed above was undertaken. The outside of all buildings and structures were searched for evidence of likely roost entrances, including window and door lintels, and for signs of bat activity i.e. droppings or staining.

The inside of all buildings and structures were searched for likely roost entrances, including window and door lintels, and for signs of bat activity i.e. droppings or staining. Internal inspection of the roof space including roof ridge, gable wall ends were searched for likely roost entrances, and for signs of bat activity i.e. droppings or staining. Any accessible below ground structures i.e. substantial under floor voids, cellars etc were searched for signs of bats or bat use.

# Timings, duration and number of visits

A daytime search was undertaken on 28/09/2010 over a 2.0. hour period Weather conditions

# Daytime signs search

Weather was dry, calm & cool. Daylight was good.

#### Personnel

Daytime signs search

M.D.Canham

# Survey constraints/limitations

There were no survey limitations.

# Stages of the life-cycle that could have been missed

The surveyor(s) is confident that no stages of the life cycle have been missed.

# Sources of additional or pre-existing information

NBN gateway lists records for Natterer's, Daubenton's, Brown long-eared and both Pipistrelle bat species in the 10 km square NH85

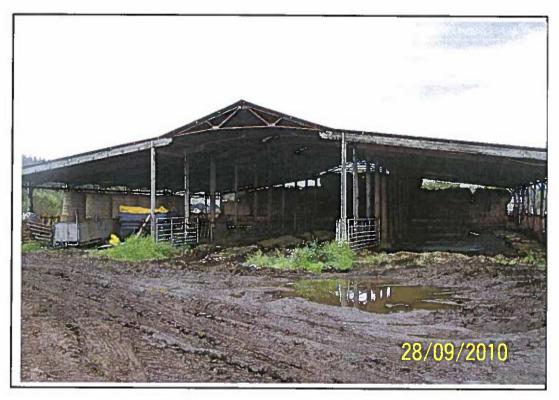
# **Description of sites and or structures**

A Group of cattle sheds and open sided hay storage barns. Most of the buildings are attached to each other apart from buildings 7, 8 & 9 that, although attached to each other are detached from the remaining buildings, 1-6.

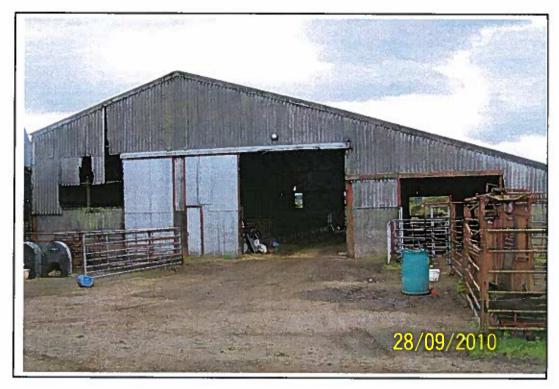
There are almost no features within any of the buildings that would support bat roosts.

This is due to their open construction and lack of lintels or sarking under the roofing material. Framework for the buildings is also unsuitable for bats with no crevices etc, as is the cladding on upper walls. Lower walls are of concrete block construction with no cavities or crevices.

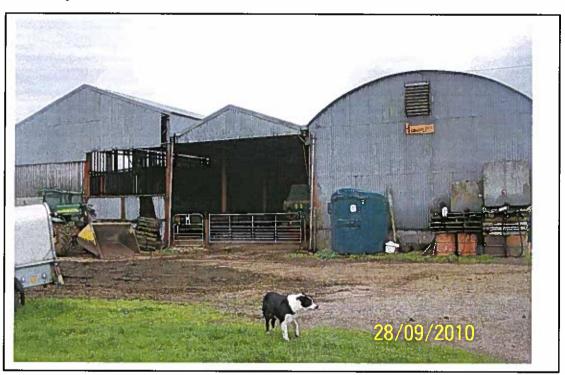
Building descriptions		
Building number	Description	
1	A metal framed building clad with corrugated asbestos cement roofing sheets and upper sides. Lower walls are solid concrete block construction. The roof is of an offset ridge design and the building has a central drive through. The building is used a cattle court	
2	A metal clad, metal frame feed silo.	
3	Corrugated metal roofed and clad building used as an access to buildings 5 & 6 and as a machine store.	
4	A metal framed lean to building with wooden railway sleeper front and a corrugated metal profile roof and metal corrugated clad end wall. The building is used a cattle court	
5	Metal framed, concrete block dwarf walled building with a corrugated metal roof. Building used a cattle court.	
6	Corrugated metal roofed and clad building used as a feed store.	
7	Wooden framed building divided into 3 sections with 8 & 9 below. The roof is of mono pitch design and constructed of corrugated metal. Open on all sides. Used as a hay store	
8	Construction as 7 above and previously used as a cattle court	
9	Construction as 7 above and previously used as a cattle court	



View of buildings 7, 8 & 9



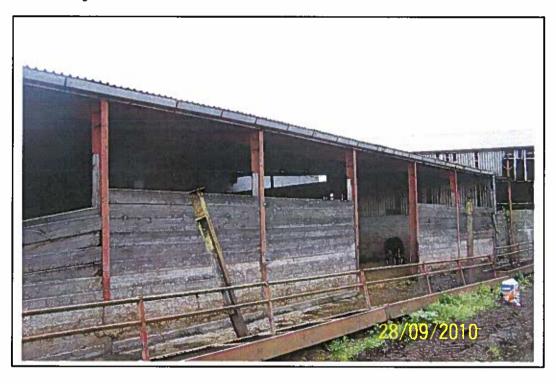
View of building 1



View of buildings 5, 3 & 6



View of buildings 6 used as a feed store



View of buildings 4 used as a cattle court

# Results from survey of site, buildings or structures for use by bats

# (Day search)

Cattle sheds, Wester Cairnglass, Gollanfield

No evidence of bat use was found. The buildings are not considered suitable to provide good bat roosting opportunities because of their construction. Walls do not provide roosting sites as these are in the main of solid block and or sheet metal profile construction.

Because of the above and no evidence of bat use was found throughout all the buildings, coupled with the unsuitable state of most of the buildings the surveyor is of the opinion that no emergence survey is considered necessary.

# **Other Observations**

None

# Interpretation and evaluation of results

As there is no evidence of any bat use and the construction of the buildings, the surveyor is confident that no bats or roosts will be disturbed or destroyed by demolition of these buildings.

The surveyor is confident that there is no necessity to undertake an emergence survey in this case.

Potential foraging habitat around the site is good for bats as is habitat connectivity to the site; however the demolition of the derelict buildings should not affect bat foraging.

#### Discussion of results

There should be no impact on bats or their habitats due to demolition of these buildings.

As a precaution, even if bats do not use a building or parts of a building as a regular roost, single bats may occasionally roost in unlikely places

During any future work if any bats are discovered operations in that area should stop at once and a licensed bat-worker should be contacted directly or via the local SNH office, so that any bats can be safely removed and work continue.

(Please pass a copy of this report to any contractor who may work on these buildings)

#### Closure

This report has been prepared by Mick Canham Ecological Consultancy with all reasonable skill, care and diligence, and taking account of the manpower and resources devoted to it by agreement with the client. Information reported herein is based on the interpretation of data collected and has been accepted in good faith as being accurate and valid.

This report is for the exclusive use of Mr. Ian Wilson and his agents, cm design.

No warranties or guarantees are expressed or should be inferred by any third parties. This report may not be relied upon by other parties without written consent from Mick Canham Ecological Consultancy.

Mick Canham Ecological Consultancy disclaims any responsibility to the client and others in respect of any matters outside the agreed scope of the work.

# References

National Biodiversity Network www.nbn.org.uk

Bat Conservation Trust (2007). 'Bat Surveys: Good Practice Guidelines Highland Biological Recording Network

SNH data

Personal data

Bat Mitigation Guidelines. (Natural England)

Guidance Notes for 'Application for a licence for European Protected Species'. (Scottish Government Rural Directorate)

European Protected Species, development sites and the planning system. (The stationary office)

EC directive 92/43/EEC 'Habitats Directive' (as amended Aug 2007)

#### **Annexes**

Details of proposal (note to agent: - please send these to all recipients of this report)

M.D.Canham 28/09/2010