HIGHLAND COUNCIL

| Agenda Item | 6. |
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| Report No | RES/52/18 |

Committee: Corporate Resources Committee

Date: 21 November 2018

1.

Report Title: Corporate Capital Monitoring Report to 30 September 2018

Report By: Director of Corporate Resources / Depute Chief Executive

Purpose/Executive Summary

- 1.1 This report provides a summary of the capital expenditure made by the Council in the first half of financial year 2018/19. The report also provides a forecast year end position.
- 1.2 During the first half of the year the Council has incurred £28.665m of capital expenditure. This investment forms part of the revised five year capital programme, agreed in March of this year, encompassing over £490m of capital investment.
- 1.3 Forecast spend for the full financial year is £102.726m which reflects a net underspend of £1.701m against programmed expenditure.
- 1.4 Borrowing of £56.608m will be required in the current year to support the forecast level of expenditure. Loans charges, which reflect the cost to the Council's revenue budget of repaying the principal and interest elements of all the Council's historic borrowing, accounted for 9.86% of the total revenue spend in 2017/18.

2. Recommendations

2.1 Members are invited to consider the financial position of the General Fund and HRA Capital Programmes as at 30 September 2018.

3. Capital Expenditure

- 3.1 **Appendix 1** shows the General Fund net capital budget for 2018/19 of £104.427m, net expenditure to date of £28.665m, and an estimated net underspend of £1.701m on the programme for the financial year.
- 3.2 This underspend solely comprises slippage or acceleration on projects which will be carried over to future financial years.
- 3.3 **Appendix 3** reconciles the capital plan approved by Highland Council on 7 March 2018 to the current position, taking account of slippage on certain projects brought forward from 2017/18. As the 2017/18 capital outturn was lower than had been anticipated when the capital programme was set, the slippage carried forward into 2018/19 is higher than the expected figure that was included in the revised programme. There is no funding implication as a result of this change.
- 3.4 The Environment, Development and Infrastructure Committee now receives a report detailing the delivery of individual projects within the programme. A link to that report has been provided in the background papers section of this report.

4. Funding of the Capital Programme

- 4.1 The funding section of the table in **Appendix 1** shows how the capital programme is financed in the current year. The Council will receive a capital grant of £45.368m from the Scottish Government this reflects grant funding specifically for use in financing capital expenditure. Of that figure £9.583m relates to funding for specific flood schemes.
- 4.2 The Council is forecasting to receive capital receipts in the year of £0.750m-this reflects income from the disposal of assets.
- 4.3 The largest element of funding for the capital programme is borrowing. In total borrowing of £56.608m would be required to fund the forecast level of expenditure for 2018/19.

5. Housing Revenue Account

- 5.1 As detailed in **Appendix 2** net expenditure for the year to date is £17.227m against an annual budget of £51.436m. Forecast spend for the year is £45.810m leading to a net underspend of £5.626m.
- The principal reason for the slippage on the mainstream element of the programme is the prioritisation of project management resources on completing the outstanding 2017/18 programme works, including the retendering of several projects to provide value for money. The slippage on the Council house building element is a combination of delays in statutory consents, and high tender returns resulting in retendering delays.

6. Implications

6.1 Resource – The cost of financing borrowing falls upon the loans charges budget- part of the Council's revenue budget. The loans charge budget comprises two main elements- the 'principal' element reflects the paying back of the capital borrowed. The 'interest' element reflects that cost of financing that borrowing.

Under loans fund accounting rules Highland Council accounting policy is that the principal element of any repayment of borrowing begins in the year after that in which capital expenditure was incurred. As such capital projects paid for in 2018/19 will affect the principal element of the loans charges budget in 2019/20.

The other element of the loans charges budget relates to the actual interest costs on external borrowing. The Council's current treasury management strategy is for any new borrowing to be undertaken on a short term basis to take advantage of very low borrowing rates.

All borrowing does however have to be repaid and expenditure on any capital project will have a consequential impact on the Council's revenue budget in future years.

6.2 Risk- Any overspends on capital projects would either need to be funded from additional borrowing or by reducing spend on other programmed projects.

The ability to fund projects is determined by the capacity within the loans charges budget. Adverse movements in the Council's average cost of borrowing could restrict the total amount of capital funding available.

6.3 Legal, Community (Equality, Poverty and Rural), Climate Change/Carbon Clever, Gaelic – no specific implications

Designation: Director of Corporate Resources / Depute Chief Executive

Date: 9th November 2018

Author: Edward Foster, Head of Corporate Finance

Background Papers:

https://www.highland.gov.uk/download/meetings/id/73257/item_3_capital_programme_20

1819_to_202223

https://www.highland.gov.uk/download/meetings/id/74411/item_6_-

_capital_expenditure_monitoring_report

| Capital Expenditure Monitoring Report - Service Sum | mary | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| 1 April - 30th September 2018 | | | | | | |
| Table A: General Fund | Actual Net Year to Date £000 | Annual Net Budget £000 | Year End Estimated Net Outturn £000 | Year End Net Variance £000 | Carry Forward/ Back £000 | Anticipated Year End Under/Ove £000 |
| General Fund | | | | | | |
| Care and Learning Community Services Corporate Resources Development and Infrastructure Discretionary Fund | 2,385 8,805 4,740 12,735 0 | 43,593 19,774 16,705 23,480 875 | 39,193 19,164 15,079 28,415 875 | (4,400) (610) (1,626) 4,935 | (4,400) (610) (1,626) 4,935 0 | 0 0 0 0 |
| Total General Fund | 28,665 | 104,427 | 102,726 | (1,701) | (1,701) | 0 |
| Funding | | | | | | |
| General Capital Grant Capital Receipts Self -Financing Projects Borrowing Planned Over Programming and Slippage - Borrowing | 0 0 0 28,665 0 | 45,368 750 0 58,309 0 | 45,368 750 0 58,309 (1,701) | 0 0 0 0 (1,701) | 0 0 0 0 (1,701) | 0 0 0 0 |
| Total General Fund | 28,665 | 104,427 | 102,726 | (1,701) | (1,701) | (|

| Capital Expenditure Monitoring Report - Ho | using Revenue Account | | | Appendix 2 |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 April - 30th September 2018 | | | | |
| Table B: Housing Revenue Account | Actual Year to Date £000 | Annual Budget £000 | Year End Outturn £000 | Year End Variance £000 |
| Gross Expenditure Budget | 17,227 | 51,436 | 45,810 | (5,626 |
| Funding | | | | |
| Sale of Council House Receipts | 473 | 0 | 700 | 700 |
| Government Grant Income | 2,820 | 13,194 | 10,440 | (2,754 |
| RHI Income | 156 | 0 | 289 | 289 |
| Sale of LIFT Properties | 242 | 1,742 | 1,753 | 11 |
| CFCR | 0 | 4,648 | 4,648 | 0 |
| Landbank Contribution | 0 | 1,162 | 990 | (172 |
| Borrowing | 13,536 | 30,690 | 26,990 | (3,700 |
| Total HRA | 0 | 0 | 0 | (|

Capital Expenditure Monitoring Report - Plan Update

1 April - 30th September 2018

| Capital Plan | 2016/17 £000 |
|--|-----------------|
| Approved plan 2018/19 Roundings | 58,892 (1) |
| Net slippage brought forward from 2017/18 | 43,501 |
| Capital plan at 1 April 2018 | 102,392 |
| Adjustment to Flooding Grant for 18-19 | 2,035 |
| Increase in General Capital Grant | 4,383 |
| Reduction in borrowing | (4,383) |
| Capital plan at 30th September 2018 per Appendix 1 | 104,427 |