

INSET 10.1 : LOCHINVER Inset 10.1 : Loch an Inbhir

Position in Settlement Hierarchy	Main Centre	
2005 Estimated Population	370	
Housing Completions 2000-2007	12	
Primary School/Secondary School Capacities	80% / 71%	
Water Capacity	Limited capacity, additional capacity projects planned between 2007-2010	
Sewerage Capacity	Limited capacity, in the existing septic tanks but Scottish Water is committed to funding an upgrade when planning permission is granted for housing	

Prospects

Lochinver is the service, employment and tourist centre for south west Sutherland and is dominated by its major fishery port, deep water berth and reclaimed land. The Main Street area is the location for many of the community facilities and has a distinct linear form which is an attractive feature within the National Scenic Area. Further to the South, port related facilities together with industrial land and the Assynt Leisure centre are backed by some 36 hectares of community woodlands at Culag.

Infill opportunities continue to be brought forward within the village and recently the development of eight affordable homes was accommodated at Inver Park. In Assynt housing completions data has indicated that the majority of development has been accommodated within the townships rather than within Lochinver itself leaving infrastructure in many cases close to or at its capacity. Even within the village the septic tanks are close to capacity with the exception of the Inver Park tank which has capacity for a further 13 houses.

Therefore it is important that an effective land supply is identified within Lochinver or as close to its services as possible. However, rising land, ground conditions, crofting, and servicing all constrain the options for growth and there is a need to identify sufficient opportunity for the next phase of development to meet the needs that remain unmet and to plan future growth.

The Assynt Estate has been investigating the potential of land at Cnoc A Mhulinn at the entrance to the village and they hold further potential for development at the sheep stock pens. In the longer term dependent on an engineering assessment there may be potential to loop through to Cnoc A Mhuillin and open up further land here.

In 2005 there was a community buyout of the Glencanisp and Drumrunie Estates south of Lochinver. Since then the Assynt Foundation have been investigating the development opportunities and a full feasibility study for housing development will be undertaken shortly in Glencanisp. The level of development potential in this area which is roughly 1 kilometre from the village may be determined by feasibility in terms of road upgrades required. Given the sensitive landscape of this area, its location detached from the village and current uncertainty regarding the feasibility of development it is not included within the settlement development area.

Development Factors

- Lochinver lies within the Assynt-Coigach National Scenic Area so particular care needs to be taken with regards to sensitive siting and high quality design of development;
- Low downward emission design street lights;
- Development within the regenerating woodland at Glendarrach can be accommodated but the loss of woodland should be limited and setting protected as far as possible;
- Potential within the SDA for development of new woodland crofts at Culag as a community initiative to address effective woodland practice as well as economic and housing requirements;
- Support for the provision of new care facilities;
- Any developments served by private waste water system (in compliance with General Policy 7) will require to drain to land to safeguard water bodies.

Site Allocations

Site Ref.	Site Area	Location	Housing Capacity	Developer
H 1	0.7ha	Sheep pens north of Inver Park	6 units	The sheep expense. T that level by
H 2	2.9ha	Cnoc A Mhuillin	10 units	At the entra application statement to speed restrinto the site storey and landform an church and
11	1.1ha	Culag Harbour	-	Flood Risk developmen or harbour
12	1.4ha	Land adjacent to the Assynt Leisure Centre	-	Developme with no furth Buildings to quarry and materials. A the site itse that propos 1 in 200 yea developmen August. Co whether an is required.
Β1	1.4ha	West of the Coast Guards	_	Industrial de after possib Although flo itself the de proposals e 200 year ev Comments and design The site wil is required. developmen August. Con whether an is required.

(Housing capacities are indicative only and given on the basis of likely development densities.)

r Requirements

fanks should be relocated at the developer's The indicative capacity shown is constrained to by access.

ance to the village and prominent so any will need to be accompanied by a design to be considered in consultation with SNH. The rriction will need to be moved and a footpath link e is required. Housing should be limited to 1½ careful siting is vital with particular regard to and the setting of the village including the river, d cemetery.

Assessment will be required; built ent to avoid flood risk area. Only water related uses will be acceptable within flood risk areas.

ent should be set back from the quarry walls ther quarrying or freshening of bare rock faces. to be kept low and within the envelope of the d finished in suitable natural colours and Although flood risk does not directly impinge on elf the developer will be required to demonstrate sals enable emergency access to the site during ear events. The herons must not be disturbed by ent close to their nest between March and onsideration of past uses before determining n assessment of potential contamination issues

development should only be considered here bilities at 11 and 12 have been exhausted. lood risk does not directly impinge on the site eveloper will be required to demonstrate that enable emergency access to the site during 1 in events.

a above relating to freshening of the rock faces and finish of the buildings also apply here. Il require sensitive treatment and a design brief . The herons must not be disturbed by ent close to their nest between March and onsideration of past uses before determining assessment of potential contamination issues