



Highland

Ross and Cromarty Committee **Performance Report**



The figures included in this report are provisional and subject to change as a result of quality assurance and review. The statistics quoted are internal management information published in the interests of transparency and openness. The Scottish government publishes Official Statistics each year which

allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

ID	Key Performance Indicator (KPI)	Pg
2bi	All accidental dwelling fires	3
3bi	All fatal accidental dwell. fire casualties	4
3bii	Non-fatal accidental dwell. fire casualties (excl. precautionary checkups)	5
la	All deliberate fires	6
5a	Special Service – RTCs	7
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	Station Availability	9

Commentary

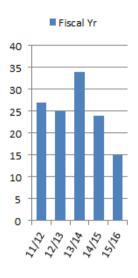
The key performance indicators (KPIs) above have been extracted from the suite of KPIs contained within the Scottish Fire and Rescue Framework Document 2013. http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Resource/0041/00416181.pdf

The KPIs above also represent the main priority areas for the Scottish Fire and Rescue Service, identified by elected members and communities during the ward consultation sessions in 2013 as;

- Reducing accidental dwelling house fires and the resultant fatalities and casualties
- Reducing deliberate fires
- Reducing road traffic collisions
- Reducing the number of attendances to unwanted fire alarm signals (false alarms)

All accidental dwelling fires

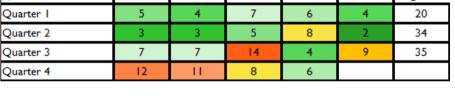
Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
April	1.1	0	2	3	0	5
May	1	3	1	0	3	10
June	3	1	4	3	1	5
July	1	0	3	3	1	8
August	1	1	1	2	1	13
September	1	2	1	3	0	13
October	4	0	5	1	2	7
November	2	2	4	1	2	- 11
December	1	5	5	2	5	17
January	4	2	1	2		
February	6	6	4	4		
March	2	3	3	0		
Fiscal Yr	27	25	34	24	15	89



Fiscal Yr	27	25	34	24	15	
Qtr/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
Quarter I	5	4	7	6	4	20

2012/13

2011/12



2013/14

2014/15

2015/16



Commentary

Month/Year

The tables above represent the number of accidental dwelling house fires that occurred within the Area Committee boundary. Tolerances are set in context of the number of previous incidents by reporting month and, where there has been an increase in overall incidents, the colour coding is identified with the application of the red, amber and green (RAG) system.

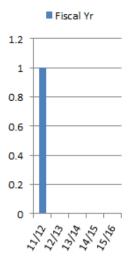
Trend lines also identify the number of incidents over the reporting 5 year period, both by month and by reporting quarter.

The Service works closely with partner agencies and communities to reduce the number of accidental dwelling house fires through the delivery of targeted Home Fire Safety Visits (HFSVs) and the installation of free smoke and heat detectors. Supporting the targeted delivery, partner agencies routinely share data identifying residents that would benefit from this free service, aiming to reduce the risk of fire and harm to householders and their property.

Post Domestic Incident Response (PDIR) is undertaken after every incident as a means of generating HFSVs, and raising fire safety awareness in the community.

All fatal accidental dwell. fire casualties

Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
April	0	0	0	0	0	0
May	0	0	0	0	0	0
June	- E	0	0	0	0	0
July	0	0	0	0	0	0
August	0	0	0	0	0	0
September	0	0	0	0	0	0
October	0	0	0	0	0	0
November	0	0	0	0	0	0
December	0	0	0	0	0	1
January	0	0	0	0		
February	0	0	0	0		
March	0	0	0	0		
Fiscal Yr	1	0	0	0	0	I



Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Fiscal Yr	-	0	0	0	0

Qtr/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
Quarter I	- 1	0	0	0	0	0
Quarter 2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quarter 3	0	0	0	0	0	1
Quarter 4	0	0	0	0		

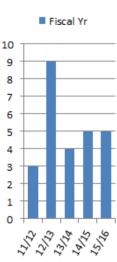
Commentary

The attached tables identify the number of dwelling house fires that have resulted in fire related fatalities over the reporting 5 year period. The Service is committed to reducing this figure to eliminate all events and occurrences that result in a fatality. As identified, partnership working and data sharing supports this key aim and the delivery of targeted life safety advice and information.

Non-fatal accidental dwell. fire casualties (excl. precautionary checkups)

Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
April	0	0	0	0	0	0
May	0	0	1	0	2	3
June	2	L.	1	0	0	0
July	0	0	0	2	1	4
August	0	0	0	1	0	3
September	0	1	0	1	0	3
October	- I	0	1	0	1	1
November	0	1	0	0	0	2
December	0	3	0	0	I.	2
January	0	0	0	0		
February	0	2	0	1		
March	0	1	1	0		
Fiscal Yr	3	9	4	5	5	18
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Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	
Fiscal Yr	3	9	4	5	5	

Qtr/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
Quarter I	2	1	2	0	2	3
Quarter 2	0	L.	0	4	1	10
Quarter 3	1	4	1	0	2	5
Quarter 4	0	3	1	1		



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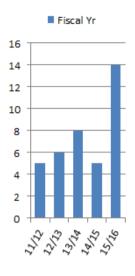
Commentary

The attached tables identify the number of dwelling house fires that have resulted in fire related casualties over the reporting 5 year period. The Service is committed to reducing this figure overall, therefore reducing the impact on the community.

The Service will continue to work with partners to reduce the number of casualties.

All deliberate fires

Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
April	0	0	0	0	4	16
May	0	1	2	0	1	13
June	1	0	0	0	1	15
July	1	0	0	2	3	14
August	0	1	2	0	3	- 11
September	0	1	1	2	1	5
October	L.	1	2	0	1	14
November	0	0	0	1	0	10
December	L.	1	0	0	0	4
January	1	0	1	0		
February	0	1	0	0		
March	0	0	0	0		
Fiscal Yr	5	6	8	5	14	102
Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	
Fiscal Yr	5	6	8	5	14	



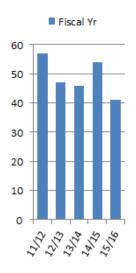
Qtr/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
Quarter I	1	1	2	0	6	44
Quarter 2	1	2	2	4	7	30
Quarter 3	2	2	2	1	1	28
Quarter 4	1	1	1	0		



Deliberate fires include those as a result of fire related antisocial behaviour (ASB) and wildfires. Analysis of the overall incidents and the periods in when they occur, identify seasonal variations e.g. muirburning season and holiday periods. The Service has introduced a number of fire reduction strategies and thematic action plans targeting these types of incidents. Working in partnership with other key agencies, the Service is working hard to reduce these incidents overall. Examples of which include the promotion of fire reduction through the Safer Highland ASB Group, promoting best practice and partnership working through the Scottish Wildfire Forum (SWF) and targeting key groups ahead of known peak activity periods.

Special Service - RTCs

Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
April	- I	4	L.	2	3	10
May	3	7	3	9	6	16
June	8	4	2	7	3	15
July	6	5	1	8	2	15
August	6	2	6	3	3	23
September	7	3	4	4	7	17
October	5	3	4	5	3	15
November	5	5	4	3	7	26
December	6	7	9	3	7	15
January	5	3	6	3		
February	3	0	4	4		
March	2	4	2	3		
Fiscal Yr	57	47	46	54	41	152



Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Fiscal Yr	57	47	46	54	41

Qtr/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
Quarter I	12	15	6	18	12	41
Quarter 2	19	10	Ш	15	12	55
Quarter 3	16	15	17	11	17	56
Quarter 4	10	7	12	10		



Commentary

Special Service incidents involves an operational response to a range of emergency activities including life critical road traffic collisions, flooding events, industrial accidents and in support of other emergency service colleagues at larger multi-agency non-fire related events.

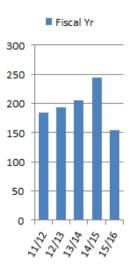
The most common type of special service is as a result of a road traffic collision involving, in most cases, a response from all three emergency services. The Service is working in partnership with other emergency response colleagues and partner agencies through the Highland Road Safety Group to reduce these incidents in the communities of Ross and Cromarty.

Road safety activities in the area include e.g. Driving Ambition and Safe Highlander, all of which have a focused message of road safety, targeting key groups in the reduction of road related incidents as identified in Scotland's Road Safety Framework to 2020.

http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Resource/Doc/286643/0087268.pdf

False Alarm - Equipment failure

Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
April	18	14	24	20	12	106
May	25	14	16	11	20	115
June	11	13	21	31	22	123
July	19	18	25	19	22	129
August	8	28	19	21	17	- 111
September	19	12	19	19	20	121
October	12	16	19	13	17	139
November	17	9	12	20	14	113
December	15	18	18	10	11	102
January	9	16	5	30		
February	13	19	10	23		
March	18	16	17	28		
Fiscal Yr	184	193	205	245	155	1059



Month/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
Fiscal Yr	184	193	205	245	155

Qtr/Year	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16	Highland
Quarter I	54	41	61	62	54	344
Quarter 2	46	58	63	59	59	361
Quarter 3	44	43	49	43	42	354
Quarter 4	40	51	32	81		



Commentary

The Service responds to a number of false alarms over the reporting year, most of which are unwanted fire alarm signals (UFAS). The number of calls across the area of Ross and Cromarty has been consistent when analysing like for like periods over the last 5 year reporting periods.

A new policy has been implemented which requires SFRS personnel to work closely with duty holders in order to reduce the number of UFAS events.

Station Availability

Station	Availability %	Male	Female	Staff
Achiltibuie	97%	6	0	6
Applecross	73%	6	2	8
Aultbea	92%	9	0	9
Balintore (CRU)	N/A	9	0	9
Cromarty (CRU)	N/A	5	1	6
Dingwall - 1st Appliance	100%	47	0	17
Dingwall - 2nd Appliance	62%	17	0	
Fortrose	81%	8	0	8
Gairloch	93%	8	2	10
Glenelg	64%	5	1	6
Invergordon - 1st Appliance	97%	14	2	16
Invergordon - 2nd Appliance	68%	14	Z	16
Kinlochewe	31%	4	1	5
Kyle	99%	11	1	12
Lochcarron	89%	7	0	7
Ratagan (CRU)	N/A	1	0	1
Tain	88%	11	0	11
Torridon	90%	9	2	11
Ullapool - 1st Appliance	98%	42	0	42
Ullapool - 2nd Appliance	81%	13	0	13
Skye, Ross and Cromarty Area Committee Totals		143	12	155

Commentary

The table shows the current staffing levels on stations and total availability that these individuals have been available for calls, and how this affects the availability of the station's fire appliances.

The Service works closely with employers and RDS staff to support an improvement in availability. However, we recognise the challenges faced by RDS staff when combining primary employment and their operational availability across the communities in Highland area.

The Service is actively recruiting in a number of communities to improve station and fire appliance availability and Campaign 3 generated 9 successful candidates for the Ross and Cromarty area.