Agenda Item	5
Report No	N/22/19

HIGHLAND COUNCIL

Committee: Nairnshire Committee

Date: 27 November 2019

Report Title: Housing Performance Report – 1 April 2019 to 30 September

2019

Report By: Executive Chief Officer Customer and Communities

Purpose/Executive Summary

1.1 This report provides information on how the Housing Section performed in relation to Scottish Social Housing Charter and other performance indicators up to 30 September 2019.

2 Recommendations

2.1 Members are invited to consider the information provided on housing performance in the period 1 April 2019 to 30 September 2019.

3 Implications

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- 3.1 Resource There are no resource implications arising from this report.
- 3.2 Legal There are no legal implications arising from this report.
- 3.3 Community (Equality, Poverty and Rural) There are no equality implications arising from this report.
- 3.4 Climate Change/Carbon Clever There are no climate change/Carbon Clever implications arising from this report.
- 3.5 Risk Risk is managed through regular review and reporting to allow corrective action to be taken if necessary.
- 3.6 Gaelic There are no Gaelic implications arising from this report.

4 Background

- 4.1 The Scottish Housing Regulator (SHR) has set out the performance indicators that it will use in its scrutiny of landlords.
- 4.2 This report provides key performance information based on the reporting framework recommended by the SHR. Information on other performance indicators for housing management is presented in tabular format at **Appendix 1.**
- 4.3 Further performance information by Council Ward can be found on the Highland Council Intranet ward reporting pages.

 http://www.highland.gov.uk/staffsite/info/13/members_intranet/37/ward_reporting/2
- 4.4 In accordance with the Scottish Social Housing Charter guidance, the Repairs, Tenancy Management and Rent Arrears figures are cumulative, while the Homeless Presentations figures are given for each separate quarter.
- 4.5 Scottish Housing Network (SHN) benchmark information, derived from the performance of all Scottish Landlords, has also been provided where available.

5. Repairs

- 5.1 The key indicators for measuring repairs performance are considered to be the average time taken to complete Emergency repairs and Non-emergency repairs.
- 5.2 The average length of time taken to complete Emergency repairs is calculated in hours.

5.3 Table 1: Average length of time taken to complete emergency repairs (hours)

Target 14 hours

2018/19 SHN Benchmark (Group) – 4.91 hours

			201	2019/20			
EME	No of Houses	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Nairn & Cawdor	686	2.6	2.8	2.6	2.8	3.8	3.7
Highland	14152	7.6	8.3	6.4	6.4	4.7	4.8

- 5.4 Emergency repairs performance in Nairn remains within the Highland target and ahead of the Highland average.
- 5.5 Non-emergency repairs are measured in working days.

5.6 Table 2: Average length of time taken to complete non-emergency repairs (days)

Target 8 days

2018/19 SHN Benchmark (Group) – 6.64 days

	No of		201	2019/20			
NON-EME	Houses	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2		
Nairn & Cawdor	686	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.2	4.0	3.9
Highland	14152	8.0	7.6	7.5	7.2	5.1	4.8

- 5.7 Non-emergency repairs performance remains within the Highland target and ahead of the Highland average.
- 5.8 In gathering the information for repairs indicators, we do not include instances where we have been unable to gain access to properties. This is in accordance with the Scottish Social Housing Charter guidance.

6 Tenancy Management

6.1 The chart below provides information on the average re-let time showing the trend back three years and highlighting the same quarter in previous years for comparison.

6.2 Table 3: Average re-let time (days) Target 35 days 2018/19 SHN Benchmark (Group) – 39.64 days

Ava rolot timo	No of	No of		201	2019/20			
Avg relet time	Houses	relets	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Nairn & Cawdor	686	23	25.19	34.08	27.9	36.53	25.22	47.59
Highland	14152	644	39.07	39.43	31.48	39.91	36.00	34.60

6.3 The average time to relet properties in Nairn is over the performance target of 35 days. There were 4 sheltered housing properties relet within the period which is a higher proportion than usual. Allocating these properties generally takes longer than a standard allocation as the pool of applicants is smaller and requires more careful matching. Two other properties had extended void periods due to requiring unexpected repairs to plumbing and electrics after issues were identified during void works.

7 Rent Arrears

7.1 A key indicator for rent arrears is considered to be the value of current rent arrears. The table below shows the comparative figure for the same quarter in the previous three years.

7.2 Table 4 – Current Rent Arrears

			201	2019/20			
Rent arrears	No of Houses	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Nairn & Cawdor	686	69425	82692	82333	75598	69999	84050

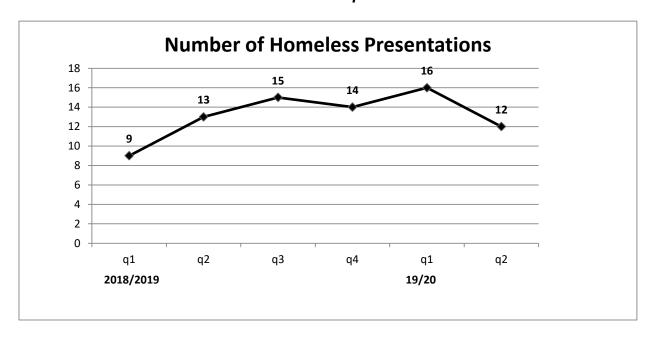
7.3 Rent arrears for quarter 2 in Nairn has increased. This matches the overall trend for Highland. The reason for the increase in rent arrears is due to the payment run for Universal Credit (UC) claimants falling just after the reporting date of 30 September and the timing of the Direct Debit payment for rent arrears which was received after 30 September. This is consistent in Quarter 2 in previous years.

8 Homelessness

8.1 Performance information on homelessness is not collected as part of the Scottish Social Housing Charter return, however a number of indicators have been agreed for reporting to Local Committees.

- 8.2 Table 5 shows the number of homeless presentations received.
- 8.3 There were 285 presentations across Highland at the end of Q2 2019.

Table 5 - Homeless presentations



8.5 There were 12 households who presented as homeless in Nairn in quarter 2, which was lower than the previous quarter but generally within the overall trend of the previous 12 months. Single bedroom accommodation is in the greatest demand for households presenting as homeless. Reasons for homelessness vary between affordability, overcrowding and relationship breakdowns with no particular issue standing out.

9 HRA Capital programme

8.4

An update on the HRA Capital Programme has been provided separately to Members and will be presented through attendance at ward business meetings. Henceforth, updates on the 2019-20 HRA Capital Programme, along with an update on environmental capital projects, will be provided to the Committee.

Designation: Executive Chief Officer Customer and Communities

Date: 6 November 2019

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Rory MacLeod, Principal Housing Officer

Background Papers: Scottish Housing Regulator: The Scottish Social Housing

Charter: Indicators and Context Information

APPENDIX 1

				201	9/20	2018/19			
SPI 19/20	19/20	Scottish Average	Target	Qtr2	Qtr1	Qtr 4	Qtr 3	Qtr 2	Qtr 1
Reactive repairs		_							
carried out first									
time - Nairn	GREEN	92.23	92	98.67	97.65	100	100	100	100
Rent collected as									
% of rent due -					400.00				00.40
Nairn	AMBER	99.38	99	98.78	100.86	99.50	99.06	98.70	99.46
Gross rent arrears									
as % of rent due -	ODEEN	5 44	_	4.00	4.00	4.07	4.00	4.50	4.40
Nairn	GREEN	5.41	5	4.68	4.08	4.37	4.68	4.52	4.12
% rent loss									
through voids -	GREEN	0.05	_	0.76	0.02	0.74	0.82	4 40	1 17
Nairn % of new	GREEN	0.85	1	0.76	0.93	0.74	0.82	1.10	1.17
tenancies									
sustained for									
more than a year									
- Nairn	GREEN	88.66	90	90.48	92.68	89.19	94.00	95.24	94.20
Tenancy offers	OILLIV	00.00	30	30.40	52.00	00.10	34.00	30.24	54.20
refused - Nairn	GREEN	35.86	38	6.25	0.00	18.60	22.86	21.74	15.38
% of lettable	ORLEIT	00.00	- 00	0.20	0.00	10.00	22.00		10.00
houses becoming									
vacant Nairn	GREEN	8.56	8.9	5.10	5.83	6.56	5.84	5.55	6.46
% households									
requiring									
temporary									
emergency									
accommodation									
who receive offer									
Nairn	GREEN		100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Avgerage time in									
temporary									
emergency									
accommodation									
Nairn (weeks)				34.00	35.60	33.30	29.80	24.50	20.00