THE HIGHLAND COUNCIL

CAITHNESS AND SUTHERLAND AREA COMMITTEE

Agenda Item 4. Report CS/12/ No 15

26 MAY 2015

CAITHNESS AND SUTHERLAND LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Report by Director of Development and Infrastructure

Summary

This report presents a summary of matters raised in responses to the Main Issues Report (MIR) consultation for the Caithness and Sutherland Local Development Plan (CaSPlan), which ran from 30 October 2014 to 6 February 2015. It also presents a summary of matters raised in responses to the Additional Sites and Issues consultation that was undertaken from 13 March 2015 to 24 April 2015.

Officers have been giving initial consideration to the matters raised and the report includes recommendations for the Council's interim position on these for Area Committee's consideration. The Area Committee is asked to agree the Council's interim position to guide the preparation of the Proposed Plan, to be referred to the PDI Committee for consideration later in 2015 alongside ongoing environmental assessment and other actions to be undertaken.

1. Background

- 1.1 Following Area Committee's approval of the Main Issues Report for the Caithness and Sutherland Local Development Plan at its meeting on 23 September 2014, the MIR and an accompanying Environmental Report were published on 30 October 2014 for public consultation. The consultation ran for a total of 14 weeks; the original deadline of 29 January 2015 was extended to 6 February 2015 due to the postponement and rescheduling of the Brora workshop.
- 1.2 The MIR was not intended as a draft version of the plan; it was a discussion document that set out initial ideas and options for what the plan needs to achieve for people and places in the area and the Council's initial preferences for where new development might be located.
- 1.3 The MIR was publicised through a variety of sources: press releases, adverts in the Northern Times and John O'Groats Journal, an article in Executive magazine, neighbour notification to 2,437 properties within 30 metres of sites identified in the MIR, 22,537 postcards sent to addresses in the plan area, regular use of social media (Facebook and Twitter), emails or letters sent to everyone that had previously registered an interest, and posters sent to all places where we made a paper copy of the MIR available for public viewing

and to Community Councils in the plan area.

- 1.4 A series of consultation events were held across the plan area at Brora, Dornoch, Halkirk, Lairg, Lochinver, Thurso, Tongue and Wick and these comprised drop in sessions and evening workshops. Paper copies of the MIR were made available to view at Service Points and Public Libraries, and copies sent to each Community Council. An online interactive version of the MIR was provided and we encouraged people to submit comments using an online form.
- 1.5 A total of 258 comments were submitted during the consultation, including comments from a number of Community Councils and community organisations. A newsletter was published on our website in March 2015 to provide an update on progress with preparation of CaSPlan.
- 1.6 Through the MIR consultation a small number of new sites and issues were identified to us. A small number of new Growing Settlements and Economic Development Areas were also suggested to us. Not all of these suggested new sites are suitable for identification in the development plan, for example single house sites or sites distant from settlements. Reasonable alternatives that have been identified to us were subject of a public consultation that we held from 13 March to 24 April 2015. These include suggestions such as boundary changes to sites included in the MIR, sites within settlements that did not feature in the MIR or proposed alternative land uses on sites that had been included in the MIR. We did not express at that stage any preference or non-preference for the sites and issues being consulted upon. The consultation was publicised by a range of methods, correspondence sent to a range of consultees contacts and the additional sites neighbour notified. A total of 57 comments have been received.
- 1.7 The next formal stage of the plan making process will be the Proposed Plan which, in accordance with the Council's Scheme of Delegation, will be approved by the Planning, Development and Infrastructure Committee. We are aiming to take it to the Committee meeting on 19 August 2015. The Proposed Plan will represent the Council's settled view as to what the final adopted content of the plan should be and will be able to carry some weight in decision-making on planning applications. The Proposed Plan will be the subject of a period of consultation.

2. Responses to consultation and consideration of issues raised

2.1 **Appendix A** sets out a summary of all the matters raised during consultations on the Main Issues Report and the Additional Sites and Issues. Appendix B sets out officers' initial recommendations for the Council's interim position on the matters raised. The contents of Appendices A and B are organised in line with the specific issues (consultation questions) posed in the MIR. The Area Committee is being asked to consider and agree these for referral to the Planning, Development and Infrastructure Committee on 19 August 2015 for its consideration when agreeing the content of the Proposed Plan, noting that any recommendations require an appropriate justification.

- 2.2 The following highlights from Appendices A and B are of particular note:
 - <u>Vision and Strategy</u>

There was broad agreement with the Vision 'outcomes' presented in the MIR, so we do not anticipate changing these significantly. However, it is clear from comments that people want to see the outcomes actually delivered. The Strategy – and our expression and explanation of it – will therefore be very important and the version in the MIR can be improved upon. Elements of the strategy will be explained and more clearly defined where necessary. Suggested amendments and additions will be considered. The assets and opportunities in Central Sutherland will be identified on the map.

• Main Issues and Outcome-Focused Policy Approaches

We propose that the overall approach to managing development suggested in the MIR – including policies for Growing Settlements and for Promoting and Protecting Settlement Centres – can remain largely unchanged. It may be noted that similar policies have been confirmed for inclusion in the Inner Moray Firth Local Development Plan following the Examination process.

The relationship between terrestrial and marine planning was referred to in the MIR. Members will note that the Pentland Firth and Orkney Waters Pilot Marine Spatial Plan is the subject of a separate report to this meeting, whilst Draft Aquaculture Supplementary Guidance will shortly be launched for consultation.

As indicated in the MIR, the Council is updating its Housing Needs and Demands Assessment. This process is ongoing, but we are hopeful of having firm outputs from it in sufficient time to fully inform the Proposed Plan. Preliminary indications are that the needs for new housing will be similar but lower than previously anticipated. The MIR 'preferred sites' already identified a generous supply of housing land. Officers consider that overall a generous supply is suitable and can be justified, but the Council does need to be mindful of the extent of 'oversupply'. We are therefore minded to avoid further increasing that supply, whilst also looking to phase larger sites and identify some areas as longer term.

• <u>Settlements Development Areas (SDAs)</u>

In respect of Thurso/Scrabster it may be noted that we are minded to continue the strategic direction of growth to the west. However, we are minded to amend the SDA boundary and allocations in that area, with one new allocation, to strike a balance between providing for a range of development opportunities whilst safeguarding some of the openness through creation of more formalised open space. We are also minded to acknowledge in the Proposed Plan the longer term nature of some of the development opportunities.

In respect of Tongue, a major new tourism development proposal for the area highlighted through the MIR consultation emphasises the need to ensure sufficient land for housing and services, and to consider how to

manage growth in relevant areas. The consideration of this and other comments received lead us to being minded to make a number of adjustments to proposals for Tongue and also to identify nearby Melness as a Growing Settlement.

• Growing Settlements

In response to calls for additional settlements to be identified as Growing Settlements, we are minded to include: Invershin, Rosehall and Thrumster. As noted above, we are minded to also include Melness. The Proposed Plan would identify issues and place-making priorities for these.

• Economic Development Areas (EDAs)

In response to calls for the identification of additional Economic Development Areas and/or to carry over certain sites from the adopted Local Plan, we are minded to identify EDAs at: Georgemas Junction, at Forss Business and Technology Park and at Janetstown Industrial Estate. The Proposed Plan would identify issues and place-making priorities for these. However, we are minded to not specifically identify an Economic Development Area at Murkle Bay.

<u>General</u>

We had a number of people asking us what we meant in the MIR when we referred to 'Mixed Use' sites. In respect of each Mixed Use site in the MIR we did indicate the particular uses that would be appropriate e.g. "housing and community". However, what we need to explain within the Proposed Plan is that as a general rule not all of the uses listed as suitable have to form part of proposals subsequently brought forward for the site (but that if there any uses that must be included in any particular site then the Proposed Plan will explicitly state so in that case).

2.3 Comments received on the MIR include comments from Scottish Government. At this stage in the plan process these are informal comments to assist with the preparation of the Proposed Plan, rather than being a Direction to the Council. In particular the comments cover a range of matters in respect of the role that the Development Plan will play with regard to the policy themes in National Planning Framework 3 and Scottish Planning Policy (2014). We intend to address some of the matters raised by Scottish Government within CaSPlan, but others need to be considered through the review of the Highland-wide Local Development Plan which has commenced and is expected to reach MIR stage in autumn this year.

3. Further actions and next steps

3.1 Officers are continuing to work through the detailed assessment and consideration of the matters raised in the consultation responses. The report to PDI Committee with recommendations on the contents of the Proposed Plan will therefore be informed by the results of ongoing environmental and other assessment.

- 3.2 Specifically, officers will undertake the following actions leading up to the report to PDI Committee on the Proposed Plan:
 - taking account of the feedback from this meeting of Area Committee;
 - further discussions with key agencies, consultation authorities and service providers as appropriate with respect to the development options and the identification of any particular developer requirements for inclusion in the Proposed Plan;
 - continuation of work to identify Settlement Centres and Green Networks, to understand transport implications of CaSPlan and to take account of the emerging new Housing Needs and Demands Assessment, the Scotland Heat Map and the Core Path Plans (including the review of them);
 - ensuring that the Proposed Plan will contain the 'policy hooks' for any Supplementary Guidance that will hang off CaSPlan rather than the HwLDP;
 - ensure that there is clarity on requirements for Developer Contributions going forward, bearing in mind the prevailing arrangements and taking account in particular of matters addressed by the HwLDP policy and Developer Contributions Supplementary Guidance;
 - drafting of the Proposed Plan within the Council's new software, Objective, which will provide an online portal for Highland Development Plans – and a fast and easy way for customers to read and comment on our emerging plans;
 - differentiation by colour on the maps for the Proposed Plan between different land use types for which sites are proposed to be allocated (e.g. housing, business, community) together with the identification of open spaces for safeguarding;
 - in preparing the Proposed Plan, address any typographical or other errors in material carried forward from the MIR;
 - revise the Environmental Report to take into account feedback on it, the MIR and the Additional Sites and Issues;
 - draft a Habitats Regulations Appraisal of the emerging Proposed Plan;
 - revisit the Equalities Screening;
 - informed by the above work and the decisions of Area Committee, further develop the Council's response to matters raised through the consultations and firm up the content of the Proposed Plan for recommendation to PDI Committee;
 - draft an Action Programme to accompany the Proposed Plan;
 - prepare a schedule indicating any sites allocated in the Proposed Plan which are wholly or partly owned by the Council, to accompany the Proposed Plan; and
 - feed matters into the HwLDP review where appropriate.
- 3.3 Our report to PDI Committee will outline arrangements for consultation on the Proposed Plan and the subsequent stages, including any Examination, that will lead to adoption of CaSPlan.

4. Implications

4.1 <u>Resource</u>

Resources to deliver the Local Development Plan are available from the Development and Infrastructure Service budget.

4.2 <u>Legal</u>

There are no known legal implications arising from this report.

4.3 Equalities

An Equalities Impact Assessment screening was undertaken for the Main Issues Report and will be revisited alongside preparation of the Proposed Plan.

4.4 <u>Climate Change/Carbon Clever</u>

The MIR outlined specific options for delivering the Carbon Clever initiative that are being considered further through preparation of the Proposed Plan (and through the review of the Highland-wide Local Development Plan). A Strategic Environmental Assessment, integral to the production of the MIR, assessed the potential impacts of development options. We consulted on the Environmental Report and will prepare a Revised Environmental Report to inform final decisions on the content of the Proposed Plan, helping steer development towards the most suitable locations. We will also prepare a first draft Habitats Regulation Appraisal record.

4.5 <u>Risk</u>

There are no known risks arising from this report.

4.6 <u>Gaelic</u>

All headings in the Proposed Plan will be provided in Gaelic.

4.7 <u>Rural</u>

CaSPIan will address a range of development-related rural issues.

Recommendation

The Committee is invited to:-

- (i) note the summary of matters raised in responses to the Main Issues Report consultation and to the Additional Sites and Issues consultation, as shown in Appendix A;
- (ii) agree the contents of Appendix B as the Council's interim position on the matters raised, for referral to the Planning, Development and Infrastructure Committee on 19 August 2015 for its consideration when agreeing the content of the Proposed Plan, noting that any recommendations require an appropriate justification;
- (iii) note that the report to PDI Committee with recommendations on the contents of the Proposed Plan will also be informed by the results of ongoing environmental and other assessment; and
- (iv) agree actions leading up to the report to PDI Committee on the Proposed Plan, as set out in paragraph 3.2 of this report.

Designation: Director of Development and Infrastructure

Date: 14 May 2015

Author: Scott Dalgarno (Development Plans Manager) 01463 702592 David Cowie (Principal Planner) 01463 702827 Julie-Ann Bain, Douglas Chisholm, Craig Baxter

Background Papers:

All available on the CaSPlan website www.highland.gov.uk/casplan

CaSPlan Main Issues Report

CaSPlan Monitoring Statement

CaSPIan Environmental Report

CaSPIan MIR EQIA Screening

CaSPIan MIR responses

CaSPIan Additional Sites and Issues

CaSPIan Additional Sites and Issues responses

Appendix A: Summary of responses to CaSPlan consultations

Contents:	
Issue 1 a & b: The Vision and Strategy for Caithness & Sutherland	2
Issue 2a: Housing needs in Caithness & Sutherland	5
Issue 2b: Managing Growth	7
Issue 2c: Our Marine and Coastal Environment	9
Issue 2d: A carbon CLEVER Caithness & Sutherland	11
Issue 3: Strong & Diverse Economy	13
Issue 4: Strengthening & Supporting Communities	16
Issue 5: Getting around & Staying connected	19
Issues 6a & b: Ensuring high quality places are delivered and Special Landscape Areas	21
Issue 7: Ardgay	23
Issue 7: Bonar Bridge	26
Issue 7: Brora	28
Issue 7: Castletown	31
Issue 7: Dornoch	34
Issue 7: Edderton	38
Issue 7: Golspie	42
Issue 7: Halkirk	45
Issue 7: Helmsdale	49
Issue 7: Lairg	51
Issue 7: Lochinver	54
Issue 7: Lybster	57
Issue 7: Thurso	59
Issue 7: Tongue	80
Issue 7: Wick	83
Issue 7: Growing Settlements	89
Issue 7: Economic Development Areas	95

Issue 1 a & b: The Vision and Strategy for Caitl	hness & Sutherland
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Main Issue	The Vision and Strategy for Caithness & Sutherland		
MIR reference:	Questions 1a and 1b		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer number	·):	
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G. C. Walker (3655) Gail Brown (5129) Garry Calder (4794) Gayle Rennie (3603) George Campbell (239) George Mitchell (4688) Gill Arrowsmith (4934) Golspie High School Pa Graham Dougall (4838) Hamish Robertson (5079) Infinergy (5108) Jamie Henderson (4771) Jan Thomson-Fraser (47) Jerry Bishop (3665) Jill Falconer (3666) Joan Bishop (4896) John Barkham (4898) John Campbell (5126)	9)	Simon Stevens (4676) SportScotland (2087) Stuart Andrew (4840) Terry & Jane Clarke (3 The Abbey Group (513) The Crown Estate (483) The Highland Council The Mountaineering C (4687) The Scottish Governm The Theatres Trust (50) Thurso Bay Trading Co Ulbster Arms Ltd. and (184) William Marshall (3629) Zelda Chaikin Linekar	9380) 33) 36) CPAM Team (3627) ouncil of Scotland ent (4616) 070) o. Ltd. (2016) River Thurso Ltd.

Summary of comments received:

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the preferred vision (191 respondents): 23% strongly agreed 41% agreed 18% were neutral 11% disagreed 3% strongly disagreed and 4% didn't know

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the preferred strategy (185 respondents): 20% strongly agreed 42% agreed 17% were neutral 12% disagreed 4% strongly disagreed and

4% didn't know

Vision

Some positive feedback about the Vision (outcomes) stating that it focusses on key areas that need to be improved to sustain the area. However, a number of concerns and suggestions for strengthening were also received.

It was thought that the Vision could be stronger on: the environment in general; encouraging tourism; safeguarding local culture; long term sustainable employment; telecommunications; transport infrastructure; the importance of connections to the global economy; the potential economic role of Georgemas; local health service requirements; education; disability equality and access; creative industries, farming, crofting, forestry and offshore renewables opportunities.

There were some concerns expressed about the Vision: that a protectionalist attitude could hold the area back; the environment and heritage outcome does not refer to the environment and it should refer to "outstanding" rather than "high quality"; that it focuses on towns and villages with little on countryside opportunities; that it relies too much on the renewables sector; that it doesn't recognise the oil and gas sector specifically; that the impacts of onshore wind energy development are of concern; that onshore wind energy opportunities should be acknowledged specifically; that more is needed on how the Vision will be measured or assessed.

Comment received that the alternative vision – carrying forward the Highland wide Local Development Plan vision for Caithness and Sutherland – was more meaningful and specific.

Strategy

Some positive feedback on the strategy and map.

It was thought that the Strategy needed greater clarity: the meaning of the notations on the map and what these meant for the consideration of development proposals; whether the symbols on the map were broadly illustrative or specific; the map does not cross reference the outcomes; there would be a clearer relationship if the strategy items were listed under the four outcomes headings.

It is unclear what sectors are being referred to in the energy business expansion area. Some concern about identifying a significant part of Caithness and the potential negative impact on tourism.

It is unclear what the strategy envisages being developed along the Sustainable Rural Development Corridor.

There were a number of suggestions for additions or amendments: more needed on the assets and opportunities of the Kyle of Sutherland and the 'interior', including connections across the area; National Cycle Route 1 to be highlighted more and identified as a tourism corridor similar to the east coast; the north coast should be highlighted as a tourism corridor; the sustainable rural development corridor should be applied to all the main road routes in Sutherland or even all of Sutherland; grid connections to be added; green networks to be added; addressing coastal erosion; transport infrastructure should be improved throughout the plan area and not just along the east coast; the map underplays the extent of protected natural heritage areas and no mention of Flow Country; another tourism cluster should be identified in the Brora/Golspie area.

The preferred strategy could be stronger with regard to the role of renewables and offshore renewables. It would be appropriate for the Strategy to pick up on the energy hub area of coordinated action as identified for the Pentland Firth and Orkney Waters in National Planning Framework 3.

The key settlements indicated on the Assets and Strategy Map incorporates the Settlement Development areas and the Growing Settlements which does not suggest a priority weighting for where development should be focused.

Priority should be on long term and sustainable jobs.

Focussing new development within principle growth areas and increasing the vibrancy of town centres is key.

There is too much emphasis of the development of towns rather than all settlements.

A new element should be added to the strategy: To protect and enhance community facilities. Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

MIR Issue	Housing needs in Caithness & Sutherland		
MIR reference:	Question 2a		
List of respondents (ir	List of respondents (including customer number):		
Alexander Thomson (47 Alison Kirk (4711) Allan Tubb (5122) Altnaharra Estate Ltd. (4 Amanda Robertson (488 Andrew Gunn (3621) Andrew Smith (4703) Andrew Smith (4703) Angus Mackay (5081) ANM Group Ltd. (3689) Assynt Tourism Group (Balnagown Estates (517 Ben MacGregor (4697) Bill Badger (5021) Brian Johnston (2073) Caithness Chamber of C Caithness Horizons (20 Catherine Stewart (5098) Colin Moore (5092) David Doohan (3650) David Walker (4845) Diana Johnston (4937) Durness Community Co Durness Development (2 Elizabeth Mackay (5094) Fiona Doohan (5084) Fran Simmons (5130) G. C. Walker (3655) Gail Brown (5129) Gayle Rennie (3603) Hamish Robertson (507 Jan Thomson-Fraser (4 Jerry Bishop (3665)	4579) 99) 4938) 15) Commerce (5119) 14) 5) uncil (348) Group Ltd. (3618))	John Barkham (4898) John Campbell (5126) John Cormack (2106) John Ferguson (4698) John Inkster (4696) Les Mason (4770) Liz Rollings (4682) Lydia Popowich (4728) Lyndall Leet (3672) Martin Sutherland (4844) Melanie Spirit (4837) NDA Properties Ltd. (512) Ngaire Mingham (5097) Pierre Bale (4683) Reay Clarke (4929) Roy Lambert (4681) S. Blance Associates Ltd Scottish Water (396) Simon Stevens (4676) SportScotland (2087) Stephen Foster (3678) Terry & Jane Clarke (338) The Crown Estate (4836) The Highland Council CF The Scottish Governmer The Theatres Trust (507) Ulbster Arms Ltd. and Ri Wildland Ltd. (5114) William Marshall (3629) William Stewart (5090) Zelda Chaikin Linekar (4	28) 30)) PAM Team (3627) ht (4616) 0) iver Thurso Ltd. (184)
Summary of the comm	ents received:		

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to meeting housing land requirements (166 respondents):

29% agreed the approach will meet housing land requirements 37% thought the approach might meet housing land requirements 10% though the approach will not meet housing land requirements, and 24% didn't know

The key issues raised include:

Some support for the preferred approach.

Respondent questions how the approach will change if the housing land requirements go up or

down. States that up-to-date housing land requirement information must be used and not the current 2009 HNDA. Housing demand projections are complex and difficult to validate. Sutherland should be considered as two distinct housing areas. Greater housing land is required in the east than in the west.

Many respondents question the need for new housing (particularly in Caithness) with a declining economy and changing demographics. Some highlighted that the focus should be on attracting employment investment to the area.

There are many empty properties in Caithness. Suggestion that there should be a policy for reusing houses rather than developing onto greenfield land. Development of greenfield land over brownfield land also detracts from the appearance of the area.

Consideration should be given to allocating land for whole new communities rather than expanding existing ones.

Support for housing in and around settlements rather than in the countryside which require greater dependence on vehicular transport and service provision.

Arguments given for supporting rural housing development and smaller scale housing options.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 2b: Managing Growth

MIR Issue	Managing Growth		
MIR reference:	Question 2b		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer nu	umber):	
Alexander Thomson (47 Alison Kirk (4711) Allan Tubb (5122) Altnaharra Estate Ltd. (4 Amanda Robertson (489 Amelia Walker (4798) Assynt Tourism Group (4 Balnagown Estates (511 Ben MacGregor (4697) Bill Badger (5021) Brian Johnston (2073) Caithness Horizons (207 Catherine Stewart (5095) CH Architecture (4742) Christopher Murray (509) Durness Community Co Durness Development G G. C. Walker (3655) Gayle Rennie (3603) George Mitchell (4688) Grant Fairns (4677) Ian Walker (3658) Jan Thomson-Fraser (47) Jerry Bishop (3665) Joan Bishop (4896) John Barkham (4898) John Cormack (2106) John Ferguson (4698)	(579) 99) 4938) 5) (4) 5) (4) 5) (4) 5) (4) 5) (4) (5) (4) (5) (5) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	Liz Rollings (4682) Marion Turner (2276) Martin Sutherland (4844) NDA Properties Ltd. (5128) Pierre Bale (4683) Robert Falconer (4948) Rosehall & District Action Gi Roy Lambert (4681) Russell Smith (4930) S. Blance Associates Ltd. (4 Scott McLean (4931) Scottish Natural Heritage (20 Scottish Water (396) Simon Stevens (4676) SportScotland (2087) Stuart Nicholson (4725) Terry & Jane Clarke (3380) The Abbey Group (5133) The Crown Estate (4836) The Highland Council CPAM The Scottish Government (4 The Theatres Trust (5070) Ulbster Arms Ltd. and River William Stewart (5090) William Walker (5076)	976) 04) 1 Team (3627) 616)
Summary of the comm	ents received:	·	

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to managing growth (168 respondents):

20% strongly agreed with the approach 36% agreed 24% were neutral 8% disagreed 4% strongly disagreed, and 8% didn't know

Some of the key issues raised include:

Support for the Hinterland around Dornoch as it helps to avoid inappropriate development in the countryside.

Development should be focused towards existing settlements rather than in the wider countryside. Lack of information on improvements to community services in connection with anticipated growth in communities.

Due to the rural location many people have to use cars and cannot rely on public transport. Local communities should have a greater say in the way their communities develop.

Growth should be supported but the SDA approach is too prescriptive. More fragile communities should have greater flexibility.

Questions why many of the existing allocations have not been taken forward. Greater focus should be given on delivering development on the sites rather than providing alternatives.

Many business parks and industrial estates have vacant building and undeveloped sites. Several respondents question why more land is being allocated.

Support for Option 3 (existing approach) as take up of sites has been poor mainly due to the economic downturn. It helps provide certainty, reducing cost/risk in rural areas.

SNH are content with smaller settlements being covered by a general Growing Settlements policy but highlights that further guidance may be needed for it to ensure that development conforms with Housing in the Countryside policy. Reference is needed that development will need to accord with other general policies. It is noted that the Placemaking Priorities and Issues will be very important to ensure appropriate development.

Support shown for a more flexible approach rather than constraining development to allocated sites only.

Several respondents note the importance of protecting the landscape and natural heritage.

The Theatres Trust suggest that the Plan should recognise the role of 'community facilities' and seek to protect these facilities from development. 'Community facilities' should be included in the Glossary. Wording is suggested for inclusion in the Plan.

There should be opportunity for smaller communities to be 'growing communities'

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

MIR Issue	Our Marine and Coastal Environment		
MIR reference:	Question 2c		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer numbe	er):	
Alexander Thomson (47 Alison Kirk (4711) Allan Tubb (5122) Amelia Walker (4798) Assynt Tourism Group (Bill Badger (5021) Brian Johnston (2073) Caithness Chamber of C Caithness Horizons (207 Colin Moore (5092) David Walker (4845) Diana Johnston (4937) Donald Robson (5078) DP Marine Energy (5086) Durness Development C G. C. Walker (3655) Gary Parker (4739) Gayle Rennie (3603) George Mitchell (4688) Jan Thomson-Fraser (47 John Barkham (4898) John Cormack (2106) John Ferguson (4698) Kenneth Nicol (4944) Lesley Cranna (4846)	4938) Commerce (5119) 14) 6) Group Ltd. (3618) 712)	Liz Rollings (4682) Liz Wassall (4839) Lyndall Leet (3672) Martin Sutherland (4844 Melanie Spirit (4837) Migdale Smolt Ltd. (468 NDA Properties Ltd. (51 Pierre Bale (4683) Robert Falconer (4948) Robert Wylie (4684) Rosemary MacRae (468 Roy Lambert (4681) Scottish Natural Heritag Scottish Salmon Produc (5120) Scottish Southern Elect Scottish Water (396) Sheila Finlayson (3681) Sport Scotland (2087) Terry & Jane Clarke (33 The Crown Estate (4830 The Mountaineering Co (4687) The Theatres Trust (507)	30) 328) 93) ge (204) cers Organisation ric PLC (5109) 380) 6) uncil of Scotland 70)

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to marine and coastal development (165 respondents): 51% agreed with the approach 32% were neutral

9% disagreed, and 8% didn't know

General

Several respondents raised the potential for conflicts between oil & gas, marine renewables and traditional coastal and marine industries, suggesting a careful balance was required. A new community-owned harbour was suggested for Loch Eriboll, and it was suggested that CaSPlan should support marine-based tourism and develop existing harbours for ferry and cruise uses.

Marine Renewables

A large number of respondents were positive about the approach to supporting marine renewables, citing the importance of attracting this growing industry to the Plan area, and the potential jobs it could bring.

Several respondents supported the option for adopting the Pentland Firth and Orkney Waters Pilot Marine Spatial Plan, and several suggested the need for a bespoke offshore renewables policy,

some for a specific tidal energy policy, and it was suggested the Council invest in schemes as a means of generating revenue.

A number of respondents did not support the idea of identifying sites for onshore infrastructure for offshore renewables, stating that this could be premature and create an overly restrictive approach. The suggested alternative was for a policy-based approach, and respondents supported a HwLDP general policy rather than site-based allocations in CaSPlan.

Conservation and Environment

It was suggested that local groups and organisations should be engaged to identify key coastal and marine environmental issues; one suggestion was for a moratorium on coastal development, and some respondents suggested prioritising marine environmental protection.

Coastal erosion and the threats it poses to coastal communities were raised as an issue by some respondents, Golspie was mentioned specifically by some.

A moratorium on scallop dredging was also suggested.

Aquaculture

Several respondents highlighted aquaculture as an important industry in the Plan area. There was a suggestion for a bespoke policy on freshwater aquaculture.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 2d: A carbon CLEVER Caithness & Sutherland

MIR Issue	A carbon CLEVER (Caithness & Sutherland	
MIR reference:	Question 2d		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer nu	ımber):	
Alexander Thomson (47 Allan Tubb (5122) Altnaharra Estate Ltd. (4 Amelia Walker (4798) Andrew Mackay (4705) Angus Mackay (5081) Assynt Tourism Group (6 Balnagown Estates (511 Ben MacGregor (4697) Bill Badger (5021) Brian Johnston (2073) Caithness Biodiversity G Caithness Horizons (207 Catherine Stewart (5095) CH Architecture (4742) Colin Moore (5092) Culgower House B&B (5 David Doohan (3650) Donald Robson (5078) DP Marine Energy (5086) Durness Development G Elizabeth Mackay (5094) Fiona Doohan (5084) G. C. Walker (3655) Gayle Rennie (3603) George Mitchell (4688) Hamish Robertson (5077) Harold Flane (5110) Ian Walker (3658) Infinergy (5108) Jan Thomson-Fraser (47) Jerry Bishop (3665) Jill Falconer (3666) John Barkham (4898)	4938) 5) Group (4726) (4) 5) 6082) 6) Group Ltd. (3618))	John Cormack (2106) John Ferguson (4698) John Swanson (2112) John Swanson (5116) Kenneth Nicol (4944) Laid Grazings & Community Lesley Cranna (4846) Liz Rollings (4682) Liz Wassall (4839) Lyndall Leet (3672) Marion Turner (2276) Martin Sutherland (4844) Melanie Spirit (4837) Migdale Smolt Ltd. (4680) NDA Properties Ltd. (5128) Pierre Bale (4683) Robert Falconer (4948) Scottish Natural Heritage (24) Scottish Natural Heritage (24) Scottish Southern Electric P Scottish Water (396) Sharon Lennie (4745) SportScotland (2087) Stephen Foster (3678) Terry & Jane Clarke (3380) The Abbey Group (5133) The Crown Estate (4836) The Mountaineering Counci The Scottish Government (4 The Theatres Trust (5070) William Marshall (3629) William Walker (5076)	04) LC (5109) I of Scotland (4687)
Summary of the comments received:			

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to planning for a low carbon Caithness and Sutherland (170 respondents):

51% agreed with the approach 31% were neutral 10% disagreed, and 8% didn't know

Generally much support for the preferred approach to planning for a low carbon Caithness and Sutherland; however many do not want the emphasis solely on windfarms.

A large number of people do not want to see more onshore windfarm developments due to: the potential impact on the natural beauty of the area and potential knock-on effect to tourism; the large subsidies required to make them viable. General feeling that there are enough windfarms in Caithness and Sutherland.

General support for offshore wind generation and tidal development.

There were a number of suggestions for additions and amendments: the Council should take the lead in imposing higher insulation standards for any new or modified buildings; rising sea levels; no more large developments on peatlands such as forestry and windfarms; carbon clever transport possibilities such as public transport timings to allow connectivity of services and park and ride/share facilities; encouraging a wood fuel industry within Sutherland rather timber being transported out of the area for processing; encourage energy hungry industries to the area; nuclear technology; plan should ne aiming for zero carbon not low carbon; more trees should be planted; strengthen requirement for heat maps to be use din preparation of LDPs.

There is no mention of a policy for solid waste disposal and how it will be managed.

Low zero carbon heating systems should be encouraged however there is risk involved in investing in new and untested technology.

It is essential that a robust policy framework is put in place for any further development of onshore wind energy in Caithness and Sutherland, including issues such as landscape capacity, cumulative limit and protection of wild land character.

Questioning need to cover this strategic issue within CaSPlan, it should be dealt with via the Highland wide Local Development Plan, with a common approach across the Highland area.

Local construction aggregate supply is not addressed.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 3: Strong & Diverse Economy

MIR Issue	Strong & Diverse Ec	onomy	
MIR reference:	Question 3		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer nu	mber):	
Akke Parkin (4933) Alexander Thomson (472 Alison Kirk (4711) Allan Tubb (5122) Altnaharra Estate Ltd. (4 Amanda Robertson (489 Amelia Walker (4798) Andrew Gunn (3621) Assynt Tourism Group (4 Ben MacGregor (4697) Bill Badger (5021) Brian Johnston (2073) Caithness Chamber of C Caithness Horizons (201 Campbell Cooper (4686) Carol Paterson (3304) Catherine Stewart (5095) CH Architecture (4742) Claire Cairns (5096) Colin Moore (5092) Colin Paterson (2032) Culgower House B&B (5) Diana Johnston (4937) DP Marine Energy (5086) Durness Development G Elizabeth Mackay (5094) Fran Simmons (5130) G. C. Walker (3655) Gayle Rennie (3603) Golspie High School Par Ian Walker (3658) Infinergy (5108) Jan Thomson-Fraser (47 Jerry Bishop (3665) Jill Falconer (3666) Joan Bishop (4896) John Barkham (4898) John Cormack (2106)	579) 9) 4938) commerce (5119) 4)) 082) ;) roup Ltd. (3618)	John Ferguson (4698) John Inkster (4696) John Swanson (5116) Les Mason (4770) Liz Wassall (4839) Lyndall Leet (3672) Marion Turner (2276) Martin Bridge (4724) Martin Sutherland (4844) Melanie Spirit (4837) Ngaire Mingham (5097) Pierre Bale (4683) Rhys Reid (5066) Robert Falconer (4948) Roy Lambert (4681) Scott Coghill (4685) Scott McLean (4931) Scottish Natural Heritage (2 Scottish Natural Heritage (2 Scottish Southern Electric I Scottish Water (396) Sharon Lennie (4745) Simon Stevens (4676) SportScotland (2087) Stuart Andrew (4840) Terry & Jane Clarke (3380) The Crown Estate (4836) The Mountaineering Counce The Scottish Government (The Theatres Trust (5070) Thurso Bay Trading Co. Lte Ulbster Arms Ltd. and Rive Wildland Ltd. (5114) William Marshall (3629) William Walker (5076) Zelda Chaikin Linekar (470	PLC (5109) cil of Scotland (4687) (4616) d. (2016) r Thurso Ltd. (184)

Summary of the comments received:

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to delivering employment (168 respondents):

21% strongly agreed 42% agreed 20% were neutral 9% disagreed 2% strongly disagreed, and 5% didn't know

Employment

Suggestions made that CaSPlan should also indicate the need to focus not only on Renewables and Tourism but also other sectors: Oil; Fishing; Knowledge; Timber; Creative Industries and Information Technology.

A number of respondents state that the tourism industry can be an important growth sector in the area.

Arguments both for and against being flexible about employment-generating use types within Business Parks, etc.

Several respondents stated that businesses should be encouraged to develop on brownfield sites rather than allocating more greenfield land for development.

Suggested that a need to be able to respond faster and more flexibly to economic development needs.

Suggested that the Plan should provide clarity of policy for rural economic development.

A number of factors were suggested which could assist economic growth and jobs prospects: improved transport links; long term jobs not short term contracts; a major Government project to replace Dounreay e.g. a new nuclear power station; Community Benefit funds used to increase employment opportunities; more support for small industries; not focussing solely on one industry; processing produce locally; enticing development; consideration not only of the number of jobs but also of their value; calling for local jobs in large developments; using IT and communications technology to facilitate local employment development in Growing Communities; consideration of the impacts of the Council's own employment decisions, especially on small and fragile communities; attracting teachers, surgeons, hospital staff and other professionals the others will follow.

Marine Renewables generally supported more than Onshore Wind, but concerns that may be relied upon more than it can deliver in terms of jobs; reference should be made to benefits of a collaborative approach with Orkney Islands Council; uncertainties indicate need for a flexible approach to the sector, but need for clarity in the approach to marine renewables related proposals on non-allocated land and some are against this approach. Many respondents expressed concern about the speed at which the marine renewables industry is progressing.

Arguments both for and against restricting employment developments to allocated sites. The Crown Estate highlight that the Plan should recognise that onshore facilities for the marine renewables sector is uncertain and a flexible approach is required.

Reference should be made to the 'Flow to the Future Project', the 'Dornoch Economic Masterplan' and to University of the Highlands and Islands opportunities.

Some comment that parts of the John O'Groats Masterplan are going well whilst some parts are less so.

Recognise the role of town centres in supporting a diverse economy, and the role as hubs for a range of activities.

Locational benefits of the area can support renewables sector and should be capitalised upon through an appropriate supporting policy framework for renewables.

Several respondents stated that the priority should be on job creation over other issues.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 4: Strengthening & Supporting Communities

MIR Issue	Strengthening & Supporting Communities			
MIR reference:	Question 4			
List of respondents (in	cluding customer num	ber):		
MIR reference:Question 4List of respondents (including customer number):Akke Parkin (4933)John Cormack (2106)Alexander Thomson (4729)John Ferguson (4698)Alison Kirk (4711)Laid Grazings & Community Committee (5023)Allan Tubb (5122)Lisa Poulsen (4773)Amelia Walker (4798)Liz Rollings (4682)Andrew Gunn (3621)Liz Wassall (4839)Assynt Tourism Group (4938)Lyndall Leet (3672)Bill Badger (5021)Marin Sutherland (4844)Caithness Chamber of Commerce (5119)Matrin Sutherland (4844)Caithness Horizons (2014)NDA Properties Ltd. (5128)Campbell Cooper (4686)Network Rail (4974)Catherine Stewart (5095)Pierre Bale (4683)CH Architecture (4742)Rosemary MacRae (4693)Colin Moore (5092)S. Blance Associates Ltd. (4976)David Walker (4845)Scott Coghill (4685)Durness Community Council (348)SportScotland (2087)Durness Development Group Ltd. (3618)Stephen Foster (3878)G. C. Walker (3653)Terry & Jane Clarke (3380)Gayle Rennie (3603)The Scottish Government (4616)George Mitchell (4688)The Theatres Trust (5070)Gordon Johnson (4679)Thurso Bay Trading Co. Ltd. (2016)Juli Falconer (3666)William Stewart (5090)Jan Thomson-Fraser (4712)William Stewart (5090)Juli Falconer (3666)William Stewart (5090)			8) 3) . (4976) 0) t (4616)))	
Summary of the comm	Summary of the comments received:			

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the preferred approach to delivering growing communities and promoting and protecting settlement centres (162 respondents):

11% strongly agreed45% agreed28% were neutral5% disagreed2% strongly disagreed, and9% didn't know

General

One size does not fit all – Caithness and Sutherland differ, with a diverse array of communities. Churches should be allowed/encouraged to access funding resources for repairs, maintenance and extensions – they play an active community role/contribution/use and would provide jobs for locals.

Little evidence of communities losing population – traffic is increasing and housing prices rising.

Growth is unlikely after Dounreay ceases.

Lack of demand for houses - enough land already allocated.

Don't build on green belts but use outlaying areas.

It is difficult to have rigid planning and have flexibility for those who wish to develop their own sites outwith land-banked areas.

Growing Communities Outcome

Generally much support for the principles of strengthening growing communities and promoting growth within existing communities.

Growing Communities need: work, transport links, public transport (e.g. Kyle of Sutherland to Dornoch), affordable and sustainable transport, schools, welfare, NHS, 24hr A+E, facilities for all ages, investment.

Need sensitivity in order to preserve north highlands, and do not forget the west coast.

Settlement Centres

In favour of re-use of vacant and derelict properties around centres (e.g. Thurso).

Protecting settlement centres will provide difficult balancing with economic arguments.

Town centre shops face great competition from online shopping and home delivery – if cannot compete, will not attract footfall.

Focus should be expanded to cover smaller settlements.

The MIR says it wants to develop town centres yet identifies development land outwith the town centre, which is contradictory.

Agree with promotion and protection of settlement centres, sequential approach and preference for brownfield first.

Preserve existing assets.

Landowner's proposals for new hotel/leisure in Thurso would help the town.

Re-use and redevelopment is welcomed, providing it retains character of the locality.

SPP requires preparation of a town centre health check, a strategy to deliver improvements and inclusion of spatial elements of town centre strategies in the development plan (LDP or SG).

If the identification of community projects and recycling of disused buildings can be tailored to help, that would be great. Resist idea of too much centralisation.

Lady Ross and adjacent site in centre of Ardgay needs planned regeneration, with preparation of a Council-led development brief.

Developments must be thoroughly planned and costed – implementation must be right and consideration given to existing housing and businesses.

Proposed Policy – Promoting and Protecting Settlement Centres

Support for preferred option as it will sustain the development of public transport infrastructure.

The Council could consider supplementing the suggested policy with reference to encouraging a mix of uses, throughout the day and into the evening.

Some concerns about the proposal to encourage conversion of redundant retail space to residential and community use, as outright conversion (particularly to residential) is likely to impact on potential future business growth. Therefore would prefer an amended version that has conversion to residential use only considered as a last resort.

Town Centre Living is one of the strands of the national Town Centres Action Plan and the Proposed Plan should support this theme.

The policy should also include the protection and enhancement of important community facilities. A supermarket on the edge of Golspie would be damaging.

Agree that properties could be re-used for housing and this should be encouraged.

Services

A9 improvements are needed – and improvements should be maximised at every opportunity. The assumption that if you provide the facilities they will be used is sadly flawed as evidenced by those settlements that have good facilities but which are underused.

Need professionals (teachers, hospital staff, etc) to come to the area first, to improve it, then others may be enticed north; keep hospitals open and improve the college.

Need employment for existing residents.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 5: Getting around & Staying connected

MIR Issue	Getting around & Staying connected		
MIR reference:	Question 5		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer	number):	
Akke Parkin (4933) Alexander Thomson (47 Alison Kirk (4711) Allan Tubb (5122) Altnaharra Estate Ltd. (4 Amelia Walker (4798) Angus Mackay (5081) Ben MacGregor (4697) Bill Badger (5021) Bill Mowat (1365) Brian Johnston (2073) Caithness Chamber of C Caithness Horizons (207 Catherine Stewart (5095 CH Architecture (4742) Colin Moore (5092) Culgower House B&B (5 Donald Robson (5078) Durness Development C G. C. Walker (3655) Gail Brown (5129) Gayle Rennie (3603) George Mitchell (4688) Gill Arrowsmith (4934) Golspie High School Pa (4723) Ian Walker (3658) Jan Thomson-Fraser (47	1579) Commerce (5119) 14) 5) 5082) uncil (348) Group Ltd. (3618) Froup Ltd. (3618)	Jerry Bishop (3665) Joan Bishop (4896) John Barkham (4898) John Cormack (2106) John Ferguson (4698) Kenneth Nicol (4944) Laid Grazings & Community Co Les Mason (4770) Marion Turner (2276) Martin Sutherland (4844) Melanie Spirit (4837) NDA Properties Ltd. (5128) Network Rail (4974) Ngaire Mingham (5097) Pierre Bale (4683) Robert Falconer (4948) Robert Wylie (4684) Roy Lambert (4681) Russell Smith (4930) Scottish Natural Heritage (204) Scottish Natural Heritage (204) Scottish Water (396) Simon Stevens (4676) SportScotland (2087) Terry & Jane Clarke (3380) The Crown Estate (4836) The Scottish Government (461) The Theatres Trust (5070) Tina Irving (3617) Victoria Mackay (5123) William Stewart (5090) William Walker (5076)	

Summary of the comments received:

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to getting around and staying connected (161 respondents):

19% strongly agreed 46% agreed 24% were neutral 3% disagreed 3% strongly disagreed, and 6% didn't know

General

Several respondents suggested that Scottish Government be lobbied by the Council for road, rail and communications infrastructure improvements.

Limitations to rural transport were raised by several respondents as key issues, including the CaSPlan strategy map appearing to focus transport to the east coast. Several respondents noted the limitation to transport and connectivity of the NW coast of Sutherland.

Strategic transport links and the condition and maintenance of existing roads were raised as issues, particularly in relation to minimising journey times and ensuring safe travel routes.

A range of specific road, rail, active travel and communications infrastructure improvements were suggested (e.g. North Highland Way; A9 safety in settlements; need for improved mobile phone network coverage; Georgemas Rail Station).

Concerns were raised about the future of rural and dispersed communities, with a strategy focused on focusing development to larger settlements, citing the importance of maintaining connectivity for smaller communities.

Several other recommendations were made including: identifying developer requirements, using the Scottish Government's Good Practice Guide and planning circulars 6/2013 and 3/2012; recognising strategic stopping points for bus tours in Caithness; assessing impacts of new site allocations on increased use of level crossings; further information should be gathered on the use of different transport modes to identify future strategies, and using the *Connect Europe Facility* for integrated planning of infrastructure.

Internet

A large number of respondents supported the roll out of high speed broadband in the Plan area.

Several respondents highlighted that other forms of connectivity (private and public transport) are needed to support growth resulting from broadband investment, e.g. tourism.

Public Transport & Active Travel

A large number of respondents highlighted the need for improved public transport in the area, suggesting that the existing services linked to the high dependency on private transport.

A number of respondents agreed that there were opportunities for active travel in the area, but highlighted that there were many areas and opportunities for improvement.

There was general support for the improvement and increase in number of active travel routes including paths and cycle routes and tracks, and support for the plan identifying aspirational path routes.

It was suggested that the multi-functioning role of green networks be used to help facilitate new active travel routes in the Plan, and that developer contributions could be used to realise these routes.

Several respondents cited *Transport for Tongue* as a good example of community-led public transport.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issues 6a & b: Ensuring high quality places are delivered and Special Landscape Areas

MIR Issues	Ensuring high quality places are delivered and Special Landscape Areas		
MIR reference:	Questions 6a & 6b		
List of respondents (in	List of respondents (including customer number):		
Akke Parkin (4933)		John Inkster (4696)	
Alexander Thomson (47	29)	Kathleen Cunningham (4699))
Alison Kirk (4711)		Kenneth Nicol (4944)	
Allan Tubb (5122)		Laid Grazings & Community (Committee (5023)
Altnaharra Estate Ltd. (4	1579)	Les Mason (4770)	
Assynt Tourism Group (4938)	Liz Rollings (4682)	
Ben MacGregor (4697)		Liz Wassall (4839)	
Bill Badger (5021)		Lyndall Leet (3672)	
Bill Mowat (1365)		Martin Sutherland (4844)	
Brian Johnston (2073) Melanie Spirit (4837)			
Caithness Biodiversity C		NDA Properties Ltd. (5128)	
Caithness Horizons (2014)		Ngaire Mingham (5097)	
Campbell Cooper (4686)		Reay Clarke (4929)	
Catherine Stewart (5095	5)	Robert Falconer (4948)	
CH Architecture (4742)		Rosemary MacRae (4693)	
Culgower House B&B (5	5082)	Roy Lambert (4681)	
David Doohan (3650)		Scott Coghill (4685)	
Donald Robson (5078)	" (0 (0)	Scottish Natural Heritage (20	
Durness Community Co	uncil (348)	Scottish Southern Electric PLC (5109)	
G. C. Walker (3655)		Scottish Water (396)	
Gayle Rennie (3603)		SportScotland (2087)	
George Campbell (239)		Stephen Foster (3678)	
George Mitchell (4688)		Terry & Jane Clarke (3380)	
Infinergy (5108)	710)	The Crown Estate (4836)	
Jan Thomson-Fraser (4	<i>(</i> 1 <i>∠</i>)	The Scottish Government (46 The Theatres Trust (5070)	(010)
Jerry Bishop (3665) Joan Bishop (4896)		Thurso Bay Trading Co. Ltd.	(2016)
John Barkham (4898)		Victoria Mackay (5123)	(2010)
John Cormack (2106)		William Stewart (5090)	
John Ferguson (4698)			
Summary of the comments received:			
Summary of the comments received.			

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to delivering high quality places (Issue 6a) (158 respondents):

24% strongly agreed42% agreed21% were neutral2% disagreed4% strongly disagreed, and7% didn't know

Of those respondents that indicated their opinion to the multiple choice options on the suggested approach to Special Landscape Areas (Issue 6b) (161 respondents):

19% strongly agreed 33% agreed

29% were neutral 2% disagreed 5% strongly disagreed, and 12% didn't know

General

Suggestion that the Plan needs to identify green networks for principal larger settlements, and possibly green corridors outwith those, and to manage access for visitors, providing a path network and other facilities across the area to link Special Landscape Areas.

Conservation Areas

There were suggestions that CaSPlan should enable review of conservation areas including conservation area character appraisals, and ensure that important areas are conserved.

Design

Comments were raised about ensuring policies present a creative and flexible design statement to ensure high quality design, create high quality places on high quality sites, and ensure places are not created that price local people out of the market.

Special Landscape Areas & Natural Heritage Issues

There was general support for the SLA preferred amendments, but some concerns were expressed about SLA policy: some suggested the policy needs to better protect SLAs, whilst others raised concerns about further restriction on development particularly outwith the SLAs, and comment was also made about the need to have a clear definition of what an SLA is.

A number of additional areas were suggested for new or extended Special Landscape Areas: Erriboll (extend to include west side); Farr Bay (extend to include whole); Thurso Bay and/or Pennyland; Stroma and East Caithness Coast; all of Caithness and Sutherland Coast, Duncansbay Head

Some concerns were expressed about the preferred option for extending SLA at Dunnet Head, if restricts ability to land cables at that point.

It was suggested that whilst SLAs should be safeguarded, access to them by the public and tourists should be encouraged to celebrate their qualities. It was also suggested that the Plan recognises the important landscape designations in the area (e.g. Kyle of Tongue NSA); safeguards geological and archaeological sites; and recognises the role of Local Biodiversity Action Plans.

Prioritising the carbon sink role of Peatlands, safeguarding freshwater lochs from impacts of development and a clear Wild Land policy were also highlighted as key factors.

Other Issues

consider a strategy to address the 'temporary' nature of many existing buildings at John O' Groats Concerns were expressed about: preserving a place in aspic which could stifle growth; the impacts of onshore wind energy developments; the allocation of sensitive sites for development. Suggestion for removing open space from settlements and instead creating larger plot sizes between houses.

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Ardgay

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future?		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Ardgay		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer nu	mber):	
Ardgay Stores and Highl CH Architecture (4742) David Catto (3649) Gregor Macleod (5246) Marion Turner (2276)	rict Community Council (326) nd Highland Café (5243)Rosemary MacRae (4693)(4742) (9)Scottish Environment Protection Agency (3115)(5246)SNH (204)Strutt and Parker on behalf of Balnagown Estates		
Summary of the comm	ents received:		
Sutherland Local Plan sl	hould be carried forwar ion identified in the SE	eveloper requirements for allo d as appropriate. This should A Environmental Report, inclu ntal Report. (204)	d be augmented as
The centre of Ardgay is i	in need of attention. (47	742)	
Ardgay is on the A836 a service to Inverness and		e that it has a railway station Coute 1. (2276, 326)	with a commuter train
Remove reference to discouraging piecemeal development between Lower Gledfield and Ardgay. (2276, 326)			
Not enough land has been identified for growth; one housing site is identified yet there is a commuter rail link to Easter Ross and Inverness. If more housing land is made available it may encourage more people to live in Ardgay and commute. This would then improve the viability of the rail link, local services including broadband and transport links, in turn strengthening the community. (2276)			
Supports the identification	on of Ardgay as a settle	ement. (5115)	
The introduction should waste water drainage. (3		ent requiring all allocations to	connect to public
Need to integrate transport so buses and trains are timed to meet each other. Lack of disabled access onto trains. Dangerous access to/from the station. (326)			
No safe route to school a	as no crossing or patro	l for children (326)	
Improve pavements and create pedestrian links through the village. (326)			
Highlight and improve the pedestrian/cycle link between Ardgay and Bonar Bridge, especially in light of the new Youth Group facility at South Bonar Industrial Estate. (326)			
Long term empty school	house is an issue. (32	6)	

Placemaking Priorities

Remove "Focus housing development beside the school", as it is too restrictive. (2276)

Add: Village centre regeneration; additional tourist facilities; Assist and promote economic development; Identify a range of sites for housing; Identify sites for business/industry; lack of public parking (2276, 326)

Add: Avoid any adverse effect on Dornoch Firth and Morrich More SAC (including otter). (204)

AG01 Adjacent to Primary School and north of Church Street

Ridiculous that a greenfield site is being proposed when there is a suitable brownfield site located in the centre of the village (Lady Ross site). (4693)

Developing beside the school would have significant traffic impacts on an already narrow and busy road. (4693)

The rational for AG01 makes no sense as housing beside the school will require virtually no active travel for school pupils but will result in many car journeys to the village. (2276)

The area immediately beside the school boundary wall should be taken into Council ownership. A road access should be formed at the bend in Church Street where visibility is good. The area of land beside the school boundary should be made into car parking, a gate through the boundary wall would allow passage to and from this car park without recourse to the road. The current car parking layby in Church Street should be turned into a hard surface play area. This new carpark could be used by parents and staff. (326)

AG02 Ardgay Railway Station Yard North

Would be equally good as a housing site. (4742) This site should not be included. It has been suggested for years and Network Rail has always said no as the area is required for railway purposes. (326)

AG03 Ardgay Railway Station Yard South

Would be equally good as a housing site. (4742)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Need to include a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. Mitigation measures proposed in the Environmental Report to protect the watercourse should be included in the Proposed Plan. (3115) This land has been used for business activity for some time therefore there is no reason to continue this as an allocation. (326)

Lady Ross Site

Site has the infrastructure and space to support development. (4693)

This should be highlighted as a potential development area. (4742, 326)

This should be included as a site for mixed use for housing, tourism, open space, business, access, community. (2276, 326)

Site Behind Ardgay Public Hall

This should be included as a site for mixed use for tourism, open space, business, access and community. (326)

ADDITONAL SITES

Lady Ross Site

Concerned about the condition the building is in. Tiles have been removed from the stone barn and it is likely that bats use the building. The centre of Ardgay would benefit from a tourist information centre and perhaps facilities for local people to promote their produce and services. There is already ample housing stock in the area. (5204)

Concerned about the condition the building is in and there appears to be no plan for its future. Would welcome redevelopment of the site for housing. (5242)

Site should be used for affordable housing/flats and a self catering hostel to help encourage tourists back to the area. (5243)

The building is an eyesore and should be flattened and replaced with a new tourist shop and parking. (3649)

Building is an eyesore and should be removed. Use for either housing, flats or a caravan/tenting site. (5246)

Site Behind Ardgay Public Hall

There is already ample housing stock in the area. (5204)

Land should be given to the hall to help with the parking issues. (5243)

Would be best used for parking. The Council maintains it but the picnic area is never used. (3649)

Land should be used for parking. (5244)

Land should be made into a hard standing for car parking. (5246)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Bonar Bridge

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Bonar Bridge		
List of respondents (including customer number):			
Ardgay and District Cor CH Architecture (4742) Creich Community Cou Historic Scotland (4616 Joan Bishop (4896) John Cormack (2106) Marion Turner (2276) Scottish Environment P SNH (204)	ncil (4930)		
Summary of the comments received:			
General	colonment factors and developer requirements for all		

Mitigation set out in development factors and developer requirements for allocations in the current Sutherland Local Plan should be carried forward as appropriate. This should be augmented as necessary by the mitigation identified in the SEA Environmental Report, including mitigation identified in SNH's response to the Environmental Report. (204)

Welcomes the recognition of the opportunity for the redevelopment of the Category B listed Old Migdale Hospital. A re-use for this property could be supported by providing a development brief for the site and identifying it as a placemaking priority. (4616)

The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage. (3115)

Settlement boundary is drawn too close in to the existing housing which does not allow much scope for enlargement however a decision on where to redraw the boundary would depend on land being put forward for development. Future developments should not be discarded solely because they lie outwith the current settlement boundary. (4930)

Placemaking Priorities

Add the following: Avoid any adverse effect on Dornoch Firth and Morrich More SAC (including otter) and River Oykel SAC. (204)

"Develop remainder of Cherry Grove site before identifying other land" seems overly reactive and negative. Whilst no other land was put forward for development, we should allow for other development to go ahead if sites are identified. Perhaps there could be two separate priorities: develop reminder of Cherry Grove site; and identify other land for housing. (4930)

BB01 Cherry Grove

Site boundary on north east should extend up to the houses which face the playing fields.(4742)

A design statement should be required, including a landscaping plan which could include tree planting along field boundaries and within open space. Particular care needs to be given to the eastern part of the site, which is the most elevated and over which key views from the Migdale Road across the NSA pass (see Sutherland Housing Landscape Capacity Study, Map 45). (204)

Part of the site may be at risk from flooding from a watercourse. Add a Developer Requirement

for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

BB02 South Bonar Industrial Estate

The statement 'consolidate industrial estate' is vague. (4742)

The site is already fully developed. (4742)

There is no mention of the new Youth Centre which already has planning permission. (4896)

The current appearance of South Bonar Industrial Estate is a detractor of the Dornoch Firth NSA (to which it is adjacent), given the overall scenic location of the vicinity. Any further development here should be regarded as an opportunity to enhance the visual impact of the site. The LDP should therefore require a high standard of design, incorporating landscaping and screen planting. (204)

South Bonar Industrial Estate is in Ardgay and District Community Council Area. There should be further work done to enlarge and develop this site for business/industry. (2276)

This site is at risk of flooding from both the river and the sea. Add the following developer requirements: industrial use only; development limited to previously developed areas; and Flood Risk Assessment to inform layout and mitigation measures. (3115)

This site lies within Ardgay and District Community Council area and is mature and stable in its usage. There has been examination of this area in the past and evidence of this is the stone wall which fronts the site. There seems to be no purpose to including the site without suggestions for changes in the inclusive area, service provision and for industrial/commercial demand. (326)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Brora

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future			
MIR reference:	Question 7: Brora			
List of respondents (including customer number):				
Allan Tubb (5122) Brora Community Council (334) Duncan Allen (5058) Iain M Sutherland (3657) Joan Daniels (5197) John Cormack (2106) Kathleen Cunningham (4699) Network Rail (4974) Scottish Environment Protection Agency (3115) SNH (204)				
Sportscotland (2087) Transport Scotland (3636)				
Summary of the comments received:				
General Mitigation set out in development factors and developer requirements for allocations in the current Sutherland Local Plan should be carried forward as appropriate. This should be augmented as necessary by the mitigation identified in the SEA Environmental Report, including mitigation identified in SNH's response to the Environmental Report. (204)				
Support the housing areas identified in the Main Issues Report. (334)				
A national supermarket should not be stopped from coming to Sutherland in order to protect small grocers as shoppers are already going to Ross-shire for supermarkets. A protectionist attitude holds back progress in Sutherland. (5058)				
Community facilities (in Dornoch, Golspie and Brora) do not match those in places such as Dingwall and Alness. Consideration should be given to developing at least one community recreation and leisure facility to serve East Sutherland. The need in the wider community for at least one modern outdoor recreational facility should be evaluated. (5122)				
The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage. (3115)				
Placemaking priorities Retain "Regenerate town centre". (assumed) (334)				
BR01 East Brora Muir A community development could be shown as a use. (334)				
BR02 Rosslyn Street Site is adjacent to Inverbrora SSSI as identified in the SEA; development here should be confined to the present plot boundary in order to avoid any incursion into The SSSI. (204)				
Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new developments should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)				

BR04 Former Radio Station

Why has housing been removed from the list of uses (assumed)? (4699)

This is adjacent to Inverbrora SSSI. Any development should be inland of the coastal footpath. Prominent site so a design statement should be required for development, with a preference for low rise and low density building design. (204)

As owners of the site, would like housing to be added to the potential uses, to leave more options open for the site. Excluding housing as a use restricts the viability of the area. The site was previously used as a repository for a furniture removal business, but is now surplus to requirements. The local economy is fragile and it would benefit everyone if the area around the site was tidied up. The area is often used for wild camping so could potentially operate a small caravan site in the grounds and use toilet facilities within the exiting building. If a caravan site was successful it may require a warden to live on site and a permanent dwelling would be required. Another use could be to develop a retirement area similar to the one at Barbaraville in Ross-shire. This would enhance the local area, provide employment and is a much needed facility. It may also be possible to use all or part of the Radio Station site as a residential home and have small, single storey houses on the adjoining land. (3657)

Support keeping site in plan, but housing should be added to the list of uses. (334)

Main access to site is over Brora LX AOCL crossing. Any proposal will require the developer to assess the impact on the crossing in a Transport Assessment so that level crossing risk is updated. Additional safety measures may be required. Other access to the sites is through a single lane underbridge. (4974)

Consider the retention and redevelopment for historical heritage. (5122)

Part of the site is at risk of flooding from the sea. Add a Developer Requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. The specific coastal processes mitigation outlined in the Environmental Report should become a developer requirement. (3115)

BR06 Former MacKay's Garage

Part of this site may be at risk of flooding from the river and the sea. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area to be shown at risk of flooding. (3115)

BR10 Tordale

There are features of local biodiversity/landscape value here (scrub covered bank that divides site, drystone dykes along Braambury Road) which should be maintained if the non-preferred status of the site is altered. (204)

BR11 Former River Fascally recreation area

This site should be considered for recreation use. (5122)

Upper Fascally (new site)

This land could be shown as suitable for regeneration/recreational purposes. (4699, 334)

Harbour and adjacent area

Would like to see this identified in plan for regeneration. (334)

Brora Station and Goods Shed

Would like to see regeneration of the Station and removal of the Goods Shed for extra carparking close to the surgery. (334)

Coastal erosion

Coastal erosion should be dealt with in the plan. (4699, 334)

ADDITONAL SITES

BR01 East Brora Muir (housing/community)

Additional use of community could possibly add to traffic using the sole access with the A9 (T) in this part of Brora. Discussions may be required with Transport Scotland on any further development using this access to ensure continued safe and efficient operation. (3636)

There are already lots of houses for sale in Brora, many for more than one year. I wanted to enhance part of my garden but was refused. My house has a public path, the length of my home and garden, this has been altered to a vehicle road and a street lamp put at the rear of my garage, I was never advised about this, I am surrounded by barbed wire fences, and left with an eye-sore. (5197)

Upper Fascally

The south eastern boundary of the site lies close to the River Brora and SEPA Flood Map. Need a Developer Requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) and that no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

Sportscotland acknowledges that there are no clear plans as to how the site may be redeveloped. SPP safeguards outdoor sports facilities from development, unless one of the following conditions is met (paragraph 226): - The proposed development is ancillary to the principal use of the site as an outdoor sports facility: - The proposed development involves a minor part of the outdoor sports facility and would not affect its use and potential for sport and training; - The outdoor sports facility which would be lost would be replaced either by a new facility of comparable or greater benefit for sport in a location which is convenient for its users, or by the upgrading of an existing outdoor sports facility to provide a facility of better quality on the same site or at another location that is convenient for its users and which maintains or improves the overall playing capacity in the area; or - The relevant strategy and consultation with sportscotland show that there is a clear excess of provision to meet current and anticipated demand in the area, and that the site could be developed without detriment to the overall quality of provision. Sportscotland recommends: retention of the outdoor sports facility for that use; or as part of the LDP process, consideration of the loss of the outdoor sports facility against the criteria outlined in paragraph 226 of SPP to assess whether national policy is satisfied; or if none of the criteria outlined in paragraph 226 of SPP have been met and the site is still to be allocated for redevelopment, acknowledgment in the text of the Plan referring to the site containing/impacting upon an outdoor sports facility, and reference to the need for the requirements of the SPP to be met at the planning application stage. (2087)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Castletown

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Castletown	
List of respondents (including customer number):		
Scottish Natural Heritage (204) SEPA (3115) Christine Gunn (2014) George Campbell (239) Raymond Taylor (2016) Kerry Campbell (5091) Brenda Herrick on behalf of Castletown & District Community Council (248) R Ford (5055), Patrick Doake (5112)		
Summary of the comments received:		
General		

Agree with the overall vision for Castletown and would like to see it delivered (5091)

Add the following to Placemaking Priorities – Avoid any adverse effect on Dunnet Links SSSI (204)

Further development between Thurso and Castletown could damage the balance (population vs remoteness) which exists at present. (5055)

Any new residential development in Castletown should include a requirement of native tree planting which help enhance and link to green corridors, particularly (CT01 and CT04). (5112)

Strategy for the area should focus on tourist industry to provide long term employment and it should aim to further establish the area as a outdoor sports destination (5112)

CT01

Type 2b ancient woodland in the north of the area should be safeguarded (204)

Questions the reasons for bringing development down towards the beach. Respondent considers the space as an important recreation area for people from all over Caithness. There is a sense of walking into nature and leaving urban development behind for a short time. Castlehill is considered as having potential redevelopment opportunities for heritage/tourism uses and development around it may make it a less attractive option. (2014)

Castletown & District Community Council note that there is no current demand for housing and developer Scotia Homes has postponed development. Access across the field between Castletown and Castlehill is not popular with residents and retail and business uses are better suited in the village centre. Development should be directed towards CT09 in the first instance. Leisure and tourist uses by the harbour would be beneficial but concerns over its deliverability. (248)

CT01 and CT04 are "integral to the feel of the harbour area" and are highly valued for recreational uses and development would seriously detract from the wild beauty. (5055)

Site should be extended to cover the area known as the Pilots House and it's surrounds, which is directly across the road from the Castlehill Heritage Centre, adjacent to the existing car park. The

building is on the Buildings At Risk register, it was identified in the Princes Foundation for the Built Environment in 2007 as well in the Castlehill/Castletown East Framework Adopted Plan 2002 as having "restaurant/tourism use potential". An outline planning consent was previously issued for a restaurant although not progressed. Over the last few years the building has been sympathetically repaired and rendered wind and watertight, to halt deterioration in the hope that it could be developed in the same timescale as CT01 Land between Castletown and Castlehill. There is a risk that if this building is not included as a Preferred Site in the CaSPlan then further deterioration could detract from CT01 improvements. (239)

CT02

Castletown & District Community Council agrees that the site could be tidied up but highlights that there is no demand for mixed use development. (248)

CT03 & CT04

These should avoid any adverse impact on Dunnet Links SSSI. Additional housing may increase the tracking pressure in the sand dunes as more people walk through the site to access the beach. Widespread tracking could be damaging to the SSSI. Depending on the scale of development a Recreation Management Plan may be necessary, with one component being positive measures to manage access through the dunes to the beach (204)

Castletown & District Community Council recognises that CT03 is in need of renovation but highlights no use has been identified for such a large building. (248)

Castletown & District Community Council - Although a housing development was proposed many years ago there is no demand for housing on CT04. (248)

CT05

Castletown & District Community Council note that existing greenspace at CT05 is attractive especially as the hall is now used for leisure uses. (248)

CT06

Castletown & District Community Council note that CT06 is suitable for housing and business uses. (248)

CT07

Castletown & District Community Council note that it is currently business use so no change (248)

СТ08

Castletown & District Community Council note that the site is better to be kept as greenspace. (248)

СТ09

Castletown & District Community Council note that the site is currently an eyesore and is in need of urgent repairs following the recent storms. Partially occupied by engineering companies. Employment site which could help attract people back to the village (248).

The former lcetech site is the most suitable for business development and no other sites need to be identified. This will also prevent other unattractive commercial buildings being developed and protect the setting of the village. (5055, 5112)

CT10

Castletown & District Community Council agree with the Plan that additional housing land is not required. (248)

CT11

This is located within Dunnet Links SSSI and so we welcome it being classed as non-preferred. (204)

Castletown & District Community Council agree with comments in the Plan (248)

Respondent suggests that some tourist related development at each end of Dunnet Beach could be acceptable, e.g. horse riding, sea sports. (5112)

CT12

Welcome it being classed as non-preferred as from a desk appraisal it appears to be a wooded site (Ancient Woodland Inventory - Type 2b Long Established of Plantation Origin). Please note that the MIR does not give the reasons for these sites being non-preferred). (204)

Castletown & District Community Council agree with comments in the Plan (248)

Respondent bought the house for its quiet location at the end of a cul-de-sac and any further development would be strongly opposed. (5055)

Castlehill Estate

Owner of Castlehill Estate highlights the Princes Foundation Enquiry by Design process that was held in Castletown in 2007 by independent planners. Although relatively happy with the outcome there were concerns over architecture. Respondent would like to further discuss with the Development Plans team the size and positioning of the protected green corridor. (2016)

The area at Castlehill and Dunnet Beach has the potential to be a major tourist attraction providing development is appropriate. Agrees that the green corridors should be protected and enhanced both for recreational purposes and as they provide valuable shelter from the weather for the village. The green corridors are also important to attract visitors. (5112)

Respondent suggests the former boiler rooms for Castlehill House would make a visitor centre, storerooms and workshops for things such as woodworking classes. Access could then be gained into the woodland and a trail would take you by the Gate Lodge and a over Stangergill Burn, out at the old church and then through Garth Woods. Additional tree planting and traffic calming measures would be required. (5112)

A boat/pilots house could be built by the harbour to cater for fishing trips and wildlife trips as there is a variety of marine and bird life in Dunnet Bay. Other suitable leisure and tourist uses include bunkhouses, bird watching facilities and restaurants. (5112)

Additional Sites

Castletown Airfield has the potential to serve as a laydown area for utility companies and renewable energy companies, particularly as it has easy access to the B876 Wick/Castletown/Thurso road and the A836 road to Mey, where there is already marine renewable work occurring. (239)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Dornoch

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Su the future	Itherland be like in	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Dornoch		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer number):		
Alexander Thomson (4729) Alison MacWilliam (4852) Ann Beasley (5087) Becky Murray (5072) Christopher Murray (5098) Duncan Allen (5058) Halliday Fraser Munro on behalf of ANM Group Ltd (3689) Jerry Bishop (3665) Joan Bishop (4896) John Cormack (2106) Scottish Environment Protection Agency (3115) SNH (204)			
Treecraft Woodwork Ltd Summary of the comm			
General No mention of UHI expa	nsion at Burghfield and potential access issues. (48 Economic Masterplan. (4896)	396)	
Mitigation set out in development factors and developer requirements for allocations in the current Sutherland Local Plan should be carried forward as appropriate. This should be augmented as necessary by the mitigation identified in the SEA Environmental Report, including mitigation identified in SNH's response to the Environmental Report. (204)			
There is no mention in the settlement text of the numerous natural heritage protected areas nearby. Text should be added similar to, "It sits adjacent to Dornoch Firth National Scenic Area, Dornoch Firth and Morrich More Special Area of Conservation, Dornoch Firth and Loch Fleet Special Protection Area/Ramsar and Moray Firth Special Area of Conservation. (204)			
Add a developer requirement to all housing/mixed use allocations in the proposed plan that any development proposals will need to be accompanied by a Recreational Management Plan as per the text in the existing Sutherland Local Plan. Further consideration of this should be given during the Habitats Regulations Appraisal of the plan. (204)			
Agrees that tourism is a major source of income and work is underway to "rebrand" the town. This is positive and it is essential that the tourist season is extended and facilities appeal to a wide range of visitors. If Dornoch could establish itself as a tourism hub it would have a positive impact on employment in the area. (4852)			
Public transport links ne Tain. (4852)	Public transport links need to improve with more regular express connections with Inverness and Tain. (4852)		
Dornoch needs a new co encouraged to locate in	ommunity centre and sports facilities and businesse Dornoch. (4852)	es need to be	
Dornoch is the only succ	Dornoch is the only success in Sutherland. The text for Dornoch should highlight the reasons		

why: tourism and the influence of Skibo and its American connections; good schooling and further education; and the influence of the Dornoch Bridge. There is great scope in the development of skills at the North Highland College campus. Dornoch needs to be attractive to encourage new people to come and live there so the kind of housing provided needs to be carefully considered. (5058)

The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage. (3115)

Additional Site

Within the Hinterland area grid reference NH/76941/90639 I would propose a single dwelling property to be sited in harmony within the existing housing development, I believe this would round off/infill the existing development within the Evelix area and help address accommodation needs within the Dornoch area. (5098)

Placemaking Priorities

Add, "Avoid any adverse effect on adjacent European sites (individually or cumulatively), including through recreational disturbance/damage." (204)

DN01 Dornoch North

Treecraft Woodwork lies within 30 metres of DN01 and creates a certain amount of operational noise. There should be a buffer between Treecraft Woodwork, the Industrial Estate and any residential properties in DN01. (4695)

A distributor road is needed to access this site. (4896)

This site is well placed for mixed development as it has easy access to the town without being obtrusive to visitors. This large site together with site DN05 should provide sufficient housing for years to come. It would be a mistake to build too many houses too soon as there are already many houses which have been on the market for a long time. (4852)

Part of the site is at risk of flooding from the Dornoch Burn. Add developer requirements for: Flood Risk Assessment and no new development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding; and no culverting for land gain. (3115)

DN02 Dornoch South Abattoir

This site should be redeveloped or removed as it is an eyesore. (4852)

Supports DN02 for a mix of uses. Would like site boundary extended to include the south east corner, in line with the Dornoch South Masterplan. Would like "leisure" to be added to the range of potential suitable uses on the site. (3689) Need to look at email and masterplan

Part of the site is at risk of flooding from the Dornoch Burn. Add developer requirements for: Flood Risk Assessment and no built development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding; and car parking only acceptable use of south area of the site which is at risk of flooding. (3115)

DN05 Meadows Park Road

Only about 30 houses completed on the site. (4729)

DN09 West of Meadows Park Road

Site not mentioned in Dornoch Economic Masterplan as a possible location for housing. Questions the suitability of the site for housing in terms of potential flood risk, as it is shown as at risk from flooding on the SEPA Flood Maps. Small areas shown to be at high risk. Drainage ditch on east and west boundaries, one running centrally through the site north to south and one running east to west. The west to east one continues on parallel to the Sutherland Road to the Dornoch Lochans where it turns and flows into the sea. Has it been decided what would happen with these drainage ditches if the site was developed and the potential impact on flooding? There is a layer of peat on the site resting on sand and this has potential impacts on flooding. Concerned about the long term impact of rising sea levels and sand dune erosion on this site. Concerned about visual impact of development on the site. What assessments have been carried out on what the impact of development on this site might be on nearby conservation sites, otters (a protected species) and many other birds and animals which can be found on the site. Otters have been sited in the watercourses and drainage ditches. (4729)

Welcome this site being non-preferred as it extends into Dornoch Firth NSA in the south and west. The farmed coastal flats here form a contrast to the wilder hills beyond to the south of the firth. If longer term development land is to be identified or implied, it is recommended any area here should be reduced to the north east part of the site. (204)

There is no need to extend development onto this site as it would only elongate the town and detract from the attractive entrance to Dornoch. This site should not be developed until DN01, DN04 and DN05 are fully developed and there is a clear need for additional housing land. (4852)

DN10 West of Sutherland Road

Site not mentioned in Dornoch Economic Masterplan as a possible location for housing. Questions the suitability of the site for housing in terms of potential flood risk, as it is shown as at risk from flooding on the SEPA Flood Maps. Southern boundary has a large drainage ditch that runs full length parallel to Sutherland Road and also connects with some of the drainage ditches in site DN09. Has it been decided what would happen with these drainage ditches if the site was developed and the potential impact on flooding? There is a layer of peat on the site resting on sand and this has potential impacts on flooding. Concerned about visual impact of development on the site. (4729)

There is no need to extend development onto this site as it would only elongate the town and detract from the attractive entrance to Dornoch. This site should not be developed until DN01, DN04 and DN05 are fully developed and there is a clear need for additional housing land. (4852)

Does not want views from family home spoilt by an unsightly development. Development should be kept at the same level as those currently off Sutherland Road. (5072)

Did not receive a letter informing them of this site option. Does not support site because: there is not enough teachers or places at the school; questionable whether the existing sewage works would cope; buildings may be out of keeping with the surrounding areas; would create traffic problems. (5087)

Access to DN09 and DN10

Sites DN09 and DN10 together seem to be in excess of double the area of DN05 and so could possibility take another 200 houses in addition to those planned for DN05. This would mean making provision for an extra 250/300 cars in the west of Dornoch. At present those living in the west end of Dornoch tend to use the minor access road (Sutherland Road) to access the A9 when travelling south. It is a single track road with passing places. It is also a popular route for cyclists and walkers who use it to access Camore Woods. There is no footpath or cycle path. If more traffic used this road because of more houses being built this road would need to be upgraded. (4729)

ADDITONAL SITES

DN02 Dornoch South Abattoir

Site is currently an eyesore, especially for tourists. It is near the town and so detracts from it. Any development here would be welcomed although the ones suggested seem particularly relevant. (4729)

An excellent addition to the plans. (3665)

SEPA notes that it is proposed that this site is enlarged and leisure is added to the range of uses. Much of the site is at risk of flooding. As a result SEPA is concerned regarding the proposal to increase the scale of the allocation without any clear idea of what is proposed. SEPA will object to this allocation unless there are clear Developer Requirements for (1) FRA and no built development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding, and (2) agreed limited acceptable uses of south area of the site which is at risk of flooding. For example, use as car parking. (3115)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Edderton

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Edderton		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer number):		
Historic Scotland (4616) Edderton Community Council (4545) G H Johnston Building Consultants Ltd on behalf of Caledonian Forestry (3683) Reay Clarke (4929) Robert Wylie (4684) Scottish Environment Protection Agency (3115) Scottish Government (4616) SNH (204) Strutt and Parker on behalf of Balnagown Estates (5115)			
Summary of the comm	ents received:		
General Mitigation set out in development factors and developer requirements for allocations in the current Sutherland Local Plan should be carried forward as appropriate. This should be augmented as necessary by the mitigation identified in the SEA Environmental Report, including mitigation identified in SNH's response to the Environmental Report. (204)			
Welcomes the identification of a Settlement Development Area at Edderton. The SDA (as proposed) is an accurate representation of the extent of the village, its shape and structure, its infrastructure networks, physical limits and landscape setting. (3683)			
Welcomes the identification of Edderton as a settlement. (5115)			
The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage. (3115)			
Edderton has a remarkable setting and the present lay-out of the village gives it character. More houses are required but great care must be taken that the positioning of these houses will add to the character and detract from it. (4929)			
A conservation area review should be done for Edderton as it is rich in Pictish and other archaeological features. (4929)			
Placemaking Priorities Add "Avoid any adverse effect on Dornoch Firth and Morrich More SAC or Dornoch Firth and Loch Fleet SPA". (204)			
Given the significant historic environment issues in the settlement, would recommend adding the safeguarding of these historic environment assets as a place-making priority for the settlement. (4616) (Historic Scotland)			
ET01 Northeast of Haven Support the continued identification of ET01 for housing development. (5115)			

This allocation contains the scheduled monument Carriblair, stone circle and cist (Index no 2971).

Historic Scotland has concerns regarding the issue of access and its impact on the scheduled monument. It is unlikely that scheduled monument consent would be granted for works associated with the creation of an access to this development site. Therefore the developer requirement should reflect the discussions that took place in relation to application 08/00477/FULSU. (Historic Scotland)

Considers this to be the prime site for future housing needs and should be allocated for housing. It could be extended westwards to include some land surrounding the hotel. The Stone Circle at the west end of the site must be rescued and cared for. (4929)

ET02 Adjacent to Glebe Cottage

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a small watercourse. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

Excellent site for future housing. (4929)

ET03 West of Station Road and Balleigh Road

Does not support this site as it sits on an Ancient Monument site the Celtic/Pictish Clach Biorach. Provision must be made to protect the stone. (4684)

Southern part of this site (south of the A836) could have adverse landscape impacts. It is separated form the defined settlement of Edderton by the A836 and development here would not reinforce the existing reasonably nuclear settlement pattern but expand the settlement towards other surrounding areas including Balleigh and Balblair. Currently these smaller settlements are defined by their separation which includes open farmland and woodland. The open land to the south of the A836 contributes to the landscape setting of the surrounding smaller settlements. If the Proposed Plan maintains allocating the part of ET03 south of the A836 for Mixed Use, we recommend open space and structural landscape tree planting should form primary components of design here. The principles of placemaking should be demonstrated, e.g. via a masterplan. (204)

Supports the identification of ET03 as a preferred site and strongly encourages the Council to allocate all of the land at ET03 for development either side (north and south) of the A836 in the Proposed Plan to help deliver development in the interests of a sustainable community. All of the land is in the ownership of Caledonian Forestry. The principle of development - residential, community and open space - should be consolidated within the Proposed Local Development Plan by the allocation of all of the land ET03 and provision made for an integrated framework plan relating to the layout and phasing of development, open space, playing field, local facilities and structural landscaping. ET03 sit comfortably within that shape and structure of the SDA as shown in the MIR and presents logical opportunities for development. Part of the land at ET03 has planning permission and that approval (06/00483/FULSU) has commenced. Therefore that land should appear as an allocation in the Proposed Plan. The same land is an allocation for development in the adopted development plan. Caledonian Forestry wishes to impress that their landholding offers potential for community facilities including of a commercial type e.g. local shop (in addition to housing), a kick-pitch and playing field. The MIR refers to "some restrictions" but is not explicit. Caledonian Forestry would respect archaeological interests, structural landscaping and safeguards for the water supply to the distillery, as factors that both inform, and require to be integrated with any development framework. It is necessary that all of the land at ET03 are allocated in the Proposed Plan, the reasons for this and the principles that govern the delivery of housing land are as follows:

The delivery of housing development at Edderton has been stymied by modest demand and high service costs. In small rural communities the balance of these factors is acute and absolute insofar as it is fundamental to the viability of any development.

In identifying ET03 as a preferred land allocation, the local development plan is facilitating a fresh approach to delivering housing and that would also respond to the 10-20 year timeframe.

The planning permission (06/00483/FULSU) for 37 houses (25% affordable homes) is unlikely to present a viable market proposition in its present form or for the immediate future be of interest to the volume builders (as had been envisaged when approval was granted).

The cost of servicing the land (06/00483/FULSU) is high in relation to the likely rate and scale of development and its market value. None of that land is capable of development without on-costs exceeding £100,000 on off-site drainage, BT safeguards and a footpath. The approved layout enables 3 plots fronting Station Road. The equivalent affordable homes contribution would be £4,000 per plot: the market value of a residential plot is estimated at £40,000. This gives the frontage land at Station Road (on the basis of the approved layout) a negative value; but that could be alleviated if it is brought forward in conjunction with the land south of the A836 (west of Balleigh Road).

The land needs therefore to be attractive to smaller-scale developers - partnership/design-build schemes (based on say, 8-12 homes, over time) and the individual self-build, local needs market. It must avoid costly safeguards or diversions for existing services (distillery water pipe and overhead electricity) and maximise spare capacity in existing infrastructure (roads) and amortise any essential expenditure notably on foul drainage.

It must also be flexible in response to the unknown scale, rate and timing of any development; and it must offer sufficient critical mass (economically developable sites) to give security against any essential upfront investment in infrastructure, which is fundamental to any release of land for development.

That potential is located alongside and in the margins of the existing village road network and it therefore includes land west of Station Road and west of Balleigh Road north and south of the A836. A linear form of incremental development would be in keeping with the established pattern of development and character of village streets; and it would enable development on the same side of the A863 as the primary school and for commercial development, a position visible to passing trade.

Where such development potential lies to the west of Balleigh Road, it need not require new roads or footpaths or electricity supply or foul drainage nor require to cross (and therefore safeguard) the distillery pipe.

Taken as a whole, that land (north and south of the A836) would also provide flexibility for community preference as to the location of the (temporary) kick-pitch, the positioning a playing field (committed with (06/00483/FULSU) and the siting of a commercial business.

By comparison, any back-land development of the land with planning permission (06/00483/FULSU) would require new or extended services (roads, water, drainage, electricity, footpaths) and therefore additional, higher costs and as a result, present less prospect of viability. The options require a comprehensive approach and a development framework - prepared in consultation with the local people - for all of the land owned by Caledonian Forestry north and south of the A836 as identified in the Main Issues Report as a preferred site. Caledonian Forestry therefore encourages the Council to respond accordingly by allocating that land in full.

A comprehensive approach and development framework should be prepared in consultation with local people. (3683)

Does not support development of the part of the site which is south of the A836 - the Heather Hut field. (4545)

Welcomes the mitigation outlined in the site assessment of the environmental report for this site.

Content that the appropriate delivery of this mitigation should avoid significant impacts on the site and setting of the scheduled monument Clach Chairidh, symbol stone (Index no. 1673). (4616)

To protect existing water users a developer requirement should be added which states that any proposal on the site should avoid discharge to the Craigroy Burn. (3115)

Welcomes the mitigation outlined in the site assessment for this site in the environmental report. Content that the appropriate delivery of this mitigation should avoid significant impacts on the site and setting of the scheduled monument Clach Chairidh, symbol stone (Index no. 1673). (Historic Scotland)

The Heather Hut Field west of Balleigh Road section of the site is totally unsuited for future use as a site for mixed use because: it is a good arable field and should be retained as such; anyone going to or coming form the village would have to cross the A836; the plan submitted by the planning consultant for the site, shows almost ribbon development of houses alongside Balleigh Road and the A836. This is exactly the kind of development the Town and Country Planning Acts were designed to prevent. The section of the site at Stoney Field, west of Station Road is totally unsuited for future use as a site for mixed use because: it is a good arable field and should be retained as such; a stone built underground aqueduct runs across the field south to north which carries water to Balblair Distillery and this could be a major obstacle to a housing development; a 33kv Electric Trunk power line and other power lines cross the field; the kick pitch would be destroyed; The Standing Stone, Clach Charaidh, is the pointer for the near-by stone circle. These together with the distant mountains form the solar calendar. Any building of houses in the Stoney Field will destroy the panoramic view from that stone circle to the distant mountains and thus the reference points of the solar calendar; there is an untold wealth of history buried in the soil; the character of the village would be destroyed if any houses were built on this site (4929)

ET04 Edderton Glebe

Do not support this site because of access across the railway. (4545)

This is partly located within Dornoch Firth NSA and is adjacent to Dornoch Firth & Loch Fleet SPA and Dornoch Firth & Morrich More SAC, and so we welcome it being classed as a non-preferred site. (204)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Golspie

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Golspie		
List of respondents (including customer number):			
List of respondents (including customer number): Allan Tubb (5122) David Walker (4845) Highland Council – CPAM Team (3627) John Cormack (2106) Lesley Cranna (4846) Lindsay & Co (4939) Rory Murray (5083) Scottish Environment Protection Agency (3115) Shona & David Duncan (4842) SNH (204) SNH Golpsie Office (5117) Transport Scotland			
Summary of the comments received:			
General			

The MIR concentrates on future development but given the underutilisation already on the business area GP02/03 further development may be ambitious and any monies should be spent on existing facilities to support these (4845)

Mitigation set out in development factors and developer requirements for allocations in the current Sutherland Local Plan should be carried forward as appropriate. This should be augmented as necessary by the mitigation identified in the SEA Environmental Report, including mitigation identified in SNH's response to the Environmental Report. (204)

The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage. (3115)

It is acknowledged that the A9 is the main access for many sites in Golspie. It is recommended that the Council discuss the access strategies and potential impacts of these sites with Transport Scotland. SPP states that new junctions of trunk roads are not normally acceptable, although it is recognised that the trunk road is the main road within Golspie. (Transport Scotland)

GP01 Drummuie

Supermarket development should be specifically excluded. (4846)

Supports any sort of development which raises the profile of Golspie and supports the local economy however this site is directly beside the representees property (Drummuie House) which is a holiday let. This business brings tourists to the area and the main selling feature is the location, scenery and wildlife. The road at the front of the property is already used for the Council office. Concerned that more development on the site would increase the amount of traffic going past their house and the extra noise. Also concerned about noise and visual pollution during any future building work on the site. Suggesting that if there is future development on the site, that access to the Council office be directed behind their property. (5083)

Any development must be carefully managed with regard to scale, materials and elevation as the site is prominent and can be seen from significant distances, particularly from the road to Littleferry. (5122)

Part of this site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new developments should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

GP02 Golspie Business Park

As owner of an office building in GP02, support use of it for business uses which are in keeping with the current use of the site. Less supportive of business use which would result in increased noise or disturbing activities. (5117)

Part of this site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new developments should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

GP03 West of existing Business Park

Support the use of this land for business use. (3627)

Strongly object to the inclusion of this site. GPO2 has been underused for years and no further allocations should be identified until it and GP01 are full. GP03 was unanimously rejected by local residents present at the meeting for the previous local plan. Serious concerns were raised about the threat to local shops from a new supermarket at the site and it would also make an unsightly entrance to Golspie. The plan should protect the entrance to Golspie with its panoramic views to the sea and the beach. Development at this site can not be screened from the road as the road is above the site. The suggestion in the text that "retail use is not preferred" may be an attempt to discourage supermarkets but this would not discourage a determined supermarket developer. A supermarket should not be allowed to ruin the centre of Golspie and its local shops that create employment. Site should be removed from plan. (4846)

There should be no retail development on this site as it would impact negatively on the village. (4845, 4939)

Would prefer GP02 to be filled before GP03 was considered as a new site. If this site is to be taken forward, would prefer for a new entrance to be taken from the A9 rather than through GP02 as this would increase traffic and noise around the SNH office. Would not support a route along the front of their office building as the road sits between the office and the carpark. The boiler for the SNH office on GP02 lies on the boundary between GP02 and GP03 and some separation distance may be required. (5117)

This is a sensitive site in landscape and visual terms, being a key site on the gateway to the village from the south, with views from the A9 seawards. Given the topography, it may not be possible to achieve effective screening of any development here in terms of these key views. It falls within the area identified in the Sutherland Housing Landscape Capacity Study (2006) as unlikely to be suitable for development due to value of scenic resource (Map 50). While a high quality of site layout, design, landscaping and screen planting should be stipulated if this is taken forward to the Proposed Plan, we consider that this should be a medium term allocation, not to be developed until other existing business sites at GP02 (Golspie Business Park) and GP01 (Drummuie) have been fully developed. (204)

GP04 Mackay House Hostel site

The site should be cleared of building rubble and further assessed for contamination.(5122)

GP06 Sibell Road

Representee made comments on the planning application for the site and would like the points raised in this submission to be taken into account: concern about drainage from the site, part of the site is a wet area and herons can be found nesting on it; does not think that with the poor drainage, the site can cope with the number of houses proposed; would generate a large volume of traffic onto an already busy road, Sibell Road has a lot of onsite parking; pavement only on one side of road so concerns about pedestrians crossing the road; part of the site is forest and the removal of this would generate heavy traffic. Now that permission has been granted for the site representee still has concerns about: pedestrian crossing safety; lying water is becoming more of an issue on the site and in the representees garden; on street parking still an issue and amount of traffic on road has increased. There should not be over building on the site. (4842)

Coastal Erosion

There is no mention of protection of existing tourist facilities from coastal erosion. Without coastal protection measures these will be lost and the area is already fragile. (4845)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Halkirk

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Halkirk	
List of respondents ((including customer number):	
Emac Planning LLP on behalf of Ulbster Arms Limited and River Thurso Limited (184) Houghton Planning Ltd. On behalf of The Church of Scotland General Trustees (3641) Hugh Lockhart (2166) John Campbell (5126) Peter Knight (5192) Scottish Natural Heritage (204) SEPA (3115) Transport Scotland (3636)		
Summary of the comments received:		
General		

(5126)

Halkirk, being the first planned village in Scotland, has been developed with an infrastructure of roads, pavements, lighting, sewage, electricity distribution etc to accommodate large development. Currently, there are still a large number of areas within the current plan and infrastructure covered area that needs to be filled and as such, emphasis should be made to encourage development of these area and as such, not increase the available development ground around the outlying areas of the village.

Placemaking Priorities

(204)

Add the following: Avoid any adverse effect on River Thurso SAC in particular in regard to preferred site HK01 and alternative site HK03

(184)

Respondent agrees that the Plan is an opportunity to address the inconsistent and haphazard nature of development in the village. Supports the Placemaking Priority• of avoiding uncoordinated and fragmented expansion on the fringes of the town, these should be planned through logical and appropriate extension of the settlement.

(184)

Other priories for Halkirk should include: promoting opportunities for redevelopment, infill development and brownfield sites; develop high quality leisure and tourism facilities; and additional housing

HK01

(5126)

Development of this area should be encouraged as the site has planning permission and already commenced development.

(3115)

SEPA note that part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the River Thurso. Developer Requirement for an FRA and that no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

HK03

(5126)

The site is suitable for residential development as it can be divided into two parts (the land between the manse and the cemetery and the land alongside the river bank), it is bounded by walls to the east and west, there are no trees or other significant vegetation, improved access could be established from Crescent Street. Although it is within the existing Halkirk SDA it is noted that it is currently allocated for Amenity use in the local plan. It is also recognised that there may be archaeological considerations due to its proximity to the cemetery and listed building. Development could avoid areas of flood risk. The site is effective as the landowner is willing to release the site for development and, excluding the area alongside the river, it can be easily developed due there are not many physical constraints, such as no contaminated land or ground instability. The non-developable area could also be used to meet the Plan's place making priority of improving access to and along the river. The site is suitable for 5/6 self-build plots and this would be in keeping with the type and character of that on Crescent Street. The area at the rear of the church would be avoided to protect the view of the church from the other side of the river. (3641)

The site should not be allocated for housing as it is currently protected as Amenity land under the Caithness Local Plan in order to preserve visual impact and amenities of the village. There is no justification as to why planning policy can change from PP4 to PP1 as there has been no change in circumstances. The graveyard has been extended twice and it will likely require further expansion in the future. Residential uses are not suitable in such close proximity to graveyards. The site also adjoins the former Halkirk Abbey which is an important heritage feature of the village. Development of the surrounding area would be contradictory to the Plan in safeguarding heritage. The ground level falls below the Halkirk sewage connection pipe which means all waste would need to be dealt with by treatment package (discharging into the river) or septic tank/soakaway systems which need a significant discharge are to operate correctly. The electricity supply to the site might be constrained as the adjoining Abbey House is supplied from across the river on the Braal supply. There are no suitable access points without removing the existing graveyard parking area- which is essential during funerals. There are alternative sites in the village which could be developed instead.

(3115)

SEPA note that part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the River Thurso. Developer Requirement for an FRA and that no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

HK04

(184)

Respondent considers that the reasons for non-preferring HK04 fail to recognise the unique position of the subject land both in terms of its physical context and its commercial opportunity. The Caithness Local Plan (2002) prevented backland development but there have been clear examples of development which has been permitted just outside the SDA that had a good context to the existing settlement pattern. The current SDA line splits the land to the rear of the Ulbster Arms Hotel and it is simply an arbitrary line with no feature on the ground to define it. A more logical boundary for land to the rear of hotel would extend further to the boundary with the Milton Farm fields. This would reflect the settlement boundary to the north and provide continuity with physical features on the ground. The hotel site has been established for over 150 years and additional land is now required to support the growth of the business. Additional high quality commercial/tourism related facilities (focused on catering for fishing and gun sport parties) would bring year round employment opportunities. A greater range of accommodation is required and the hotel has already invested in this over recent years. The hotel has further plans to expand its operations on the site of the existing low quality chalets including additional car parking and amenity area for guests. has a strong environmental ethos with its links with the River Thurso and it is vitally important that the overall composition is sensitively integrated into its setting and landscaped to a high standard with the added benefit of enhancing the local biodiversity. The existing access will be used so no new vehicular access is required to service these proposals

and through the provision of additional on site parking, off site parking will be reduced on Bridge Street and on the access road to the north of the hotel. There are no environmental designations, services are readily available.

HK06

(2166)

The site has no access restrictions as the access point into the site is 7 metres wide which is wider than Bridge Street itself (5.85m from kerb to kerb). Provisions have been made to allow for access to neighbouring properties. The site could be used for affordable housing which a local Councillor highlighted there was a shortage of and the Council's housing list identifies that there is demand of 19 houses in Halkirk.

ADDITIONAL SITES

Halkirk Land W of Bridge Street

(3636)

Small site approximately 3km from A9(T). Closest junction to the A9(T) is via a cross roads, however development is unlikely to have an impact.

(3115)

SEPA note that much of the site is adjacent to Moss of Halkirk which is peaty and likely to contain wetlands. We ask for a Development Requirement that a vegetation survey may be required of the site and surrounding area and the mitigation measures to protect surrounding wetland habitats outlined. Parts of the site may be at risk of flooding from a small watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and that no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

(204)

SNH's advice is that development in this location will likely need to take account of potential for connectivity, via the drain network, to the River Thurso Special Area of Conservation (SAC).

(2166)

Respondent fully supports proposed new site for development, Land West Of Bridge Street Halkirk. There is access to Pollock House Land (Approx 7 meters) which is wider than Bridge Street and there is provision for access to the neighbouring land North & South. As discussed at the CaSPlan consultation event in Halkirk there is a "Desperately serious shortage of housing in Caithness" and last November according to the Highland Council's housing office there was a total demand for 894 mixed sized houses in Caithness.

(5023)

Objects to the allocation of the land west of Bridge St, Halkirk as the respondents states that they bought in 2010 due mainly to the property having the beautiful uninterrupted views. The property is rented out and the visitors often mention the views. The current tenants are opposed to development and they may terminate their tenancy if development was to go ahead.

(5192)

Respondent does not understand the plan for Land West of Bridge Street as he had already submitted is client's land and Mr Mackay's land as a Call for Sites suggestion for housing development. Questions whether CaSPlan is suggesting that the ones outline in red are new as he understood that the land outlined in blue (Ulbster Arms) had already been included in the previous Plan.

During the CaSPIan "workshop" it was raised that there was the possibility that a new road might be introduced from the Milton Farm Road to the West of the area outlined red on your map to allow any further development. Respondent considers this a "non-Starter" as the owner of Milton Farm is not interested in releasing land and if development extended further west it would be detrimental to the working farm.

Respondent adds that suggestions in CaSPlan of extending the grid iron pattern within the area outlined red, or beyond does not "ring true" with the original, "Planned village".

With careful planning & design, housing development within the area outlined red would be of no detriment to the village, and as you have already approved a number of sites in this area & have others (Ulbster Areas) recently in place, then I do believe that both of my clients proposals are perfectly acceptable.

Halkirk Land SW of Ulbster Arms Hotel

(3636)

Small site approximately 2.75km from A9(T). Depending on proposed development scale, a TA may be required to assess the impact of the proposal on the A9(T) junction as the closest junction to the A9(T) is via a cross roads.

(3115)

SEPA note that parts of the site may be at risk of flooding from the River Thurso and a small watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and that no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

(204)

SNH's advice is that development in this location will likely need to take account of potential for connectivity, via the drain network, to the River Thurso Special Area of Conservation (SAC).

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Helmsdale

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Helmsdale	
List of respondents (including customer number):		
Highland Council CPAM Team (3727)		
Scottish Natural Heritage (204)		
John Cormack (2106)		
SEPA (3115)		
Transport Scotland (4616)		
Daul Mitchingon (5109)		

Paul Mitchinson (5198) Kathy Mitchinson (5198)

Summary of the comments received:

General

Report should carry over mitigation identified in SEA Environmental Report (204)

All streets are not identified *on map* and *sites* are not identified in clockwise order (italicised is assumed) (2106)

The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage (3115)

Settlement includes several preferred sites next to the trunk roads (A9, A99), further discussion is invited on the access strategies and any potential impacts (4616)

HD04

Site preference and proposed use supported (3727)

Part of the site is at risk of flooding from the River Helmsdale and the sea. Developer Requirement for (1) FRA required to support development, (2) harbour related uses only within the area shown to be at risk of flooding (3115)

HD05

This site could be made 'non-preferred' rather than 'alternative', given that the Sutherland Housing Landscape Capacity Study (2006) identifies this within an area unlikely to be suitable for development due to value of scenic resource (Map 57). In addition the SHLCS notes this area as having high potential for environmental enhancement to improve the visual resource. It is a prominent site sitting on top of a raised beach, with local value for open space and informal recreation (204)

ADDITIONAL SITES HD05

Customer objects to site because:

It is used for informal recreation by the local community

Road infrastructure is not suitable to support additional traffic

Suggest a previous application was refused for the site

Impacts on the visual amenity and settlement setting

Potential for impacts on tourism by detracting from the settlement setting (5198)

Suggest developer requirements from Sutherland Local Plan to ensure setback from seaward edge and safeguard scenic qualities of raised beach feature. Existing informal path network should be maintained and enhanced where reasonably possible (204)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Lairg

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Lairg		
List of respondents (including customer number):			
Highland Council - CPAM team (3627)			
SNH (204)			
A&H Gordon (4942)			
Jan Thomson-Fraser (4712)			
Altnaharra Estate Ltd (4579)			
John Cormack (2106)			
Scottish Environment Protection Agency (3115)			
Trevor Black Architects on behalf of Terry Flynn Tours (5194)			
Summary of the comments received:			
General	General		

General

Mitigation set out in development factors and developer requirements for allocations in the current Sutherland Local Plan should be carried forward as appropriate. This should be augmented as necessary by the mitigation identified in the SEA Environmental Report, including mitigation identified in SNH's response to the Environmental Report. (204)

The area is lacking employment opportunities, there is little or no transport infrastructure to get people to jobs and the housing stock is in decline. CaSPlan means nothing to the area unless the local economy improves, with employers attracted to the area; houses will not be needed if there are no jobs. Windfarms being approved locally is also an issue. (4712)

All areas should be encouraged to develop rather than just concentrating development on the east coast. Lairg should have more of a central role in Sutherland for example it should have a nursing home/community facility. (4579)

The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage. (3115)

Placemaking Priorities

Add "Avoid any adverse effect on River Oykel SAC". (204)

LA01 Old Sutherland Arms Site

Part of the site may be at risk from Little Loch Shin. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

Note that site has been shown as Mixed Use (retail, tourism, community, housing) and welcome this. Concerned about how the term mixed use might be interpreted. It is our understanding that it is intended to mean that a development of any one or more of the named uses would be considered appropriate and that it is not intended to require a development of more than one. The Plan should make this explicitly clear. (5194)

The site is subject to a TPO and is referred to in the Environmental Report with recommended mitigation "Ensure any development does not affect TPOs. Retain as many trees as possible". Application of the TPO in this manner will be hugely detrimental to any potential development of the site as it has since the TPO was established in 2007. We believe it is now time for the TPO to be reviewed and removed. The TPO was established by committee during consideration of application 06/00405/OUTSU. The TPO is unnecessary and there has been no threat to remove

trees. If there was no TPO the Planning Authority still have effective control of any proposals to remove trees. The effect of the TPO is to sterilise the site for development. It has made development of the proposed hotel in 06/00405/OUTSU impossible. CaSPlan acknowledges the importance of the site to Lairg. If the TPO cannot be removed then the wording of the plan should be amended to ensure the TPO does not take precedence over any reasonable development of the site. (5194)

LA02 Southwest of Ord Place

Much of the site is undisturbed peat therefore add the following developer requirements: Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site; Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. (3115)

LA03 Northwest of Ferrycroft

A large part of this site may be at risk of flooding from Little Loch Shin. Add the following developer requirements: recreational or community use which allows it to stay as open space; and a Flood Risk Assessment may be required to inform layout and design of development. The Environmental Report identifies that peat is present on the site but that it is not thought that the type of development proposed would have an effect. We would suggest that even relatively low-key developments (for proposals such as building new paths, toilets, playing fields or small buildings) could have an effect on both peat and wetlands. As a result we ask for a Developer Requirement to cover: Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site; Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided, or if necessary, mitigated. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. The site is dissected by a number of small watercourses and large drains. Depending on proposals for the site there may be opportunity to restore these features to a more natural form. (3115)

LA04 Former Laundry

Supports allocation of this land for a mix of business and housing as it gives flexibility to future developments and improvements to land and buildings. (3627)

Supports mixed use to include business development. (4942)

Part of the site is at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

LA07 Southwest of Main Street

Part of the site is at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

LA08 Southwest of Main Street

Part of the site may be at risk from Little Loch Shin. Add a developer requirement for a Flood Risk Assessment and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

LA10 East of Manse Road

There is a possibility that this site is on peat and may contain wetland habitats therefore ask for the following developer requirements: Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site; Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided, or if necessary, mitigated. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. (3115)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Lochinver

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Lochinver		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer number):		
Alexander Macleod (4690) Graham Dougall (4838) Scottish Natural Heritage (204) Assynt Tourism Group (4938) Urban Animation – Agent (400) Bill Badger (5021) Culag Community Woodland Trust Ltd (5064) Culag Community Woodland Trust Ltd Chair (5063) John Cormack (2106) SEPA (3115)			
Summary of the comm	ents received:		
General Site preferences and pla	acemaking priorities supported (4690)		
Report should carry ove	r mitigation identified in SEA Environmental Report (204)		
Area suggested as havi	ng "UNESCO status as a most unique area of outstanding beauty" (4938)		
Lochinver needs development; low-cost accommodation and jobs. Welcome any attempts at improvement (5063)			
All streets are not identified on map and sites are not identified in clockwise order (italicised assumed) (2106)			
The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage (The only exception to this could be allocation LV07 in Lochinver, identified for "woodland huts" and "unique tourism and community uses that are sensitive to woodland setting") (3115)			
LV01 Road safety concerns were raised over access to site. Customer offering to sell their property to enable safer access to site (4838)			
Site could extend in low-lying area of the valley. Development of site should not stymie future expansion to north (4938)			
Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. We consider that this site is likely to be peatland and contain wetland habitats. Additional Developer Requirement for (1) Peat management plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site, and (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided, or if necessary, mitigated (3115)			
LV02 Supports site preference site onto 'ground beyond	e and states development has commenced- highlights potential to extend d' (400)		

Include Developer Requirement for (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site, and (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed (3115)

Mitigation in the Sutherland Local Plan and CaSPlan SEA Environmental Report should be taken across into the Proposed Plan, e.g. the need for a design statement to be considered in consultation with SNH (204)

LV03

This site is an undulating, rocky and part-wooded landscape area that currently acts as a transition to the wilder landscapes to the east which are now identified as a Wild Land Area. Any development in this area would need to be low density and extremely sensitively sited not only to respond to the variations in landform, soil/drainage and woodland, but also to ensure that they do not detract from the current remote and undeveloped qualities that are appreciated in this area. The rationale of the site boundary is unclear, as it doesn't seem to correspond to the land pattern, and in particular the SE part appears to go onto higher rugged ground. If this site is to be maintained in the Proposed Plan, mindful that this is within an NSA, we strongly advise it should be limited to a narrower western section along the Canisp Road, with housing being low density, sensitively sited and with a high quality of design, minimising the loss of woodland. The SE part of the site further from the road and on more difficult terrain should be removed (204)

Support site preference (4938)

Does not support site preference as 'against principles of conservation' (5021)

Include Developer Requirement for (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding (3115)

LV04

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the sea. Developer Requirement for (1) FRA and no business development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding, and (2) harbour related uses may be acceptable in areas at risk of flooding (3115)

LV05

Part of the site may be at risk of coastal flooding. Developer Requirement for (1) FRA and no business development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding, and (2) harbour related uses may be acceptable in areas at risk of flooding (3115)

LV07

This woodland area is included in the Ancient Woodland Inventory (Type 2b - long established, of plantation origin). Great care will therefore be needed that community/tourism 'woodland huts' development here does not significantly diminish the woodland characteristics and the contribution that the woodland makes to the setting of Lochinver. Any tree removal should be subject to the Policy on Control of Woodland Removal (e.g. compensatory planting). Species surveys and protection plans if necessary should be a development factor here (204)

Support site preference, and suggest extension of site boundary (5064)

We consider that this site is likely to be peatland and contain wetland habitats. Developer Requirement for (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site, and (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided, or if necessary, mitigated. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. Small parts of the site may be at risk of flooding from small watercourses. Developer Requirement that an FRA may be required for development proposed in the vicinity of watercourses (3115)

LV08

Supports inclusion of LV08 for development and cites ongoing feasibility work for site, and suggests extensions of site to include land to SW (former garden areas). Notes that if site is not included or retained within SDA, no further feasibility work will proceed (400)

Include Developer Requirement for (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the sea. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding (3115)

LV09

We welcome this large site being classed as non-preferred, given its potential impact on the qualities of the Assynt-Coigach NSA (e.g. 'extensive cnocan landscapes' (204)

ADDITIONAL SITES

LV02

Site believed to be on peat and wetland habitat. Developer requirements should include peat management plan and vegetation survey, both of which may restrict scope and extent of development; this should be included in the site text. (3115)

Customer highlights previous objection to site in 2009 Sutherland Local Plan, which was for a smaller area and number of houses (10 units). Any development should be subject to careful siting taking account of landform and setting, restricted to 1 ½ storey height, and supported by a design statement. (204)

Customer supports site for housing. States that access is possible from existing allocated area and that there is limited peat onsite. States that site is reasonably well screened and development would sit beneath the ridgeline, limiting visual impacts. Customer also states that development could be in keeping with the existing built form and the site is the best opportunity for securing effective land supply in the settlement. Any development on site should not stymie further expansion of the site. (400)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Lybster

Issue 7: Lybster			
MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & the future	Sutherland be like in	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Lybster		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer number):		
Alison Kirk (4711) Andrew Gunn (3621) Caithness Horizons (2014) Lydia Popowich (4728) Melanie Spirit (4837) Roy Lambert (4681) Scottish Natural Heritage (204) Transport Scotland (4616)			
Summary of the comm			
internet services" (4711)		dating telephone and	
Need to attract and retain	n young people (3621)		
Some of the current hou	sing stock is poor (3621)		
Need to provide alternat	ive site options for development (3621)		
Village has "few amenities, no jobs and poor transport links. Houses take a long time to sell" (4728)			
	eral preferred sites next to the trunk roads (A9, A strategies and any potential impacts (4616)	99), further discussions	
The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage (3115)			
Placemaking priorities Add to Placemaking Priorities: "Avoid any adverse effect on East Caithness Cliffs SAC and SPA" (204)			
LY02 (Assumed customer referring to this site) Does not support development behind their property (4711)			
LY03 Development would impact on setting of hotel (2014)			
Concerns raised over future of existing houses onsite, particularly in relation to flooding and drainage (4681; 4728) (customers refer to LY10, but assume they actually mean LY03- the preferred site)			
	ed within East Caithness Cliffs SPA and SAC, and elcome it being classed as "non-preferred" "(204)		

Other sites

Previous local plan included sites adjacent to A99 (10a in CLP2002), these are omitted (3621)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

Issue 7: Thurso

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future	
MIR reference:	Question 7:	
List of respondents (including customer number):		

Stephen Foster (3678), Campbell Cooper (4686), Pierre Bale (4683), William Marshall (3629), Lyndall Leet (3672), Ben MacGregor (4697), THC CPAM Team (3627), Charles Angus (4701), Peter Wade (4700), Andrew Mackay (4705), Karen Bell (4726), Beki Pope (2161), Garry Calder (4794), Brian Malley (4792), Paul Reid (4790), Sean McLean (4779), Martin Baker (4787), Colin Paterson (2032), Jamie Henderson (4771), Les Mason (4770), Ann Williams (4767), Adrian Manson (4766), Eileen Mullins (4765), Marc MacDonald (4761), Gemma Wares (4755), Sharon Lennie (4745), Kelly Donn (4849), Martin Sutherland (4844), Sylvia Smith (4768), Stuart Andrew (4840), Liz Wassall (4839), Gayle Rennie (3603), David Doohan (3650), Amanda Paterson (4899), John Barkham (4898), George Doherty (4897), Jill Falconer (3666), Jordan MacLean (4895), SNH (204), Caithness Horizons (2014), Robert Falconer (4948), Barbara Gilmour (3601), Kenneth Nicol (4944), Kevin Morris (4940), Margaret Smedley (3599), Catherine Murray (3640), Brian Jonhston (2073), Diana Johnston (4937), Leslie Myatt (4936), Ian Walker (3658), Gill Arrowhead (4934), Scott McLean (4931), Amelia Walker (4798), Ian Mackay (5069), Raymond Taylor (2016), Thurso Community Council (2031), John and Kathleen Faulds (2048), Carol Paterson (3304), Michael Campbell (5073), William Walker (5076), Stuart Robertson (5077), Donald Robson (5078), Georgina Mackenzie (5078), Hamish Robertson (5079), Paula Coghill (4955), David and Lafferty-Smith (4954), Mary Paterson (4953), Angus Mackay (5081), Isobel Miller (3602), Fiona Doohan (5084), Ian Macphee (5085), David Sprague (3651), David Lord (4977), Marjory Lord (4979), Linda Sinclair (4983), Audrey Morris (4941), Jan Marie Mackay (4763), Jean Alexander (5089), Knight and MacDonald Architects (119), Claire Cairns (5096), Catherine Stewart (5095), Colin Moore (5092), Kerry Campbell (5091), William Stewart (5090), Cllr Willie Mackay (1902), Derek Taylor (5012), Emma Dunnet (5018), Rhys Reid (5066), Janetta Christie (5022), Shelia Finlayson (3681), Pamela Cowie (5041), Ian Cowie (5041), Morna O'Hagan (5043), Daniel O'Hagan (5044), Karen Risbriger (5052), Alistair Christie (CKD Galbraith)(3595), Susan Christie (5056), Phyllis Nicol (3608), Gill Arrowsmith (4934), John Arrowsmith (5059), Alan Ritchie (5131), Fran Simmons (5130), Michael Cowie (4984), Gail Brown (5129), Victoria Mackay (5123), Steven Reid (5101), Sinclair Mennie (5102), Jacqueline Ridgley (5103), Network Rail (4974), Royal Hotel (5121), Transport Scotland (4616), John Cormack (2106), Janice Grant (5118), Reids of Caithness (4932), Elizabeth Mackay (5094), Caithness Cricket Association (5111), Marie Brown (5051), Eilidh Paterson (5019), SEPA (3115), Gary Parker (4739), Laura Farquhar (2155), Jonathon Morgan (5111), Pentland Firth Yacht Club (5210), Hilary Brown (5211), Roxane Andersen (5212), Shirley Bain (5213), David Orr (4756), Jane Hamilton (5216), Debbie Bullivant (5217), Alice Fidler (5219), Thurso Swimming Club (5220), Nicolas Doherty (5221), Susan Buchan (5222), Gail Lowe (5225), Sarajane Mcginley (5227), Thurso United Footbal Club (5230), Valerie Calder (5231) Carolyn Coghill (5232), Caithness Gymnastics (5233), Caron Cumming (5235), Allan Comrie (5236), Sophie Dunnet (5237), Zoe Tait (5238), Kelsey Christie (5240), Shona Kirk (4800), Martin Bridge (4724), sportscotland (2087), Paul Cannop (4678)

Summary of the comments received:

Vision and Strategy for Thurso

(2032, 4745, 4840, 5091)

Supportive of the preferred vision and strategy for Thurso outlined in CaSPlan

(119)

Pleased that the outputs of the charrette are largely reflected in the MIR. The exception is the enhancements and public participation along the river edge from Loch More to Thurso East. This should be promoted in CaSPIan as it is important resource which would not be excessively

expensive to finance, would attract a variety of sourcing funds and could commence relatively quickly.

(2031)

Connectivity and transport remains a high priority for the area for community growth, developing the tourist industry and improving employment opportunities. Partnership working between the relevant bodies is required to deliver this.

(4765)

To keep the town fresh and focused there needs to be new jobs and new developments

(4686, 3650, 5130)

Supports the priority on focusing development towards brownfield sites. Any existing brown field sites should be developed before the town is allowed to expand into the countryside.

(2016)

Enabling Development and Attracting Investment should be key themes for the new strategy for Thurso. The town competes with other towns and areas where investment can deliver. The LDP needs to be a catalyst for attracting and enabling investment and connectivity.

General Issues

(5129)

Concerned that despite the amount of housing land identified that there are no sites identified for educational uses. Many of the sites in Thurso West would fall within the Pennyland school catchment but there is no provision for new educational facilities.

(3672)

Respondent unsure what the annotation 'mixed use expansion with key greenspace enhanced' means and is concerned this would result 'random development'.

(3672)

Areas around Thurso River should not be built on due to climate change and rising sea levels. The mouth of Thurso River floods now when a high tide from the sea meets the river in full spate and can extend as far as the British Legion. The exception to this would be areas TS08 and /TS11 where the ground levels are higher.

(3672)

Respondent suggests shrubs should be planted instead of trees as they are less likely to be cut down if they start to obstruct people's views from their houses.

(3672)

All areas to the west of Thurso shown in green are on heavy clay pan below the topsoil which does not percolate and ponding can occur in wet winter weather in low lying areas.

(3672)

There is a lack of sporting facilities in the area.

(4701)

The annotation 'Mountvernon' on the map it is in fact Oldfield, as the housing site on the opposite side of the road is the only area known as Mount Vernon (respondent used to own that land before the council acquired it by compulsory purchase in 1962).

(2016)

Consideration of phasing housing land is required.

(4898)

Economic development funding has failed to diversify the economy (except for tourism) and this

funding will cease due to the problems in other EU countries.

Place Making Priorities

(204)

Add to Placemaking Priorities "Avoid any adverse effect on River Thurso SAC and SSSI" (in particular in regard to TS10, TS12 and TS13)

(4931)

Objects to the Plan identifying land for a new supermarket as it contradicts a number of strategic objectives in CaSPlan and national policy. Although SPP aims to promote business, a new supermarket would damage businesses as shoppers would be drawn away from the town centre and footfall would decline. Supermarkets cater for all consumers and local businesses cannot compete. This would contradict the aim of creating a more diverse economy (section 3.2). To improve the tourist market in the area local businesses should be supported and the town centre regenerated as this is what gives a place character. A supermarket would reduce the appeal of the area which is not dominated by national chain stores like other areas.

Housing Demand/Supply

(3629, 3603, 3658, 3678, 4948, 4944, 4798, 4898, 4899, 5076, 5092, 5090, 3608, 5103, 5094) There is no demand for additional houses in Thurso or Caithness. The issues/reasons raised include:

There are a large number of existing empty houses already on the market and efforts should be made to best utilise them before developing on greenfield land.

The economy is expected to decline due to the decommissioning of Dounreay and Vulcan facilities. The main reason for new housing at the last Local Plan review was the growth in employment resulting from the decommissioning of Dounreay. This work has now peaked and is in decline.

There is a declining and an ageing population and young people are moving away.

The marine renewables industry will not provide enough jobs to make a significant change. The marine renewables industry is progressing at a much slower rate than anticipated, e.g. Several wave/tidal companies going into administration.

The fall in oil prices will have a negative impact on the oil and gas industry.

Expected decrease in school roles in Thurso.

The need for future housing in Thurso has been overestimated and is based on seriously out of date information (the current HNDA).

Council Ward Information shows that there has been low numbers of new housing built in the last 5 years and the current stock is adequate.

The background studies to the MIR show that the population of Caithness is in decline and there a surplus of low cost housing in Caithness.

There is already land with planning permission for 400 houses at TS04.

(5091)

Respondent would welcome 400 houses built in the town as that would mean there is demand for them

(4948)

If too many housing sites are identified it could result in several half built housing estates. Existing housing allocations should be built first.

(4934)

'Thurso needs housing'

(4739)

If the population continues to fall then there will be an increase in empty properties both commercial and residential.

Bypass

(4616)

Transport Scotland note that the safeguarding of land for a bypass was included within the Caithness Local Plan adopted in 2002. Scottish Planning Policy states in paragraph 275; "Development plans should identify any required new transport infrastructure or public transport services, including cycle and pedestrian routes, trunk road and rail infrastructure...Plans and associated documents, such as supplementary guidance and the action programme, should indicate how new infrastructure or services are to be delivered and phased, and how and by whom any developer contributions will be made. These should be prepared in consultation with all of the parties responsible for approving and delivering the infrastructure." Additionally, SPP states that development plans should; "set out a spatial strategy which is both sustainable and deliverable. providing confidence to stakeholders that the outcomes can be achieved." Currently, Transport Scotland has no plans to fund or deliver a bypass of Thurso, which would connect with the A9 trunk road. The Government's priorities for infrastructure are outlined within the newly updated Progress Report (2013) of the Infrastructure Investment Plan (2011). Any works proposed to the trunk road network will require consultation with and approval from Transport Scotland. The rationale for a bypass should be clearly established through a robust multi modal appraisal exercise. This type of appraisal would assess all modes of travel as part of an objective led approach. The identification of transport interventions should result from the assessment of evidence based transport problems and opportunities of a specific area. A range of transport alternatives should be considered and not focussed on a particular solution. This should be clearly referenced within the plan to ensure developers and other stakeholders are aware of the work required. It is recommended that the Proposed Plan does not include an indicative line or safeguard land for a bypass until such time that the results of an appropriate assessment are known. This is a position that is reiterated to Local Authorities in the preparation of their development plans where such large schemes are proposed without the undertaking of an assessment to determine a scheme's rationale, viability and deliverability.

(4697)

Ensure the proposed bypass route is kept free from development.

(4701)

The south entrance of the proposed bypass route should be at least 300+ metres further south along the A9. This is for road safety purposes, which at present is far to near the sharp corner and the main entrance into the cemetery.

(4700)

Supportive of the proposed new route of the bypass which takes it to the west of the Business Park.

(4898)

There is not a strong case for the bypass due to the decommissioning of Dounreay being almost complete as harbour traffic and railway users will continue to use alternative routes.

(4898)

A bypass will damage the regeneration efforts of Thurso town centre and the existing tourist businesses due to declining footfall numbers and visitors bypassing the town and head straight for Orkney. Benefits from water sports to Thurso would decrease as visitors would not necessarily visit existing businesses.

(4898)

The extension of Provost Cormack Drive is an unsuitable site for a town bypass. The head of the road is elevated with a steep decline on both sides. This will create a blind summit facing almost due south and into the sun at midday. There are two access roads immediately after the blind summit on the south side. The first of these is to John Kennedy Drive and the second a very busy single access route to the whole of High Ormlie

(2031)

Thurso Community Council welcome the continued recognition of the potential bypass route to the west of Thurso and believe a decision on this route should be firmed up within three years of the development plan being approved

TS01/TS02/TS03

(4944, 3666, 4798, 3658, 2016, 5076, 5090, 2031 - Thurso Community Council)

Supportive of all three business and industrial sites for future marine renewables uses. Related issues raised include:

The need for suitable screening to minimise the visual impact from TS05, the potential bypass and any impacts on tourism.

Coastal areas need protected from inappropriate development.

Concerned that significant growth in renewables industry to be up to 20 years away. Cannot rely on renewables or oil/gas industry.

TS03 would be suitable for longer term expansion if required.

(3115)

SEPA note that parts of TS01 may be at risk of flooding from the small watercourses which run down the perimeter of the site. Development Requirement that an FRA may be required and that no development should be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding.

(3115)

SEPA state that part of TS03 may be at risk of flooding from the Burnside Burn which has been straightened. Developer Requirements for (1) measures to be taken to naturalise the course of the watercourse through the site, and (2) FRA and no development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding after any watercourse improvement works.

TS01/TS03

(4700)

There is sufficient business and industrial land already established including at Janetstown Industrial Estate and Thurso Business Park. These should be the priority for future investment as there is a need to encourage reuse of brownfield/vacant employment sites. The existing employment sites are not being protected for employment generating uses for example a church and a whisky storage facility have been approved for the Business Park.

on TS02

(3603)

TS02 should be regenerated to attract more tourists, oil companies, and the marine renewables sector in order to create more jobs

(3116)

SEPA state that much of this site is at risk of flooding from the coast. Developer Requirement for (1) harbour related development only and (2) FRA to inform layout and design.

TS07 – Thurso Harbour

(3672)

Objects to any development on the site as it is claimed the land is unstable and at risk of stormy weather.

(3672, 3681)

Surfing facilities are better located to the east of Thurso Beach (next to canoe club) as this is where the best surf is and the existing access is poor. It is a disgrace that there are not facilities for surfers as it would bring additional business to the town

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of Community uses (recreation only) on TS07.

(3627, 3603, 4944, 4895, 2016, 5092) Supportive of Community allocation at TS07. Relevant issues raised include:

Increased popularity of surfing and so as future generations have a chance to take part in this sport.

Changing facilities and training are needed.

Development of TS07 (along with TS12 and TS13) would greatly improve the appearance of the river front.

Whilst community/amenity use is the prime use here, consideration could be given to Tourism related uses which could complement the harbour/beach areas. It would help provide attractions in Thurso for tourists on their way to Orkney.

Concern over a large/broad brush Community allocation which might stifle future plans of the existing businesses at the harbour site.

(3116)

SEPA state that part of TS07 is at risk of flooding from the sea. Developer Requirement (1) that site be used for water related activities only, and (2) FRA required to inform layout and design.

TS08 – Former Mart Site

(3603, 4895, 4898, 4944, 2031, 5092 - Thurso Community Council)

Supportive of a range of uses to encourage redevelopment of the site. Reasons given include:

The site is an eyesore in the town and for visitors arriving by train.

It is central to the town and could provide land for businesses relocating from TS12 and TS13.

Tesco should be either forced to build or sell the site.

(4898)

Supportive of tourist/leisure uses such as café/tourist information/sports facilities on TS08.

(2016)

Objects to the site being allocated for a supermarket as it is not fit for purpose. At the public enquiry the best design concept shown included a 15 step public access option from Ormlie Road. Not suitable for high volumes of traffic as it is already on a busy road, surrounded by schools and used regularly by hundreds of children. There may already be a problem with CO2 emissions and further development may lead to dangerous levels of pollution. Supports community, business and community uses (e.g. extra parking for the High School).

(4974)

Network Rail note that part of the site should be allocated for car parking for railway users.

TS09

(4944, 2016, 5092, 2031 - Thurso Community Council) Supportive of proposed Community uses, particularly a running track.

(3603)

Supports the Community use and feels that the site should be developed for sports uses including as a running track as the current track is not long enough for 400m events. It would also be used by sporting groups including the North Highland Harriers. It should include changing facilities.

(5111)

Questions the reasons for only half of Viewfirth Park being included within the MIR. Requests that the whole site is allocated for community uses.

(3672)

This site should be kept for a new school as there are structural issues with Miller Academy and Mountpleasant schools.

TS10

(3603)

The site is an eyesore in the town and is in need of regeneration. It could be used for sporting facilities as it is close to existing sports facilities. It is important, however, to protect the appearance of the riverside.

(5092)

Supportive of preferred uses.

(3666)

Supportive of the allocation but any development would need to be sympathetic of the mill itself.

(4944)

Supportive of community and tourism uses only.

(2016)

A great building, site and location for small volume usage.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of Housing, Business, Community, Retail and Tourism uses on TS10.

(2106)

Questions whether the site is Listed.

(3116)

SEPA state that part of TS10 may be at risk of flooding from the River Thurso. Developer Requirement for an FRA and that no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

TS11

(4726)

Caithness Biodiversity Group note the slopes below Juniper Bank are important for biodiversity and this should limit the extent of any development at this site.

(4770, 3603, 4944, 2031 - Thurso Community Council) Supportive of a housing allocation on TS11.

(3603)

The site is an eyesore in the town as a result of the derelict caravan park.

(4798, 5076)

States the actual site is larger than shown in the MIR and it should be shown in its fullest.

(2016)

A good site for housing but it will not benefit the town in anyway.

(5092)

Objects to development on the site due to its proximity to the river, its tranquil location and it being visible from the entrance to the town from the South.

TS12

(3627)

Supportive of the Mixed Use allocation which helps provides flexibility. In the event that industrial uses are replaced with residential (which would enhance this area of the town) consideration should be given to ensuring sufficient land for industrial provision elsewhere on the West of the river, especially as this location may be more important for businesses which service Thurso & Wick.

(2161)

Respondent questions the proposals for the site and the need for change as it is currently occupied by houses, retailers and businesses

(2016)

Supportive (assumed) of proposed uses but highlights that the road is busy with traffic and the existing businesses would need relocated first.

(3666)

Development of TS07 (along with TS12 and TS13) would greatly improve the appearance of the river front as it is currently an eyesore. Development needs to enhance the harbour

(4944)

Supportive of proposed uses. Industrial development should be directed towards established industrial estates.

TS12/TS13

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of TS12 and TS13 subject to buffer zone between any future development and river being created and successful relocation of existing businesses.

(3116)

SEPA state that parts of TS12 and TS13 may be at risk of flooding from the River Thurso and the

sea. Developer Requirement for an FRA and that no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

(4705)

Respondent objects to development on the sites and notes that SEPA have identified that parts of the sites are at risk of flooding and there is no information in the MIR on how these issues will be dealt with. Prefers the site to be recreational greenspace. TS13 also has restricted access from George Street with a narrow track past Bridgend House.

(3666)

Flooding issues need to be considered

(4895, 5092)

Development of TS12 and TS13 would greatly improve the appearance of the river front. The current industrial buildings are an eyesore and project a negative image of the town to any visitors.

(5092)

An iconic footbridge would help to link it directly with the town centre and improve the tourist appeal.

(2014)

Respondent notes the desire to make more of the riverfront and connect it with landward Caithness as discussed at the Charrette. As part of this it would be beneficial to redevelop the unattractive buildings at the riverfront.

(4944)

Supportive of proposed uses.

(2016)

Supportive of a mix of retail, business and housing on TS13. Access is a big problem. Non-vehicular access may be a solution.

TS14

(4944, 5092) Supportive of housing allocation.

(2016)

Currently being built out.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of mix of uses on TS14.

(3116)

SEPA note that the SEA Environmental Report identifies that TS14 are in an area of blanket peat coverage. The map-based and photographic information we hold does not suggest this is the case. However if you have better information (for example you have visited the site) and you are confident this is the case then a Developer Requirement should be included requiring (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed.

TS15 (4944) Supports preferred use.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of Housing and Community uses on TS15

(3116)

SEPA state part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a small watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding.

TS16

(4944)

Supports housing allocation.

(4798)

States that the site actually stretches all the way to the driving range/golf course and questions why this has been omitted.

(2016)

Questions whether TS16 would help deliver wider benefits to the town.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supports a Mixed Use allocation of Housing and Business due to proximity of hospital (assumed)

(5092)

Objects to housing on TS16 as there is no need for further housing.

(3602)

Landowners of the site supportive of its inclusion for housing uses. It has direct access from the industrial estate and from Henderson Street. Access points owned by landowner. It is slightly elevated giving views over the surrounding area. It would not obstruct any other properties. It is allocated for housing in the current local plan and the landowner has developed sites at Heathfield since the current plan was adopted. As indicated in the landowner's responses to the Housing Land Audit the land is available and free of constraints. Other sites which have been preferred in the MIR (TS06/TS18) have had a history of objections and public local enquiries have concluded that large sections should be protected. They also contradict HwLDP policy on Settlement Setting (page 154).

TS04/TS06/TS17

(3629, 4944)

It is illogical to exclude TS17 on the grounds that it is removed from employment sites when there is no clear idea of the location or nature of future employment sites. The wider landscape impacts claimed as a reason for the exclusion of TS17 should apply equally if not more so to TS04 and TS06.

(4705)

Respondent supportive of TS17 being allocated for development as it considered to have many advantages over preferred sites including good quality access to existing amenities which reduces the need to travel and access to the East of Caithness.

(5092)

Considers the extent land at TS17 proposed is too large but supportive of a small expansion of the preferred housing siteTS14 into TS17.

(4948)

If more housing is needed then respondent supportive of TS17 being allocated as it would have limited visual impact, on a regular bus route, and it close to the town centre.

(2016)

Respondent highlights major traffic, remoteness and landownership issues on TS17. Prefers that Thurso expands to the west.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of non-preference of TS17.

(5084)

No reasons for excluding TS17 when sites in the west are being allocated for development.

(1902)

Cllr Willie Mackay would like to see an extension of the housing allocation into the adjacent fields on the same side of the A836.

TS15/TS20

(4683)

Supports non-preferred status as planning permission has previously been refused for TS20 and the local water and sewerage system do not have capacity at present on either TS20 or TS15

TS19

(4944)

Support a housing allocation on TS19.

(5092) Supports non-preference.

TS20

(5092) Supports non-preference.

Thurso West

General Strategy

(3650)

There is a clear strategy for the town to grow to the west but at present there is no indication as to priorities (assumed phasing) and it gives the impression of haphazard development. More detailed 'area by area preferences should be shown'.

(3650)

The strategy fails to identify any opportunities on the east of Thurso despite 'obvious sites potentially available'.

TS04

(3116)

SEPA state that part of TS04 may be at risk of flooding from the Wolf Burn. Developer Requirements for (1) FRA and no development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding, and (2) watercourse to be integrated into the design of the development as a positive feature. Also, to protect existing water users of the Wolf Burn, we request a Developer Requirement for an enlarged buffer to the watercourse (we recommend 20 m) and text highlighting that discharges to this watercourse are unlikely to be acceptable.

(204)

SNH understand that there is a proposal for community woodland as part of this option, especially

to the SW of the potential bypass route (p 44). Newlands of Geise Mire SSSI which lies to the south of TS04 is a ground water dependant wetland. Planting trees in certain areas of TS04 could affect the ground water which is linked to the SSSI. SNH have been in discussions with the consultants for this proposed woodland and have suggested areas where planting should be avoided to protect the ground water. In these sensitive areas SNH have suggested alternative management to benefit biodiversity rather than planting trees, which would still have access, community and natural heritage benefits. This should be reflected in detailed policy text to accompany any allocation of TS04, in the overall context of there being no adverse impact on Newlands of Geise Mire SSSI.

(5089, 5102)

Objects to Mixed Use developments on TS04. Reasons given include:

The economy is expected to decline due to the decommissioning of Dounreay and Vulcan facilities, the lack of progress in the marine renewables industry and the falling oil prices.

The main reason for new housing at that time was the growth in employment resulting from the decommissioning of Dounreay. This work has now peaked and is in decline.

There is declining and an ageing population and young people are moving away. The need for future housing in Thurso has been significantly overestimated and is based on seriously out of date information (the current HNDA). Additional housing led to a surplus of private and low cost housing. This is confirmed by the house price data in the MIR which shows Thurso has the lowest house prices in Highland.

It is on a north west facing slope and highly exposed to the prevailing wind from the north coast. Older residents will prefer more sheltered locations such as the town centre.

Council Ward Information shows that there has been low numbers of new housing built in the last 5 years and the current stock is adequate.

The background studies to the MIR show that the population of Caithness is in decline and there a surplus of low cost housing in Caithness.

The moorland is an unspoilt natural moor habitat (last grazed 12 years ago) and if properly developed could provide an important recreation area for residents and visitors as it is accessible from the town and has a wide variety of wildlife interests.

Developing TS04 would lead to the 'doughnut impact on the town which has ruined many towns in UK and North America'.

(5092)

Respondent notes the size of the site and questions whether there is demand for such a level of housing. If it is required then TS04 is considered suitable.

(4739)

A limited amount of development on TS04 may be suitable.

(2016)

Landowner of most of TS04 notes that the site has been in the Local Plan since 2002 but that expensive infrastructure, drainage and legal issues need to be overcome first. Considers that business development will kick start development of TS04 at some point. Planned community woodland will benefit the town and stimulate further development in the area. Emphasises the need for a bypass route to be confirmed and a masterplan drawn up.

(3629)

The 2006 planning application for TS04 attracted considerable opposition and will do so again

unless strenuous efforts are made to reduce the impact on existing residents by effective landscaping and avoiding any construction which will result in buildings projecting over the existing skyline to the west of Thurso.

(3672)

There was planning permission granted (but now lapsed) for housing on TS04 and this should be reapplied for and built up before developing elsewhere.

(4771, 3304)

Support mixed use development on TS04 and TS06

(4705)

Wolfburn Distillery relies on the high quality and steady quantity of water from Wolf Burn and any upstream development could impact on this. As a result it could affect the business and jobs.

(4898)

TS04 is not suitable for housing. It must be protected for recreational use and tourism development due to the panoramic views from the site of Caithness and Sutherland. It is natural moorland and is important for biodiversity. Moorland walks could be created like what has happened at Dunnet Forest.

(4898)

The proposed by-pass through TS04 is not required and would lead to access/safety concerns from Provost Cormack Drive. If a bypass was required then better alternative routes are available.

(3666)

Supportive of TS04 as it is already allocated for Mixed Use, adjoins existing housing, is on the edge of bypass route, elevated position provides excellent views and does not detract from view into Thurso.

(4944)

If major new housing is found to be required then TS04 is preferred over TS06 as it will help deliver the bypass, remove congestion of Castlegreen Road and assist with the link between Scrasbter Harbour and Janetstwon Industrial Estate.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council support Housing, Business, Openspace and Community uses at TS04.

TS05

(4686)

Any new housing to the west of Bishops Drive should have its own access from the Thurso / Scrabster road. An increase in traffic through the existing estate would impact on the lives of the residents. The road junction at the Weigh Inn should have been replaced with a roundabout before the existing West Gills was built. This junction must be replaced due to the Scrabster industrial changes let alone any new housing.

(2016)

Supportive of TS05 but emphasises that a phasing strategy is presented for the town

(2031)

Community Council supports TS05 subject to green buffer zones being created for future access to TS01 and TS03 and future bypass route.

(4700, 4700, 4944) Objects to the allocation of TS05 for housing. Reasons given include:

Sufficient housing land allocated at TS04 and TS14.

When Dounreay decommissioning is complete there will be fewer jobs and an over supply of housing so there is no need to allocate more housing land.

The land is very fertile ground and criss-crossed with dry stone walls which provides an attractive outlook from the town.

Housing allocation on TS05 will conflict in terms of noise, pollution etc with the adjoining industrial sites (TS1 and TS03).

Priority should be on brownfield land before developed greenfield land.

(4705)

Parts of the site are prone to flooding and if drainage issues are not addressed then additional housing could exacerbate the problem.

(5092)

If further housing land is required then TS05 would be suitable as it adjoins the recent housing at West Gills.

(3116)

SEPA state that part of TS05 may be at risk of flooding from the Burnside Burn which has been straightened. Developer Requirements for (1) measures to be taken to naturalise the course of the watercourse through the site, and (2) FRA and no development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding after any watercourse improvement works.

TS06 & TS18

(4897, 4899, 4839, 3666, 4948, 3601, 4944, 3599, 3640, 2073, 4937, 4936, 4658, 4798, 5076, 5078, 5079, 5081, 3651, 5089, 5095, 5092, 5090, 5022, 3681, 3608, 5103, 5130, 5102, 5103, 5118, 5094, 4739) Objects to development on TS06 and TS18,

(3678, 3666, 3629, 3650, 3603, 5084, 4979, 5066, 5056) Objects to development of TS06 only and

(4768, 2014, 2048, 4977, 3595, 5123, 5121) Objects to development on TS18 only. The reasons given include:

General issues covering both sites:

Sense of openness of the area and the green spaces are important to the setting of the town. Recognised as an important open greenspace which adds character to the north west of Thurso and the approach into the town. It will create an overdeveloped feel which is what makes the place attract to people who want to relocate to the area.

"Policies in HwLDP protect views over open water and the Settlement Setting".

The site should be protected for community and open space uses including outdoor recreation (picnic area, shrub/tree planting, active travel links, play areas for children etc) as this will link to the Highland Play Strategy).

The current Amenity allocation must be preserved. The current local plan states that the Council will explore the availability of funding to develop open land to the north of Pennyland Farm as a public park and playing fields.

It is prime agricultural land which is regularly used for livestock grazing. This helps maintain a healthy balance of land uses in the area.

It helps preserve the distinction between Thurso and Scrabster and development of the sites would be detrimental to both settlements. The importance of maintaining green networks and avoiding coalescence between settlements is set out in the HwLDP.

There have been strong objections to developing the site for over a decade. Previous Public Local Inquiries of 1994, 2001 (as part of the preparation of the Caithness Local Plan) and 2007 have concluded that the area should be protected as openspace. It is reported that one Enquiry Reporter concluded that "Available land and a willing owner does not justify development through either local plan use allocation or the granting of planning permission."

The landowner is only looking to benefit from the increase in land value.

The proposals at TS06 and TS18 conflict with national policy on town centres (e.g. National Review of Town Centres) highlights the need for local authorities to support town centres before considering development elsewhere. There are numerous vacant and derelict buildings in Thurso town centre which could be developed before sites at Pennyland.

Royal Hotel states that a hotel would result in an over provision of accommodation in Thurso. Two large existing hotels close during the winter months due to a lack of business.

It will put people off coming to the county.

Pennyland should be protected through the Special Landscape Area designation.

Mixed Use allocation on TS06

Residential and mixed use development could severely compromise the sense of openness Respondent understands that potential developers are already interested in the site.

There is no need to build houses on TS06 as there is already planning permission for 400 new houses at land on TS04. There is also sufficient housing land identified elsewhere in the town, e.g. TS05. There is no need for further housing land to be identified as there were only 170 house completions between 2006 and 2010.

Pentland Housing Association has owned land at TS04 which has never been built due to lack of demand.

There is no demand for additional housing due to economic (decommissioning of Dounreay, lack of progress with marine renewables) and demographic changes (ageing and declining population, declining school roles) facing the area (see above).

Commercial development should be located at existing business parks, the town centre or the Enterprise Area.

Other suitable sites which have not been considered include Springpark, Heathfield and north land of Dunbar Hospital. Land adjacent to TS16 has been omitted from the Plan.

There is already a live planning application for a supermarket on TS08. There is no need for another supermarket since the existing Lidl has expanded. Two supermarkets within close proximity of each other is not appropriate. If there was found to be demand then the former mart site is more suitable.

There is already a problem with congestion at the nearby junction during rush hour.

Only if no alternative site can be found that we should consider TS06.

Tourism/Leisure allocation on TS18:

The views should be protected. It would breach the Council's own policy on protecting open views to seascapes.Last remaining area which provides uninterrupted views from the A9 out to the Bay. Development on this site would spoil the sense of place and ambience.

The SEA Environmental Report Landscape Objective recognises the importance of the landscape and aims to protect it from inappropriate development.

Visitors would be put off visiting the town if the site was developed. It would detract from the impression which visitors get when arriving from the West.

It will detract from Victoria Walk which is an important tourist attraction.

Disagrees that Thurso should aim not to be a stepping stone for visitors going to Orkney as Orkney have been successful in marketing the area and Thurso benefits from this.

A view is not important for a hotel and tourists would only consider it a bonus rather than a necessity.

There is no demand or a business case for another hotel, particularly with Dounreay closing. Two large hotels in Thurso close of the winter period. There has also been a substantial increase in the number of accommodation in Caithness over recent years, e.g. Natural Retreats. These hotels received large public sector financial support and this could be wasted.

If the hotel business fails it may then be considered for alternative uses.

If there was a business case made then it should be located in the town centre. A new hotel if required should be built at the business park or on TS01 or TS03.

Questions the figures on number of guests and jobs created which a hotel could attract presented by the landowner and quoted in the local media.

Any jobs created would be displaced from existing businesses. Create undue competition with Thurso's six other hotels. Tourism jobs are not the most desirable due to them often being seasonal, low paid and low skilled.

A hotel will not attract people to the area. It would simply pull visitors away from existing hotels in the area. Marketing of the area is the only way to drive tourism.

The development would be built for tourists and not local residents to enjoy the area.

There are alternative sites which could be better developed for a hotel, e.g. on land at TS04, Bridgend, former mart site, Thurso Castle or old crab factory. Brownfield sites should be a priority.

Visitors need to have better experiences in Thurso so they return to and recommend the area. The 'green buffer' would along the road side would be better along the existing houses at Pennyland to protect their view.

Coastal stability and the impact on the caves below Victoria Walk are a concern as erosion is already visible along Scrabster Road.

There is already a problem with sewage in the nearby coastal area and any new development would add to this.

Identification of the sites would contradict several statements in the CaSPIan strategy including sufficient levels of housing land already identified, focusing new development in and around town centres, protecting and promoting town centres, minimising impacts on the landscape and natural landscape, and creating/maintaining green networks.

(4977, 4979)

If the hotel was to go ahead it should be no closer to Victoria Walk than the camp site building.

(3678)

There is potential to develop in the grounds of Pennyland House and this would remove any pressure to develop on the fields at Pennyland.

(3629)

With Tesco declaring that it is no longer developing TS08 it is now available for housing and this would relive pressure to develop TS04 and TS06.

(3672)

If TS06 was developed for housing there should be amenities such as shops, bus services and community uses

(204)

TS18 slightly overlaps with Pennylands SSSI, which would require attention if this site does not remain non-preferred.

(4792, 4790, 4779, 4787, 4766, 4761, 4745, 4844, 4840, 2032, 3603, 5069, 5077, 5078, 4955, 4954, 4953, 5085, 4978, 4983, 4941, 4763, 5096, 5091, 5012, 5018, 5041, 5042, 5043, 5044, 5052, 4934, 5059, 5131, 4984, 5101, 4932, 5051) (assumed support: 4794, 4771, 4770, 4765, 4755, 4849, 3304, 5073)

Supportive of a Leisure, Tourism and Openspace allocation on TS18. Reasons given include:

The proposals will help deliver the wider strategy/outcomes for the area and would help to drive further investment in the town.

It would help to retain young people in the area.

It would be a significant improvement to the town and Caithness as a whole in terms of modernisation and investment for future generations.

Thurso needs developments such as this which make the most of the unique location to continue to prosper. Maximise the area's natural assets and the views over Thurso Bay for tourists and local residents. The proposals would help people to enjoy the view out to sea.

It will be an important addition to the tourism offer in Thurso which at present lacks facilities/attractions for visitors.

A quality hotel in this location would also lead to improved coastal walkway which would be significant improvement to the area.

The site is within walking distance of Thurso town centre and of Scrabster and to local facilities.

There is a lack of high-quality tourist accommodation. There is great demand for such a hotel from tourists and people visiting for business. It would help attract and retain more visitors to the town. It would attract more people to the area which would lead to a boost for other businesses and hotels.

Reassurance that it is a local businessman who is proposing the development and not a multinational corporation. The landowner is considered to be determined to deliver the project. Landowner has good reputation in the hospitality industry.

The investment would far outweigh the small loss of view.

The community would be proud of such a facility.

The pub/restaurant in this location would be used a great deal by local residents.

Indirectly help to deliver newer housing.

The site is largely unused at present with sheep grazing during the summer months only.

To much emphasis has been given to individual's views from their houses (which would not be particularly obstructed).

(4839)

TS06 and TS18 form a natural break between Thurso and Scrabster and enhance the appearance of both places. Even low density development would have a detrimental impact on the 'visitor impression of Thurso'.

(2032, 4840)

Supportive of a new hotel on TS18 in the best possible location for overlooking the sea and the best view as the proposal is for a high quality building. The hotel should be as close to the town centre as possible to ensure easy walking distance.

(4940)

"TS18 should be developed into an amenity that will benefit the town and community. This is an ideal location for development that would capture the imagination of locals and tourists alike"

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supportive of Housing, Business, Community and Openspace uses on TS06.

(2031)

Thurso Community Council supports a Mixed Use (business, tourism and community uses) allocation on TS18 as they consider there is an opportunity to develop the site into much needed tourist related business. It would also be nearer to town centre allowing the benefit of business spin-off. Any future development of this site could also allow improvement of the coastal walk.

(3304, 5077)

Supportive of the community woodland proposal.

(2016)

Landowner of TS18, TS06 and most of TS04 responded making the following points:

He is a local resident who was born and brought up in Thurso and emphasises he has Thurso's best interests at heart. As an owner of several businesses he has had a good understanding of the issues facing and opportunities in Thurso for over 30 years.

Thurso Charrette - Mr Taylor highlights that the Thurso Charrette (which helped to inform the MIR) was carried out by independent planning and design consultants who had no pre-conceived ideas of the town. Emphasises that the consultants looked at the town from a fresh point of view and together with input from attendees identified areas for development which had not previously been considered. The only proposal which wasn't debated during the charrette was the hotel/community site on TS18. Following the charrette Mr Taylor commissioned the consultants to prepare a masterplan for his land which emphasised public space and community benefit.

Community debate – following the publication of the MIR and the subsequent non-preference of TS18 Mr Taylor looked to start a debate on his proposals to raise support TS18 amongst the local community. Surprised by the level of support for TS18 and TS06.

Plans for Thurso West – Plans have been identified for expansion of the town to the west since 2002 but a couple of proposed developments which would have kick started the expansion have been thwarted.

Commercial interest – Mr Taylor is the landowner of a large proportion of the allocated land in Thurso and has been approached by various types of businesses interested in locating to the town. As a result he states that land should be allocated for housing, retail, different types of hotel accommodation, tourism, business and technology.

The Plan benefits from several of the large potential development sites being owned by one family. Opportunity to create a masterplan for much of the west side of Thurso.

Attracting investment - Scrabster is positioning itself for growth and the new Local Development Plan has to be ready for, willing and flexible enough to accommodate change. Wishes to see 'attracting investment' promoted as a key aim of Thurso. The economy is recovering and development of TS04, TS06 and TS18 can deliver a brighter and sustainable future for the town.

TS18 - with very considered and careful design, the benefits, both financial and community, far outweigh any small loss of amenity in this area. Amenity value will be improved as there is limited amenity value at present.

Considers TS06 is key to kick starting the proposals in CaSPlan.

280 acres available for the community woodland and a path network and green spaces coming down all the way to the hotel will deliver something great.

ADDITIONAL SITES

Viewfirth Park (extension to TS09)

(2155) 'Should be left as it is'

(4944)

Objects to Viewfirth Park being allocated for Community uses. Reasons given include:

The site is constrained and does not allow for potential expansion

New facilities should consolidated with existing facilities

The area is residential and the increase in traffic would result in congestion problems.

(5111, 5210, 5211, 5213, 4756, 5216, 5217, 5219, 5220, 5221, 5227, 5230, 5231, 5232, 5233, 5235, 5236, 5237, 5238, 5240, 4800) Supportive of the extended Community allocation at Viewfirth Park. Reasons given include:

Sporting facilities would be a very useful and necessary facility for the area.

There is a significant lack of sporting facilities in the town and wider area.

New sporting facilities on the site would reflect the park's original use.

North Highland Harriers running club is thriving and the club is in need of better facilities. It would be a major boost for youth development.

The site benefits from a central location and good links from public transport.

The sports clubs provide a focus for health and fitness for a range of abilities and the facilities at present are sub standard.

Many active sports clubs in the area (e.g. athletics, running and gymnastics) which would greatly benefit from a purpose built sports centre.

Current users of the park (e.g. dog walkers) may not need to be excluded from the area if it was to be redeveloped.

Within a residential area and close to schools which means it is very accessible.

It is a brownfield site which is better being restored than lying derelict.

The openspace is wasted at present and there is a problem with dog fouling.

Current 400m+ events are held at the boating pond which is 426m in diameter.

Athletics club is a maximum capacity due to restrictions in the existing venues.

Any tall building should be kept in a central position as not over impact on privacy of local residents.

The existing play park should be improved as part of the plans for a new sports facility.

(4678)

Supportive of a community centre at Viewfirth Park

(2087)

When reviewing development plan consultations, sportscotland endeavours to identify all outdoor sports facility sites in respect of which we are a statutory consultee where there is an indication that they are proposed for allocation. Whilst it is appreciated that there are no clear plans at this stage as to how the sites may be developed, sportscotland respectfully request that the following comments be considered if the sites are to be allocated in the Plan.

The proposed development is ancillary to the principal use of the site as an outdoor sports facility;

The proposed development involves a minor part of the outdoor sports facility and would not affect its use and potential for sport and training;

The outdoor sports facility which would be lost would be replaced either by a new facility of comparable or greater benefit for sport in a location which is convenient for its users, or by the upgrading of an existing outdoor sports facility to provide a facility of better quality on the same site or at another location that is convenient for its users and which maintains or improves the overall playing capacity in the area; or

The relevant strategy and consultation with sportscotland show that there is a clear excess of provision to meet current and anticipated demand in the area, and that the site could be developed without detriment to the overall quality of provision.

If sportscotland are correct in identifying the outdoor sports facilities on these sites then we recommend:

Retention of the outdoor sports facility for that use; or As part of the LDP process, consideration of the loss of the outdoor sports facility against the criteria outlined in paragraph 226 of SPP to assess whether national policy is satisfied; or If none of the criteria outlined in paragraph 226 of SPP have been met and the site is still to be allocated for redevelopment, acknowledgment in the text of the Plan referring to the site containing/impacting upon an outdoor sports facility, and reference to the need for the requirements of the SPP to be met at the planning application stage.

(5222)

Supportive of development of a new sports centre in Thurso but unsure whether Viewfirth is the best location.

(204)

The 2010 open space audit for Thurso carried out for the Highland Council does not identify whether there is a need for a new sports facility in Thurso, nor whether Viewfirth Park in its current form is a green/open space valued for recreation/use as an outdoor sports facility. The public comments submitted as part of the current consultation on the additional allocation site may give the Council some indication of local feeling and needs for this site and Thurso in general. SNH advice is that the park in its current form is likely to have some amenity, recreational and open/green space value, therefore any new development should seek to maintain and/or enhance these attributes where possible

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

To be reported to PDI Committee

Issue 7: Tongue

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Tongue	
List of respondents (in	cluding customer number):	
Scott Coghill (4685) Julie Thompson (4694) John Ferguson (4698) Highland Council CPAN Stuart Nicholson (4725) Scottish Natural Heritag Scottish Environment Pr North Coast Connection Ngaire Mingham (5097) Wild Land Ltd. (5114) Altnaharra Estate (4579 Bob Reid for Wild Land G Skene for Peter Burr Paul Houghton Planning John Cormack (2106)	e (204) rotection Agency (3115) (5088)) Ltd. (5025)	
Summary of the comm	ents received:	

General

Report should carry over mitigation identified in SEA Environmental Report (204)

Development of the area should be supported, rather than concentrating growth on east coast 4579)

A potential tourism development proposal currently at the design stage (at the time of writing) is being explored in Tongue and the surrounding area. It was highlighted that this proposal may bring a potential 100 jobs to NW Sutherland. A detailed initial masterplan was submitted alongside comments to the online consultation form. The masterplan detailed a series of destination points linked by existing and potential new accesses (roads/ tracks) on the stretch of land between Loch Hope across the Kyle of Tongue, to the settlement of Tongue. Details for each of the destinations is provided as well as outline masterplan-style sketch proposals for Tongue that include the sites identified in the MIR as well as additional sites within the SDA, identified over two phases. The need for additional housing to accommodate such an increase in jobs is highlighted, as is the developer's keenness to work with the community and Council on the proposals, and integrate the proposals into the community. The proposals include the refurbishment, upgrading and conversion of various 'destinations, farm steadings, hunting lodges and keeper cottages into high-quality tourist accommodation, working and service buildings, spa facilities and 'hub' buildings. The proposal includes a suite of planning-related proposals including road, tack and public access upgrades, additions, removals and alterations (5025; 5114)

All streets are not identified on map and sites are not identified in clockwise order (italicised is assumed). Why are there two roads at top of map both labelled A838 & no sign of the A836 mentioned in the para below TG04 page 76 (italicised verbatim) (2106)

The introduction should include a clear statement requiring all allocations to connect to public waste water drainage (3115)

Placemaking Priorities

Addition of 'Development should be of a quality reflective of its location within the Kyle of Tongue National Scenic Area' (204)

TG01

Customer highlights that their house is incorrectly included within the site. Raises issue with surface runoff, wastewater arrangements and suggests limited electricity supply (4694). Parts of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding (3115)

TG02

Some customers unsupportive of development on the SW part of site adjacent to Varrich Place. Suggest the portion of the site north of Varrich Place as alternative for development. Concern over impacts on residents' views. Alternative site uses have been submitted in addition to customers' comments, these are to form a viewpoint across the Kyle to Castle Varrich (4685; 4698; 4725; 204)

TG03

Support site and request change of use from housing to mixed use to include business and residential. (3627)

Unsupportive of site for housing use. Suggests change of use to include business (for the specific use of a care home) (5088)

Parts of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding (3115)

Suggest change of use of site from housing to community/ business (assumed) to support use of site for care home (5097)

TG04

Parts of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding (3115) Concerns over road safety and parking if an access is taken to the site from the western part of the A838 raised (5057)

Customer highlights that part of site currently allocated in Sutherland Local Plan; indicated a local car mechanic business is interested in developing on the site; and requests the allocation is carried forward in CaSPlan. The customer provides detailed site description that can be summarised as follows:

Site bound by A838, fire station and a range of fencing and woodland.

Site is steep sloping with a westerly aspect.

Multiple constraints are highlighted: A & B-listed buildings nearby (Tongue House; Tongue Parish Church, Cemetery and gatepiers; Tongue Manse, steading and gatepiers); proximity of site to Tongue House Designed Landscape; potential ecological (Kirkiboll Burn) and archaeological interests that may require survey.

Site access can be taken from both east and west sides of the A838 road, and customer suggests also potential for shared access with fire station site.

Customer also highlights key reasons why the site would be an effective allocation, citing PAN 2/2010 effective sites test:

Land owner willing to release land for development

Site not at risk of flooding or ground instability

Vehicular accesses could be provided at upper and lower roads on the site to the required standard.

Slope is an issue, but scope for road-frontage development. Suggests 2/3 along west boundary of site, and 5/6 along east boundary of a density and design in keeping with the settlement.

Customer states that client (landowner of site) is flexible to extent of site for development; type of ownership (private/ affordable/ self-build plots), and type of development, should needs other than housing be identified for Tongue.

Mature vegetation not considered a constraint to developing site, and additional planting could be used to reinforce screening between any new development and the designed landscape to the north (4639)

TG05

Agree with site preference to non-prefer site. Cite potential impacts on qualities of the NSA and natural heritage assets as important reasons for safeguarding from development (204) Agree that part of the site within the SDA is not appropriate for development, due to its contribution to the settlement setting, and agree with non-preference of part of site outwith SDA, but highlighting that development on that part of the site should still be considered under Highland-wide policies (4639)

'No Reference'

Customer refers to the playing field south on Tongue Primary School, agreeing that the land should remain in the SDA boundary and accepting the land should remain undeveloped open space (4639)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

To be reported to PDI Committee

Issue 7: Wick

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Wick		
List of respondents (including customer number):			
Gordon Johnson (4679)		Robert Cormack (5020)	
THC CPAM Team (362	27)	Jill Smith (5045)	
Elspeth McLeod (4727)	27) WM Sinclair (5053)		
CliveTeuchert (2023)		NDA Properties Ltd (5128)	

CliveTeuchert (2023)NDA Properties Ltd (5128)Michael Smith on behalf of MM MillerA Crowe (5104)(2125)Mr and Mrs Paterson (5106)John Cormack (2106)Historic Scotland (4616)SNH (204)SEPA (3115)Crown Estate (4836)Bill Mowat (1365)

Summary of the comments received:

General

Investment required to improve the key entry points into the town to make it more attractive to visitors (4679)

The level of dereliction of buildings and walls is a problem and detracts from the image of a thriving community (4679)

The choice of Wick as the operations and maintenance base for the Beatrice offshore wind farm should be acknowledged under SDA section for Wick (4836)

Respondent questions whether now is the time to reconsider the inclusion of a bypass of Wick. Reasons given include the growth of the energy industry in the Pentland Firth and Orkney Waters. Every other town along the A9 has now been bypassed with the except of towns and villages in Sutherland and Caithness. (1365)

WK04

There should have been a reference to the National Nuclear Archive and its employment opportunities; and also the potential tourism potential of the local Caithness Archive which will be housed in the same building. This is a major asset not being properly exploited by Highlife Highland. (4679)

This is the site of the nuclear archive centre (2106)

Supportive of preferred status (3627)

Council bin lorry depot and recycling area (2106)

Support preferred site in the MIR both the retained industrial and business allocation from the Caithness Local Plan and the addition of community uses identified in MIR. Respondent highlights that a planning application has been lodged for the NDA (Nuclear Decommissioning Authority) Archive facility which includes the erection of a new building, formation of parking/access and landscaping. The proposed development is of a particularly high quality that looks to utilise a vacant brownfield site which will make a significant contribution to the local economy and create a number of jobs in the area. The proposed NDA Archive reflects the emerging land use allocation for the site. Specifically, the preferred uses at the site as identified in the MIR enables the proposed development which will be beneficial to Wick and the wider area. (5128)

WK05

Supportive of preferred status (3627)

WK06

Playpark and coastal paths (2106)

WK07

Concerns over feasibility of proposals, reasons 'for building on a sunken ammunition ship' and other harbour constraints including site deposits and vulnerability to south and east winds. (2106)

WK07 is an amalgamation of the existing harbour area in the NW, a disused quarry in the SE, and an intervening strip of coastal land joining these sites. This central strip of coastal land would appear to have some amenity value, with footpaths, and is zoned for Amenity in the current Caithness Local Plan. It is unclear what is intended for this part of WK07, and it may be no more than to provide access between the harbour, the quarry area and perhaps WK06. If the whole of WK07 is taken forward to the Proposed Plan as an Industrial harbour-related allocation, it should provide for the maintenance as much as possible of the amenity value of the area between the lifeboat slipway and the quarry. (204)

Much of WK07 is at risk of flooding from the sea. Developer Requirement for (1) harbour related developments only and (2) FRA to inform layout and design. (3115)

WK08

Supportive of preferred status (3627)

WK09

Respondent uncertain as to what is planned for the site. However they object to it being allocated for industrial uses as there are noise issues, particularly at night. (4727)

Site should have regard to the watercourse running through/adjacent, e.g. it can form a component part of a green network here (204)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

WK10

The site should be called 'The Shore' not 'Shore Road'. (2106, 5020)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the sea. Developer Requirement for a FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

WK11

Supportive of preferred status (3627)

Area built on pure sand and respondent questions what will happen when global sea levels rise. (2106)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the Wick River and the sea. Developer Requirement that (1) areas of development adjacent to the coastline will require an FRA and no new development to be located in any areas shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

WK12

Supportive of preferred status as this gives greater flexibility in finding a future use for the site (3627)

Respondent recommends that the Council purchases the land for the expansion of the cemetery which is 90% full. (2106)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. Cemeteries can have a detrimental impact on groundwater. Their acceptability, including the potential location and scale of development at a site, can be assessed only following intrusive ground investigation. In the absence of such information, SEPA reserve position on the acceptability of this extension. If no further information is provided a Development Requirement should be attached requiring intrusive ground investigation to be undertaken in line with SEPA's Groundwater Protection Policy (or Cemetery Guidance, if it is published by then) before any development occurs at the site. It should be highlighted that the findings of the investigation may indicate that the site is not suitable for an extension to the cemetery due to an unavoidable impact on groundwater. (3115)

WK13

"West of Green Road East of George St and including old abbatoir" (2106)

Respondent states that "WK 25 is described as being North of Green Road, the nearby North point on the plan clearly shows this to be totally wrong. The site shown lies to the West and North West of Green Road". (It is assumed this refers to WK13) (5020)

WK14

Supportive of preferred status (3627)

WK15

Supportive of preferred status as this gives greater flexibility in finding a future use for the site (3627)

WK16

Not much ground left after new children's home put up in 2014. (Council) car park too big. (2106)

WK18

East/south half is a bog and needs complete draining (2106)

SEPA note that the ER identifies that WK18 is in an area of blanket peat coverage. The mapbased and photographic information SEPA hold does not suggest this is the case. If this is the case then a Developer Requirement should be included requiring (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. (3115)

WK19/20/21/22

Approx a mile from the town centre. (2106)

WK20

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for a FRA and no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. In addition, to protect existing water users of the nearby watercourse we also request Developer Requirement text highlighting that discharges to this watercourse are unlikely to be acceptable. (3115)

WK21/22

Site should have regard to the watercourse running through/adjacent, e.g. it can form a component part of a green network here (204)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from a watercourse. Developer Requirement for a FRA and no development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. In addition, to protect existing water users of the watercourse we also request a Developer Requirement for an

enlarged buffer to the watercourse (we recommend 20 m) and text highlighting that discharges to this watercourse are unlikely to be acceptable. (3115)

WK22

Supportive of preferred status as this gives greater flexibility in finding a future use for the site (3627)

North West corner has mill lade through it built by Thomas Telford. Concerns over whether it is a Listed building. (2106)

WK23

Concerns over proximity to waste water treatment plant. (2106)

Part of the site may be at risk of flooding from the sea. Developer Requirement for an FRA and no new development should be located in the area shown to be at risk of flooding. (3115)

WK23/WK27

Objects to further housing development at WK27 and WK23 due to significant growth in population (quotes a report by THC that Broadhaven was the fastest growth in any of the Highland wards of "26% growth") but there has been no investment in infrastructure or facilities. The increase in population has resulted in increased levels and speed of traffic in the area. Respondent states that there have been two fatal road accidents and several serious incidents since they have lived there with one car crashing into their garden. Requests for traffic calming measures have been refused by the Council for reasons that it was a bus route and it was a clearly marked 30mph area. The respondent claims Broadhaven Road has become a racetrack and that immediate action is required to address the problem. The elderly residents of the care home and other vulnerable residents are at risk when they are out walking in the area.

There is also a lack of greenspaces in the area for residents and visitors. Respondent emphasises that green spaces and networks benefit communities as they enhance quality of life and sense of place, benefiting wildlife and biodiversity ensuring Wick is an attractive place for people to visit, live, work and bring up their children. There are no children's playparks close by with the only playing fields at Hillhead School which is due to close meaning there will be no assistance for crossing the road. Children often play on the street and along the cliffs and shore at North Head.

Respondent states that the land at North Head is becoming increasingly more instable with paths and fences being eroded away. Serious considerable is required to determine whether it is suitable for increased population in this area.

WK23 is not suitable for children's play area due to the proximity to Waste Water Treatment Plant which emits odours despite being assured that it would be odourless.

There is a covered broch on WK27 which is an important historical site and is not suitable for housing development. It should be developed for recreation and tourist purposes instead. There is also opportunity to develop archaeology, active travel routes and coastal walks along Noss Head, with Sinclair and Girnigoe castles, Staxigoe Harbour and Sandigoe beach.

A more suitable/sustainable approach would be to redevelop brownfield sites in more central locations such as the town centre and Pulteneytown as these areas are close to existing amenities and transport and not contributing to urban sprawl. This would also help increase footfall in the town centre and enhance its vibrancy and sense of community. (5045, 5104, 5105, 5106)

WK24

Supportive of preferred status (3627)

Site is already partly developed. (2106)

This allocation contains the scheduled monument The Pap, broch 350m E of Hillhead (Index no. 578). In light of the restriction placed on the allocation by the mitigation outlined in the SEA we would recommend that the allocation be redrawn to exclude the monument and proposed 20m buffer. Any proposed development would still have to consider the potential impact on the setting of the monument. (4616)

WK25

"West of George Street and South of Robert Street" (2106)

WK26

No connection to public sewer network available (2106)

WK27/WK28

Landowner of the site is supportive of it being in the Plan as there are no issues as with wildlife conservation, flooding, drainage, road access and it would round off the existing boundary. (2023)

WK29

No connection to public sewer network available. The east section (the lower glebe) is used for Caithness county show and the field to west of lovers loan is used as stock pens for same (2106)

Support non-preference of WK29 as it is partly located within and may impact on the Lower Wick River SSSI. (204)

WK30/31

"Agricultural land" (2106)

SEPA note that the ER identifies that WK30 is in an area of blanket peat coverage. The mapbased and photographic information SEPA hold does not suggest this is the case. If this is the case then a Developer Requirement should be included requiring (1) Peat Management Plan showing how disturbance of peat has been minimised and how peat will be managed on site (2) Vegetation survey to demonstrate how impacts on wetlands have been avoided. It should also be noted in the text that these issues may affect the area of the site which can be developed. (3115)

WK32

Site name should be 'West' of Police Station not 'East'. (2106, 5020, 5053)

Site cleared for housing but there was no demand for the houses so never built. (2106)

Landowner highlights that planning permission was gained for 8 houses in 2006. It is an infill site, close to the town centre and would benefit from being developed for housing. Plans to develop the site have been delayed due to the economic downturn however the economy is showing signs of improvement and they now intend to submit fresh plans within the next 18 months. Landowner requests that the site is carried forward in the Proposed Plan for housing. (5053)

WK33/34

"Agricultural land 1 mile from town" (2106)

Sites at Staxigoe and Papigoe (WK35, WK36, WK37) The land at WK36 is not suitable for housing as it gets boggy in wet weather. It has potential as a nature site with ponds and low shrubs and extending to include the adjoining cliffs. (4679)

Respondent wishes to see the land at Elzy Farm, Staxigoe between Moray View Avenue and Pilot Place, Papigoe to be allocated for residential development. (2125)

Queries why the sites were not on the map. Agricultural land. (2106)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

To be reported to PDI Committee

Issue 7: Growing Settlements

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future		
MIR reference:	Question 7: Growing Settlements		
List of respondents (in	cluding customer num	ber):	
Scottish Natural Heritage (204)Bill Badger (5021)Jan Thomson-Fraser (4712)Ian Georgeson (3368)Durness Development Group Limited (3618)Bill Mowat (1365)Altnaharra Estate Ltd (4579)John Swanson (2112)Laid Grazings & Community CommitteeJohn Cormack (2106)(5023)Victoria Mackay (5123)Scourie Community Development CompanyScottish Environment Protection Agency (3115)Ltd (5061)Durness Community Council (348)Simon Stevens (4676)Strutt and Parker on behalf of BalnagownJohn O'Groats Leisure Ltd (4689)Estates (5115)CLAF & D&CCC (4754)Creich Community Council (4930)		ncil (348) Ilf of Balnagown	
Summary of the comm	ents received:		
General (4579)As long as previously allocated areas in area's not mention in the plan are restricting alternative sites in these locations, for example Altnaharra is not even mentioned in the entire CASplan, however is a settlement which has a Hotel/School/Church and has recently been expanding, 			
CAITHNESS			
Dunbeath (204) Add to Placemaking Priorities Avoid any adverse effect on East Caithness Cliffs SPA and SAC or Dunbeath Water SSSI. It is unclear which "old quarry on the north bank of Dunbeath Water" is being referred to in the 4th bullet point, and we assume this is downstream of the SSSI.			
(2014) Dunbeath has suffered greatly from the flyover of the A9, which split the village entirely, and took away much of its former economic viability - Ironically. Resopondent supports the clear statement of protection for the strath and harbour, and hopes that investment might be attracted to reinforce it as a locus for creative and heritage activity, tourism and rural community development. It's designation as a Growing Settlement is important. It cannot afford to become a Forgotten Community.			
Dunnet (204)			

Add to Placemaking Priorities Avoid any adverse effect on Dunnet Links SSSI

(4754)

It seems that the already increase of Families within the village boundaries have not been taken into account. For example in the area known as Westside there has been a significant increase of young families in the last 2 to 3 years. As an example the road from Mary Anne's Cottage to the north as accepted 4 new occupied houses with children. To the south the number is two with one occupied by a family. Up the Bank road towards the north the number of families has also increased. The main problem is the road traffic (numbers & speed) with no sign of a path to help protect the increased population.

(2106)

Questions why we state that Dunnet is on the A99/A9 John O Groats to Lands End route.

John O'Groats

(204)

Add to Placemaking Priorities Avoid any adverse effect on North Caithness Cliffs SPA or John O'Groats SSSI

(4676)

No mention of further investment in regards to superfast broadband even though the 2009 masterplan did not take into account that john o'groats is too remote to be supplied by fibre from either Thurso or Wick

(4689)

It is important to make sure that the large free public car park is retained for visitors and not turned in to a development site or a chargeable parking area. It is also very important to make sure that suitable access remains for public transport and tour buses alike to the ferry terminal, taking into consideration the older population that use these services, as sometimes their mobility may not be that good. Consideration has to be made in order to make sure that the pedestrian friendly areas do not impact on the 'end of the road' status that JOG has. Although safe pedestrian areas are required they should not be granted at the expense of loosing the finishing line feeling people currently experience when they arrive here on their end to end journey, which will happen if the current area has planning granted.

(2014)

Supportive of new energy recent development has injected into the profile of JoG, the choice to develop 'high-end' accommodation for it seems a risk. If JoG and Dounreay are to be designated to only economic development areas in Caithness, then a lot of work has to be done to make sure the whole county buys into the idea, and to make sure the benefits JoG enjoys in terms of investment are redistributed back outward to enhance other parts of the county.

(1365)

There is a serve lack of an indoor tourist facility at JoG. John O' Groats is well-known as the most important tourism destination north of Inverness. The recently upgrading/extension of the 1875 John O'Groats House Hotel as the 'Inn at John O' Groats' by Natural Retreats Ltd is highly commendable, while the lodges/chalets surrounding it, are comfortable and appear to be built to a high standard. But the new operator provides year-round work for 30 less people at the 'End of the Road' than was the case there 20/25 years ago.

(5123)

The road and footpath links between Gill and John O Groats need to be improved.

Keiss

(2106) Questions why the station is not on the map.

Latheronwheel

(204)

Add to Placemaking Priorities Avoid any adverse effect on East Caithness Cliffs SAC and SPA

(3368)

The Latheronwheel comment in "Placemaking priorities" of "Focus future development towards the West of the settlement" seems illogical. There are no good existing exits onto the A9 East or West. However a development to the East of the existing settlement would remain with an area of the main "body" of the village whilst support existing services and community facilities more naturally and allowing a new junction to be made East of the main existing village entrance which would provide much safer visibility splays than any existing junction.

(2106)

States that there is not a footpath between Latheron and Latheronwheel.

Reay

(204)

Add to Placemaking Priorities Avoid any adverse effect on North Caithness Cliffs SPA or Sandside Bay SSSI

Watten

(204)

Add to Placemaking Priorities Avoid any adverse effect on Loch Watten SAC/SSSI and Caithness Lochs SPA Pending the Habitats Regulations Appraisal of the plan, we advise that the third bullet point should be amended to - Protect the setting of Loch Watten and improve recreational facilities and tourist appeal, subject to no adverse effect on its site integrity as SPA, SAC and SSSI.

(2112)

The field south of Watten Hall was previously entered for phased development (mixed development and amenity area). Landowner notes that the hall committee has approached them for land to extend the car parking area and landowner feels it would be to the benefit of the community for this to be taken forward to the new plan. There is also a gap site (1 residential plot) north of Henderson Square which could also be included.

SUTHERLAND

Bettyhill

(204)

As well as quoting the SLA under Placemaking Priorities we would like to see Kyle of Tongue NSA specifically mentioned (given that landscape designations to the west and east• are referred to beforehand). Therefore the 2nd bullet point should be amended to "Ensure future development is sensitive to Kyle of Tongue National Scenic Area and Farr Bay, Strathy and Portskerra Special Landscape Area".

(4579)

All 3 area's should be supported and encouraged to develop, compared to concentrating development on the East coast, I/e Sutherland should be more centralised, at Lairg for example

(3115)

Development should aim to avoid any areas of good quality peatland or deep peat. This may have to be demonstrated by way of an appropriate survey. Durness

(204)

Add to Placemaking Priorities Proposals must ensure no adverse effect on the integrity of Durness SAC or SSSI.

(4712)

In 10 years respondent has seen Kinlochbervie and Durness decline in many ways. There are few jobs to keep people here, the housing stock is in decline and there is little or no transport to get people to and from jobs. The biggest change has been the approval of windfarms locally, many of which are awaiting a final decision. This part of the county is being held back and as such is in decline. The CASPLAN means nothing to these areas unless the local economy improves, the houses will not be needed if there are no jobs. There needs to be an infrastructure of transport to let people get to work easily and also to attract and keep employers here.

(3618)

The proposal for a harbour development on the West shore of Loch Eriboll is for a combined Commercial and Leisure facility (not purely recreational as stated in the plan). There is a need for further development of the core path network to link the hamlets to encourage more activity, green transport and tourist activity. Loss of services and jobs within an isolated rural setting such as Durness would be devastating for the community. Durness (parish) has been identified as a fragile area, nothing has changed, it is still fragile. The biggest export is the young people that leave and do not come back. The influx of retirees does not compensate for the loss of the young people. Maintaining the existence of the primary school is pivotal for the future survival of this village. Even the loss of part time positions here in Durness will have a dramatic impact on the resilience of the community. Transport and road links are vital. Winter gritting is barely adequate as is. The proposal to reduce this further is unacceptable and may well result in injuries or fatalities.

(5023)

We completely support the "recreational harbour facility" on Loch Eriboll is listed on page 79. A more general point was made under this heading - the amount of land lying dormant there is - and in this respect the Plan should surely strongly support the Crofting Commission's efforts to free this up and also try and create more new crofts.

(5021)

"Re Oldshoremore, Cape Wrath and Durness - excellent - keep expanding."

(348)

Durness Community Council wholeheartedly support the plan for a Harbour in Loch Eribol, although it should be noted that the harbour will be for commercial as well as recreational usage.

(3115)

Development should aim to avoid any areas of good quality peatland or deep peat. This may have to be demonstrated by way of an appropriate survey.

Embo

(204)

The 5th bullet point under Placemaking Priorities should also refer to Loch Fleet SSSI.

Invershin

Does not feature as either a Settlement Development Rea or a Growing Settlement. It is not clear what practical difference this will make but it does seem a startling omission compared to some of the settlements on the north and west coasts that are include. Suggest that it is included as a Growing Settlement with its own issues and priorities. (4930)

Kinlochbervie

(4712)

In 10 years respondent has seen Kinlochbervie and Durness decline in many ways. There are few jobs to keep people here, the housing stock is in decline and there is little or no transport to get people to and from jobs. The biggest change has been the approval of windfarms locally, many of

which are awaiting a final decision. This part of the county is being held back and as such is in decline. The CASPLAN means nothing to these areas unless the local economy improves, the houses will not be needed if there are no jobs. There needs to be an infrastructure of transport to let people get to work easily and also to attract and keep employers here.

Rosehall

Object to the non-identification of Rosehall as a settlement. Balnagown Estate/Boccardo SA own land currently allocated in Rosehall which is included in the 2010 HLA and therefore forms part of the Established Land Supply used in calculating the shortfall (informed by the HNDA) to be met through new allocations in this LDP, and enabling the Council to make the statement that there is currently enough land within sites recognised in existing local plans to accommodate the current and future need for new homes. If the site at Rosehall (and potentially elsewhere) is lost, then there would need to be alternative sites allocated to make up the numbers. Alternatively, the settlement boundary and land allocation at Rosehall could be retained in the plan to meet housing need and demand adjacent to the local shop/post office. If Rosehall is to be included as a Growing Settlement we believe the Issues would be that the settlement provides a valued community resource (shop) which should be supported. There is available capacity in the water and sewage systems and at the local schools. The area is popular for fishing, sporting and hill walking. We believe that the Placemaking Priorities would be that development should seek to consolidate built form with low downward emission design street lights with drainage provision that safeguards the adjacent River Oykel SAC. (5115)

Does not feature as either a Settlement Development Rea or a Growing Settlement. It is not clear what practical difference this will make but it does seem a startling omission compared to some of the settlements on the north and west coasts that are include. Suggest that it is included as a Growing Settlement with its own issues and priorities. (4930)

Scourie

(204)

In view of proximity to Scourie Coast SSSI and Handa SPA, we would like to see a Placemaking Priority added as for other settlements (e.g. Melvich, Portskerra) as follows "Any proposed development should have regard to the nearby natural heritage protected areas".

(5061)

Scourie Community Development Company Ltd and Scourie & District Community Council both disagree with the third section of Placemaking Priorities for Scourie, namely ' The land stretching from the Village Hall to the Caravan & Camping site should be safeguarded from development to help retain good croft land...' The land from the Village Hall to the Beach Road is not croft land, and already has been developed with the building of a new Fire Station and an extension to the Church. Future proposed development in this particular area might include a modest Geocentre, a Visitor Centre to co-ordinate the development of tourism across the North West Highlands Geopark as a whole.

ADDITIONAL SITES CONSULTATION

Invershin

Notes recognition of the relevant protected area and other environmental interests. SNH considers there to be potential for development along a strip, the width of one house plot, west of the A837 north of the junction with the A836 towards the cemetery. (204)

Rosehall

Notes recognition of the relevant protected area and other environmental interests. Development close to the River Oykel Special Area of Conservation (SAC) should be discouraged due to the potential for connectivity and therefore impacts on the SAC, and development between the road and the river should have Developer Requirements for mains sewerage so as to avoid impacts on the SAC. (204)

Support the identification of Rosehall as a Growing Settlement. Rosehall has at least one local facility and serves a wider rural catchment and as such we believe that it merits inclusion as a growing settlement as it may be a focal point for development in the area and would be relatively sustainable compared to some other options in the locality. We are happy with the "Issues" identified and acknowledge the local road network as being a feature which could limit the overall scale of development possible. In respect of the "Place Making Priorities" identified, we would highlight that, according to the records of Historic Scotland (see: http://pastmap.org.uk/) Invercassley House is not a listed building. In light of that, we query the status being given to it through the wording of the Policy that development should have regard to its "setting". This is a potentially wide ranging term and affords a level of protection that is not believed to be warranted. The words "...concentration of housing" seems to have been left off the text published for consultation in the last bullet point. (5115)

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

To be reported to PDI Committee

Issue 7: Economic Development Areas

MIR Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Economic Development Areas	
List of respondents (ir	cluding customer number):	
Caithness Horizons (20	14)	
The Crown Estate (4836)		
Bill Mowat (1365)		
Scottish Environment P	Protection Agency (3115)	
Forestry Commission S	Scotland (4692)	
Colin Moore (5092)		
Peter Wade (4700)		
Kenneth Nicol (4944)		
SNH (204)		
Caithness Biodiversity Group (4726)		
Fran Simmons (5130)		
Summary of the comments received:		

(2014)

If JoG and Dounreay are to be designated to only economic development areas in Caithness, then a lot of work has to be done to make sure the whole county buys into the idea, and to make sure the benefits JoG enjoys in terms of investment are redistributed back outward to enhance other parts of the county. Dounreay - Not much flesh on this skeleton.

(4836)

Under the Gills Harbour settlement development area section, the ferry service running to Orkney has been omitted.

(1365)

Gills Harbour can play an important role in providing protection and a safe haven to those involved in the energy sector in the Pnetland Firth. GHL directors were pleased when the Highland Council recently unanimously agreed to list Gills Harbour as 'A Port for Action' in a marine renewables context. The family-firm of Pentland Ferries Ltd (PFL), has successfully revived the ancient 'short sea route' from here to Orkney by investing many millions of pounds into the upgrades that have essentially transformed Gills Harbour and have produced a modern regular year-round RO:RO service. PFL is planning/ has consent from Marine Scotland for further port upgrades here. The ferry company recently (12.14) received overwhelming (96%) support from the c. 4,500 persons who replied to an electronic questionnaire that asked whether Orkney IC should grant access to Pentland Ferries to Burwick. (Highland's opposite-number Council administers a partlycompleted facility there on behalf of the Orkney population). PFL has publicly offered to complete the Burwick site at the S end of S. Ronaldsay at no cost to the public purse, and to provide (again at no expense to the public purse) a second ship for the proposed new 8-mile sea-route from This will bring Orkney within a 30 minutes sailing-time 'shuttle-service' from/to Caithness, Gills. and potentially allow day-commuting for the first time to what in recent years has become a more prosperous area than Caithness; the latter being entirely out-with day-travel commuting range of All of this could make further demands on facilities at Gills Harbour, where 'booming' Inverness. the private-sector investment by PFL has been very large, by Far North of Scotland standards.

The reference to Gills Harbour as one of Caithness & Sutherland's Economic Development Areas over the coming two decades is very much welcomed. (p. 50 of the CASPlan document). The Council's CASPlan document (P. 50) refers to 'limits' of the landward expansion of the Harbour due to steep slopes 'behind' it; but the natural way for this harbour to expand, in common with so many non-estuarial ports world-wide, is laterally along the coastline. It also talks of 'access

constraints', but this is a feature common to all three of Caithness's main harbours. All are constructed at the foot of low cliffs. Gills is the only Caithness port than can offer an 'alongside a deep quay', (with a c. 4 M depth at LAT, 'lowest astronomical tides') tidal-turbine refurbishment/maintenance facility. That can be made to happen at quite a modest cost, if the present breakwater-berth were to be roofed over and have a working 'atmosphere-controlled' engineering-works area included.

(3115)

SEPA are supportive of the approach proposed whereby this area will be developed in line with the Dounreay Planning Framework.

Additional EDA Suggestions

(4692)

The Plan needs to place greater emphasis on the potential of the Georgemas Junction site and its existing and future economic role in Caithness and the moves to increase its use and further its potential as a strategic rail frieght and transport hub which makes best use of the new purposebuilt railhead facility and other infrastructure. The role of the site for marine renewables and rural activities should be reaffirmed but perhaps some of the prescriptive list of developments needs to be refocussed.

(1365)

Murkle Bay could be another flat-land port alternative, much as was envisaged in an earlier Structure Plan, when it was zoned as an oil & gas platform-fabrication site. SNH objections would be likely and, in any case, it is on the 'wrong' (i.e. W) side of the notorious Pentland Firth tide-race known as the Merry Men of Mey.

(5092)

States that there is no mention of Forss Business Park in the Plan.

(4700, 4944, 5130)

Investment in modernising Janetstown Industrial Estate should occur before developing TS01 or TS3.

ADDITIONAL SITES

Forss Business and Technology Park

(204)

SNH advice is that any development here would need to consider the known use of the site by geese connected with the Caithness Lochs Special Protection Area (SPA). Development would also need to ensure the maintenance of the Scottish Primrose (Primula scotica) population found in this location. This plant is nationally scarce and endemic, only found in the Orkney islands and the northern coast of Caithness and Sutherland.

(4726)

Primula scotica can be found on the headland immediately west of the Forss business & technology park and the site would need to be surveyed for this plant prior to development west of the current site.

(4944)

This is unlikely to provide support for the decommissioning of Dounreay and the growth of the renewables industry. History has shown that any company supporting Dounreay which has been based here has relocated away to other locations. Development should be focused in Thurso close to Scrabster (marine renewables) or on existing business parks to make them sustainable and vibrant rather than a scatter gun approach.

Murkle Bay

(4726)

Murkle Bay is a beautiful site and is a relatively undisturbed shoreline which is valuable for biodiversity. Scheduling for development here would be inappropriate.

(4944)

There is no justification to carry this forward. Marine renewables is not developing at the pace originally thought. There is only one developer working in the area (MeyGen). Significant investment has and continues to be put into Scrabster as a marine renewables base. Any development here will impact on tourism in particular to surfing / kayaking / watersports.

Janetstown Industrial Estate

(4944)

Support the inclusion of Janetstown as an Economic Development Area (assumed).

Georgemas Junction

(3636)

Transport Scotland would welcome early discussions on proposals at this location which is adjacent to the A9 trunk road and could have road and rail impacts depending on scale and nature of use.

(4944)

Supportive of developments related to freight. The area should not be developed for biomass due no infrastructure and a close by residential area. It will also impact on tourist development which is being developed in the area (e.g. walks).

Issues raised by Caithness & Sutherland Area Committee:

To be reported to PDI Committee (Area Committee's consideration of above summary & interim position recommended in Appendix B)

Recommended Proposed Plan content:

To be reported to PDI Committee

Appendix B: Recommended Interim Position on Main Issues

Main Issue	The Vision and Strategy for Caithness & Sutherland	
MIR reference: Questions 1a and 1b		
Recommended Interim	Position:	
respondents either agreed significantly. The strategy is set out in the vision for the strategy. Many were sup changes. In preparing the received, whilst ensuring Community Planning Partner The Strategy Map is intend our view it could be made broadly illustrative or speci- defined where necessary.	nt with the Vision 'outcomes' presented in the MIR (62% or or strongly agreed), so we do not anticipate changing in the MIR is proposed as the way to deliver the 4 key outcome plan. There were lots of comments on the vision and portive of both, others raised concerns and some sugge Proposed Plan consideration will be given to the comment that they continue to reflect the priorities identified in each or illustrate existing assets and the strategy for the future clearer and we will state when the symbols on the map fic. Elements of the strategy will be explained and more c Suggested amendments and additions will be considered. Central Sutherland will be identified on the map.	these omes d the ested ments n the e. In p are learly

Main Issue	Housing needs in Caithness & Sutherland	
MIR reference:	Question 2a	
Recommended Inte	rim Position:	
This is based on the re the MIR was published but preliminary indicat previously anticipated housing land to ensu economy to grow and supply is suitable and of 'oversupply'. We are looking to phase large	n is tasked with identifying a generous land su esults of the Housing Need and Demand Assess d the Council has been updating its HNDA. Thi ions are that the needs for new housing will be . The MIR 'preferred sites' already identified a re flexibility of effective sites across settlement d to support regeneration. Officers consider that can be justified, but the Council does need to be e therefore minded to avoid further increasing the er sites and identify some areas as longer term a plan reviews to allocate the land if, at that po	sment (HNDA). Since s process is ongoing, similar but lower than a generous supply of is and to support the at overall a generous e mindful of the extent hat supply, whilst also h. This will leave the

Main Issue	Managing Growth	
MIR reference:	Question 2b	
Recommended Inte	erim Position:	
centres in the first insta	upport for directing new development to existing ance. This should continue to be the basis for our Policy and the Council's Highland-wide Local D	strategy as it reflects

propose that the overall approach to managing development suggested in the MIR – including policies for Growing Settlements and for Promoting and Protecting Settlement Centres – can remain largely unchanged. It may be noted that similar policies have been confirmed for inclusion in the Inner Moray Firth Local Development Plan following the Examination process.

We prioritise development on brownfield land but due to the potentially high additional costs involved alternative greenfield sites need to be identified to ensure that important investment in the area is not discouraged.

Support for the existing hinterland boundary in Sutherland is noted and we do not propose to amend it.

Taking account of comments raised further detail may be added to the guiding criteria for individual Growing Settlements and Economic Development Areas.

Main Issue	Marine & Coastal Development	
MIR reference:	Question 2c	
Recommended Interim Position:		
The approach to marine and coastal development does strive to balance competing interests, seeking to support tourism as well as traditional and new marine and coastal industries.		
Issue 3 in the MIR notes that the <i>uncertain future needs of the marine renewables</i> [means] <i>we may consider suitable proposals on non-allocated sites.</i> It is recommended that we continue with this flexible approach, whilst still ensuring current sites and opportunities for supporting the industry are recognised through CaSPlan.		

It is recommended that the support for the CaSPIan approach to aquaculture and marine renewables, and adopting the Pentland Firth & Orkney Waters Pilot Marine Spatial Plan is noted. It is also recommended that marine and coastal environment issues raised are noted, but that these should continue to be safeguarded through relevant HwLDP policies and Supplementary Guidance.

In relation to the Pentland Firth & Orkney Waters Pilot Marine Spatial Plan, this will be an important document for growth of the sector and is now anticipated to be taken forward as non-statutory planning guidance.

Main Issue	A Carbon Clever Caithness & Sutherland	
MIR reference:	Question 2d	
Recommended Inte	rim Position:	
Proposed Plan relies of this approach. Whilst being built, the Counci- further development of Wind Energy will be av The additions and an approach will need to b	itted to a Carbon CLEVER approach. It is re on policies within the Highland wide Local Develo it is recognised that many people would like to I has a responsibility to produce a policy framew f onshore wind energy. Draft Supplementary C vailable for public consultation later in 2015. mendments suggested will be considered. T be a theme which stretches across the plan. p will be taken account of in the preparation of th	opment to help deliver see fewer windfarms ork for assessing any Guidance on Onshore he Carbon CLEVER

Main Issue	Strong & diverse economy	
MIR reference:	Question 3	
Recommended Inte	rim Position:	

Recommended Interim Position:

The CaSPlan MIR focused on supporting greater diversification of the economy. It recognised that the economy of Caithness and North Sutherland had been driven largely by Dounreay and other industries such as tourism and renewable energy were important for generating new employment opportunities. From the response to the consultation there was strong agreement (62% of respondents 'agree' or 'strongly agree') with this approach. However some important points were raised in terms of other employment sectors which should be promoted and supported such as forestry and IT.

We recommend that the strategy continues to focus on renewable energy and tourism but place greater acknowledgement of the contribution of other existing and growing sectors.

Due to the uncertainty regarding the future onshore requirements for the marine renewables sector it is recommended that some level of flexibility is maintained to consider employment related proposals which are not on allocations in the Plan.

Main Issue	Strengthening & supporting communities	
MIR reference:	Question 4	
Recommended Inte	erim Position:	
outcome. The principle existing communities with The policy on Promoti Proposed Plan with se account comments rec buildings. There was cover smaller settlem converting redundant future business growth	port for the preferred approach to delivering the les of strengthening growing communities and previil be carried forward into the Proposed Plan. Ing and Protecting Settlement Centres will be car ome potential minor modifications. The modifie ceived. There was general support for the re-use some suggestion that the focus for the policy sh ents. There was some concern raised about the retail space to residential and community use an.	omoting growth within arried forward into the d policy will take into of vacant and derelict hould be expanded to he potential impact of as it could impact on

No suggestions were made for settlement centre boundaries for Brora, Dornoch or Golspie.

Main Issue	Getting around & staying connected	
MIR reference:	Question 5	
Recommended Inte	rim Position:	
transport connections however, by directing of A number of resport improvements. The St the Scottish Governm update on the latest	cognises that we cannot directly deliver improve because these are not functions of the Loca growth to the right places. Indents referred to strategic transport issues rategic Transport Projects Review was published ent's investment priorities to 2032. It is propos position on delivering improvements to the As for which will be set our in the Draft Action Pla	and some call for d in 2008 and sets out ed to include a clear e and other strategic

Proposed Plan.

The strategy to focus growth to larger settlements is intended to ensure communities are supported, and their services are sustainable and accessible. It is recommended that the CaSPlan approach to managing growth through Growing Settlements and Settlement Development Areas be noted as the best means for supporting communities, and that comments on this issue be noted in carrying forward the approach into the Proposed Plan. Officers will take note of all relevant guidance and Planning Circulars when considering developer requirements in the preparation of the Proposed Plan, and that green networks be used to help identify Active Travel opportunities for settlements.

Main Issue	Ensuring high quality places are delivered and Special Landscape Areas			
MIR reference:	Questions 6a & 6b			
Recommended Interim Position:				
Work is ongoing to identify green networks for larger settlements, and at a strategic level and core path plans currently exist that seek to ensure key routes are available for public to access. It is recommended that these factors are noted for moving forward into the Proposed Plan. Conservation Area reviews and associated works are managed and supported through policy in the upcoming review of Highland-wide LDP. High quality design underpins the preferred CaSPlan approach identified in the MIR and features in Placemaking Priorities for Settlements, with the preferred strategy for housing supporting a mix of tenure. The review of Special Landscape Areas focuses on relatively minor adjustments to ensure that original lower-resolution mapping was updated by area LDPs to ensure SLAs enclosed areas of similar landscape and/or to ensure that the boundary did not inadvertently sever a landscape boundary. We will review all suggestions for SLA boundary amendments. The review was not to identify new SLAs or remove existing ones. The original methodology used to identify SLAs was challenged through the HwLDP Examination and the Reporter supported the current SLAs, subject to the minor adjustments mentioned above. It would be a significant and unnecessary piece of work to review and re-evaluate SLAs across Highland, given that we are confident in the existing SLAs, and HwLDP Examination conclusions on the issue. Therefore it is recommended that no new SLAs be considered for				

The range of other national designations and important features mentioned, onshore wind energy development, and sensitive settings are all afforded significant policy protection through the HwLDP, it is recommended that these factors are noted for moving forward into the Proposed Plan.

John O'Groats is a Growing Settlement and specific issues will be addressed through the Placemaking Priorities in the Proposed Plan.

Open Space is supported through SPP and HwLDP and it is recommended that we identify and safeguard Open Space in CaSPlan.

Main Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & in the future?	& Sutherland be like

MIR reference: Question 7: Caithness

Recommended Interim Position:

<u>Castletown</u>

The strategy for Castletown within the MIR was largely based on the Castletown Masterplan prepared in 2009 by Prince's Trust and local community. We agree with comments suggesting that the amount of land allocated for development in the masterplan was too much and the growth rate was too optimistic. As a result we recommend that the Plan should allocate the sites which are considered the most suitable to be built out in the shorter term. Developer Requirements will be included to ensure that the key principles identified in the masterplan be incorporated into plans for relevant sites e.g. a tree lined boulevard from Traill Street to Castlehill.

Initial phasing of CT01 would include smaller Mixed Use allocations at land adjoining Traill Street and at the north east of the Castlehill area where a planning application is still valid. It is also recommended that CT04 is identified as a 'long term potential' site due to the existing access constraints. We agree with the Community Council and other respondents that the former letech site should be the focus of industrial uses. As such the former quarry (CT08) is not intended to be taken forward into the Proposed Plan.

<u>Halkirk</u>

Although Halkirk has experienced relatively high levels of housing development since the existing local plan was adopted only a few new sites were suggested to us for inclusion in CaSPlan. HK03 is a sensitive site due to the adjoining cultural and natural heritage. We have noted the Council's the request that the site be reserved for future expansion of the existing cemetery and together with the need for better links to the riverfront it is recommended that HK03 be allocated for Community uses.

The three sites west of Bridge Street which are shown in the MIR map were non-preferred as it would lead to uncoordinated development of the backland areas. Since the MIR was published a larger development site has been considered which extends from Milton Farm road down towards the junction with Camilla Street. Although not all landowners will want their land allocated it will allow the Council greater control over any development and ensures the delivery of infrastructure such as shared access points. We recommend a Business allocation on land behind the Ulbster Arms Hotel to support further rationalisation and expansion of the business and a Housing allocation for the remainder of the area.

It is recommended that HK01 and HK02 are taken forward in the Plan for the uses outlined in the MIR. There are also a number of small infill opportunities which are not being specifically allocated in the Plan.

<u>Lybster</u>

There was an over-supply of housing land in Lybster and this influenced the MIR strategy to consolidate development and reflect the existing built form of the settlement and safeguard key assets like the harbour. It is therefore recommended that the sites identified in the MIR be carried forward into the Proposed Plan, and that issues raised from the consultation be addressed through developer requirements.

<u>Thurso</u>

The preferred strategy in the MIR was largely based on the outputs of the Thurso Charrette which was carried out in 2013. The principles identified at the Charrette were generally supported by those who responded to the MIR consultation. We recommend that this should continue to form the basis for the strategy of the Proposed Plan.

It was generally agreed at the Charrette that the strategic expansion of the town should continue to be to the West. The potential bypass route was realigned to the west of the Business Park. Key housing sites were identified at Pennyland, West Gills, Heathfield and Juniper Bank and sites for Business and Industrial uses at Scrabster Harbour and Scrabster Main Farm. Several brownfield sites were flagged as priorities for redevelopment including the former mart site and regeneration areas around the harbour and river corridor.

The site options at Pennyland (TS06 – Land West of Pennyland House, TS18 – Land North of Pennyland House and TS04 – Land North West of Provost Cormack Drive) raised significant debate. Valid points were raised both for and against development. It is recognised that the sites TS06 and TS18 are sensitive as they form an important entrance into the town and give the West of the town a sense of openness.

It is recommended, however, that the proposals for a hotel and public park on TS18 are supported for a number of reasons. As many respondents highlighted, with the decommissioning of Dounreay alternative sources of employment must be supported. The tourist industry is considered as a major growth sector and could help to support a variety of employment opportunities. Visit Scotland's '*Aspirations and Ambitions... our development opportunities*' report identifies the need for higher quality hotels in the north of Highland and particularly in Caithness. The need to grow the food and drinks industry is also identified. Developer Requirements would be set to minimise the landscape impact and ensure that it is designed to a high quality.

The hotel development would also help to open up the area for the enjoyment of the wider community. Although the area has been marked as 'Amenity' land in both the existing local plan and the MIR the site has limited actual amenity value for residents or visitors. Victoria Walk is an important asset to the area but at present is used mainly by dog walkers or those travelling into the town centre. The provision of car parking and improved access to Victoria Walk could greatly improve the accessibility to the coast for tourists and the wider community.

TS06 was identified as suitable for Mixed Use development at the Charrette. As such the site was 'preferred' in the MIR for Business, Housing, Community and Openspace uses. Based on the timescales of this Plan it is recommended that only certain parts of the site are taken forward. It is considered that a small Housing allocation on the east of TS06 be taken forward to add greater flexibility of housing options in Thurso West. Developer Requirements will be included to ensure it is designed in a way which respects the B-Listed Pennyland House and Steading and the view from the A9.

Interest has been expressed in developing a new petrol filling station at Pennyland. As there appears to be a lack of filling stations on the West side of Thurso it is recommended that a retail allocation (petrol station only) is identified at land East of Thurso Business Park on TS06. This would form part of a small Mixed Use allocation which includes Business uses to allow for small scale business units. This allocation would allow for greater scope to open up TS04 for development and cluster commercial uses around the existing Business Park.

One of the 'Placemaking Priorities' highlighted views that a new supermarket was needed. At present however it appears that there is not a requirement to allocate land for a large supermarket. We have had no direct contact from any supermarket retailer interested in developing in the town since the MIR was published, and Lidl have recently expanded their store at Pennyland to almost 1,350m² in sales area. The former mart site still remains the preferred choice and live permission for such a development exists on the site.

The large scale expansion for housing development suggested to us at

Mountpleasant/Thurso East is not recommended to be allocated. The main direction of growth for the town is well established. Sufficient land is identified in the West for housing and employment uses together with suitable infrastructure improvements. At present there appear no significant justifications for expanding to the east.

The site at Viewfirth Park featured in the Additional Sites consultation as the MIR TS09 was extended due to interest raised in developing the site as a sports facility. The response was overwhelmingly positive and we recommend that the larger Community allocation is continued through to the Proposed Plan.

Wick

The Wick Charrette which was carried out in 2013 focused mainly on the town centre, Pulteneytown and the harbour area. Where possible the outputs are reflected in the preferred strategy in the MIR. In the existing local plan large scale housing expansion was envisaged to the South West of the town. Although several of the sites have planning permission and part built-out the strategy in the MIR aimed to round-off the town rather than expand it in one direction. New housing sites which were suggested to us at Call for Sites at Broadhaven and at Thurso Road each have merits and were considered as suitable for development. However, due to the oversupply of preferred housing land it is recommended that these sites are not taken forward as allocated sites but identified as 'longer term potential'. The remaining sites will be largely taken forward as shown in the MIR.

Main Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future?	
MIR reference:	Question 7: Sutherland	

Recommended Interim Position:

<u>Ardgay</u>

The strategy for Ardgay focused on carrying forward the sites from the Sutherland Local Plan, which provided for housing and business uses and it is recommended that sites AG01, AG02 and AG03 are carried forward into the Proposed Plan. Through the MIR consultation it was clear that the community felt that the regeneration of the centre of Ardgay should be highlighted as a placemaking priority which would in turn assist and promote economic development. Further to this two additional sites were proposed: land behind Ardgay Public Hall and the Lady Ross Site. These were consulted on through the Additional Sites Consultation. It is recommended that the placemaking priorities highlight the importance of regenerating the centre of the settlement. During the additional sites consultation there was a general consensus that the Land Behind Ardgay Public Hall would be best used for car parking.

Bonar Bridge

The strategy for Bonar Bridge focussed on carrying forward the sites from the Sutherland Local Plan, which provided for housing, community and industrial uses. The MIR recognised the potential opportunity for redevelopment of the Old Migdale Hospital. This will be taken forward into the Proposed Plan and added as a placemaking priority. It is recommended that sites BB01 and BB02 are carried forward into the Proposed Plan and that issues raised from the consultation be addressed through developer requirements.

<u>Brora</u>

The MIR strategy focussed on providing housing growth around a central area including

previously used land at Rosslyn Street, Former MacKay's Garage and the Old Woollen Mill. It is recommended that these sites be taken forward into the Proposed Plan. Through the MIR consultation two additional sites were suggested: Upper Fascally and Brora Station and Goods Shed. It was also suggested that BR01 have community use added to the potential uses of the site. It is likely that Upper Fascally would be suitable for regeneration/recreation purposes subject to any issues being addressed through developer requirements. Through the additional sites consultation there was no comments received on Brora Station and Goods Shed, however during the MIR consultation it had been suggested that the station should be regenerated and the Goods Shed removed to provide extra car parking. In preparing the Proposed Plan this will be considered alongside the overall priority of regenerating the centre of Brora.

It is recommended that BR03, BR04 and BR07 are taken forward in the Plan for the uses outlined in the MIR.

It is recommended that the non-preferred sites BR09, BR10 and BR011 and alternative site BR08 do not go into the Proposed Plan as allocations.

Dornoch

Existing housing allocations in the Sutherland Local Plan at DN01, DN04 and DN05 provide ample supply of housing land for Dornoch and it is recommended that these are carried forward into the Proposed Plan.

Through the MIR consultation it was suggested that DN02 be extended to include the south east corner, with leisure added to the range of potential suitable uses. The MIR highlighted the potential risk of flooding for this site and further investigation needs to be carried out before a recommendation is stated for whether a extension to the boundary and another potential use would be suitable.

It is recommended that the non-preferred sites DN09 and DN10 do not go into the Proposed Plan as allocations.

Edderton

Through the MIR consultation there were a number of comments made on ET03. The northern part of the site West of Station Road is an existing allocation in the Sutherland Local Plan and there is planning permission for the site. It is recommended that this part of the site be carried forward into the Proposed Plan. The southern part of the site which sits to the south of the A836 has attracted some opposing comments. It has potential merits for development, however if this is taken into the Proposed Plan, there would need to be clear guidelines as to what would be acceptable development.

It is recommended that ET01 and ET02 are taken forward in the Plan for the uses outlined in the MIR.

It is recommended that the non-preferred site ET04 does not go into the Proposed Plan as an allocation.

<u>Golspie</u>

The strategy for Golspie focussed on carrying forward the sites from the Sutherland Local Plan, with the addition of GP03 for business use. It is recommended that these sites apart from GP03 are taken forward in the Plan for the uses outlined in the MIR. GP03 attracted some opposition through the MIR consultation with the view that GP01 and GP02 provided enough business land for the timescale that the Plan would cover. It is likely that this site will not be carried forward into the Proposed Plan.

It is recommended that the non-preferred sites GP08, GP09 and GP10 do not go into the Proposed Plan as allocations.

<u>Helmsdale</u>

The strategy for Helmsdale focused on carrying forward sites from the Sutherland Local Plan that help contribute towards the settlement's advantageous strategic location on the A9 and Far North Railway Line. Through the MIR consultation, key issues emerged about safeguarding amenity and landscape assets, and ensuring availability of sufficient housing, business and industrial land. Site HD03 has been developed at a lower density than originally planned, therefore there is a need for other housing sites. Site HD05 is recommended for inclusion in the Proposed Plan, incorporating the eastern extension suggested through MIR consultation, and included in the Additional Sites consultation. It is recommended that site HD02 be changed from 'Industrial Use' to 'Business and Industry' to offer further flexibility of uses for the site.

Lairg

There was an over-supply of housing land in Lairg and this influenced the MIR strategy to consolidate development around the central area. It is therefore recommended that the preferred sites identified in the MIR are carried forward to the Proposed Plan. It is also recommended that the non-preferred sites LA11 and LA12 and the alternative sites LA08, LA09 and LA10 do not go into the Proposed Plan as allocations.

<u>Lochinver</u>

The unmet demand for affordable housing in Lochinver was a key driver to ensure a range of options for housing. The highly sensitive landscape setting was highlighted. An extension to site LV02 was proposed and consulted on through the Additional Sites Consultation, but it is recommended that this site be retained without extension due to its visually sensitive location. Site LV03 was suggested to offer further housing options, but its original extent was unlikely to be developable due to presence of surface water and complex topography. A revised boundary for LV03 is therefore recommended.

<u>Tongue</u>

Tongue's strategic location and sensitive heritage assets were central in developing the MIR Placemaking Priorities. A major new tourism development proposal highlighted through the MIR consultation emphasises the need to ensure sufficient land for housing and services, and to consider how to manage growth in relevant areas. Concerns were raised from residents neighbouring TG02 about potential impacts to amenity, and loss of a key view and informal access, it is recommended that this site's boundary be revised to exclude the part west of Varich Place. Site TG04 was preferred as an alternative given its sensitive location, but it is now considered that this site could offer effective land for housing and business use. It is recommended that this site be included in the Proposed Plan as two sites, the western part north of the Fire Station for business and community uses, and the rest of the site for housing. It is recommended that uses for site TG03 include housing and business. Sensitivities of the settlement in terms of landscape and heritage assets are recommended to be addressed through developer requirements. It is also recommended that Melness is included as a Growing Settlement in order to effectively support growth and development.

Main Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future?			
MIR reference:	Question 7: Growing Settlements			
Recommended Interim Position:				
We intend to carry forward the list of Growing Settlements shown in the Main Issues Report. Some minor changes may be made to the guiding criteria. Following suggestions made during the MIR consultation we consulted on the addition of Invershin, Rosehall and Thrumster to be included as Growing Settlements. Following a generally positive response we recommend that these settlements are included as Growing Settlements in the Proposed Plan.				

Main Issue	What should the settlements in Caithness & Sutherland be like in the future?			
MIR reference:	Question 7: Economic Development Areas			
Recommended Interim Position:				
The MIR identified Dounreay and Gills Harbour as the Economic Development Areas. Other sites were considered as part of the Additional Sites and Issues consultation including Forss Business and Technology Park, Georgemas Junction, Janetstown Industrial Estate and Murkle Bay. We suggest that all are carried forward to the Proposed Plan with the exception of Murkle Bay due to potential environmental impacts and the lack of developer interest over the past 40 years it has featured in successive development plans.				