

AGENDA ITEM 6A REPORT NO. VAL/9/20

Highland and Western Isles Valuation Joint Board (the VJB)

External Audit Report to the Board and the Controller of Audit for the financial year ended 31 March 2020

DRAFT REPORT – VJB Board – 20 November 2020

John Boyd Engagement Leader

Lewis White Engagement In-Charge



Our audit at a glance



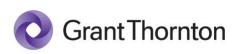
We have fulfilled our responsibilities per International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice throughout our work. This final report to the Highland and Western Isles Valuation Joint Board ("the VJB") and the Controller of Audit.

> An audit underpinned by quality and adding value to you

Significant audit risks were: management override of controls and the risk of fraud in expenditure recognition as set out in Financial Reporting Council's (FRC) Practice Note 10. An additional significant audit risk was identified in relation to Covid-19 which caused significant disruption to all public sector entities in the later half of March 2020.



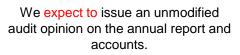
Materiality was set at £69,180 for 2019/20. This was calculated using the materiality benchmark of 2% of gross expenditure as set out in our audit plan. We updated our materiality calculation based on the unaudited financial statements for 2019/20.



The unaudited Annual Accounts were published on 25 June 2020. The Accounts included the draft financial statements, Management Commentary and Annual Governance Statement. Due to the impact of Covid-19, we agreed with Officers to delay the annual accounts and audit process. Under the powers contained within the Coronavirus (Scotland) Act 2020, the VJB postponed the proposed publication of the audited annual accounts until November 2020.



The Management Commentary is in line with our understanding of the VJB. The Annual Governance Statement outlines VJB' scope of responsibility and governance framework in place, including effectiveness of governance arrangements in place. The statement has been prepared in accordance with the Delivering good Governance in Local Government Framework (2016). The remuneration report has been prepared in accordance with Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014.





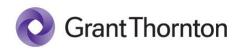
Adding value through our external audit work

First and foremost our objective is to ensure we deliver a quality external audit which fully complies with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) UK and the Audit Scotland Code of Practice (2016). By ensuring our audit is efficient and effective, underpinned by our quality arrangements, gives you assurance over our opinion.

Through this Annual Report we seek to provide insight and commentary over certain aspects of the VJB's arrangements, including our conclusions over the design of key financial controls as well as the financial statements.

We have continued to build on our working relationship with management and our understanding of the VJB as an organisation. Despite the challenges of working remotely during the Covid-19 pandemic we were able to get the assurances required and complete our testing to conclude our audit.

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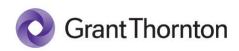


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Introduction

Reporting

This report is a summary of our findings from our external audit work for the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

Our work has been undertaken in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) (UK) and the Audit Scotland Code of Audit Practice 2016.

Our report is addressed to the Highland and Western Islands Valuation Joint Board ("the VJB"). In addition, in accordance with our reporting responsibilities the report is jointly addressed to the Controller of Audit.

Once the accounts have been laid before parliament, the finalised audit report will be made publicly available on the Audit Scotland website (www.auditscotland.gov.uk)

We would like to thank the VJB' Officers as well the Highland Council finance officers who provide administrative and accounting services for VJB for an effective year-end audit process and all their support and assistance throughout the audit process.

Audit status as at 20 November 2020

Our audit procedures of the 2019/20 financial statements are substantially complete subject to the following audit procedures:

- Completion of final disclosure check of the financial statements
- Subsequent events (up to the date of signing)
- Completion of final audit testing around related parties and financial instruments
- Final engagement leader review
- Management and those charged with governance representations

Structure of this report

As set out in our Audit Plan presented to the VJB Partnership Committee in draft in February 2020 and Finalised on 31 March 2020, we consider in accordance with the Audit Scotland Code of Practice that the VJB meets the smaller body definition. Therefore full wider scope is not considered relevant.

However, as required in the Code of Audit Practice our report concludes on our audit of the annual report and accounts and certain aspects of VJB's arrangements as follows:

Financial statements including the Performance Report and Accountability Report (including governance statement) – Section 1

Disclosures in the governance statement and the VJB's financial sustainability – Section 2 and 3 $\,$

Covid-19

As a result of the Covid-19 pandemic we considered whether an additional financial statement audit risk was required. We have recognised a further financial statement risk in relation to Covid-19. Further details on the risk identified and our response and conclusion to the risks are included within the Responding to Significant Risks section of the report.

Our opinion

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 we (expect to issue) an unqualified audit opinion on the financial statements and that:

- The financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with applicable law and the 2019/20 Code of the state of affairs of the council and its group as at 31 March 2020 and of the income and expenditure of the council and its group for the year then ended;
- The financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, as interpreted and adapted by the 2019/20 Code;
- The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973, The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014, and the Local Government in Scotland Act 2003.
- The information given in the Annual Governance Statement for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements and prepared in accordance with the Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: Framework (2016).
- The information given in the Management Commentary for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with statutory guidance issued under the Local Government Scotland Act 2003; and
- Audited parts of the Remuneration Report have been prepared in accordance with The Local Authority Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2014.



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Materiality

Our audit approach was set out in our audit plan presented to the VJB Partnership Board in February 2020 and finalised on 31 March 2020. We updated our materiality calculation based on the unaudited financial statements for 2019/20. Overall materiality has been set at £69,180 approximately 2% of gross expenditure and performance materiality is set at £51,885, 75% of materiality. Our planned approach has not changed from that set out in our plan.

We report to management any difference identified over £3,500 which has been set at 5% of overall materiality. Below this threshold the adjustment is considered trivial.

Lastly we set a lower materiality level in respect of the remuneration report, given the interest to the users of the accounts. This was set at $\pounds 2,500$, linked to the bandings used.

Internal Audit

As set out in our external audit plan our audit approach is to comply with the ISA's and we do not place formal reliance on the work of the Highland Council's Internal Audit Service, VJB' internal audit provider during 2019/20. We have reviewed the internal audit plan and individual reports issued to date, to consider if any impact on our audit approach. Internal Audit concluded *"it is the audit opinion that reasonable assurance can be placed upon the adequacy and effectiveness of the Board's internal control systems for the year to 31 March 2020".*

The findings of internal audit are consistent with our knowledge and experience of the VJB. From our review we are satisfied that there were no areas arising from the work of internal audit that would impact on our audit opinion or require specific disclosure in the annual governance statement. We have no concerns that Internal Audit did not have sufficient capacity and capability to provide the internal audit service to the VJB.

Internal control environment

During the year we sought to understand the VJB's overall control environment (design) as related to the financial statements. In particular we have:

- Sought to understand procedures and controls around related parties, journal entries and other key entity level controls including understanding of the controls in place at The Highland's Council, who administer financial transactions on the VJB's behalf.
- Performed procedures around entity level controls and there are no significant matters that we wish to draw to your attention.
- Performed walkthrough procedures on key controls around identified risk areas including expenditure, journals, and the valuation of defined benefit pension schemes. We have also considered the impact of Covid-19 on financial reporting arrangements including the production of the accounts.

No material weaknesses in the accounting and internal control systems were identified based on our work undertaken during the audit which could have an adverse impact on the VJB's ability to record, process, summarise and report financial and other relevant data so as to result in a material misstatement in the financial statements. We adopted a substantive based approach to the audit of the financial statements and therefore our review is limited to the design of controls rather than the operating effectiveness of these.



Responding to significant risks

Risk area

Risk of fraud in expenditure recognition (as set out in FRC Practice Note 10)

Identified audit risks at planning

Operating expenditure is understated or not treated in the correct period (risk of fraud in expenditure). As payroll expenditure is well forecast and agreeable to underlying payroll systems, there is less opportunity for the risk of misstatement in this expenditure stream. We therefore focus on non-pay expenditure including operational plan expenditure and other operating costs. We consider the risk to be particularly prevalent around the year end and therefore focus our testing on cut-off of non-pay expenditure. Specifically for the VJB this includes administration expenses and supplier and services as well as property costs.

Work completed

- · Walkthroughs of the controls and procedures over non-pay expenditure and other operating costs.
- Performed substantive testing (at an elevated risk level) expenditure recognised post year end to identify if there is any potential understatement.
- Testing post year end bank statements (as administered by the Highland Council) and review of minutes to identify any potential unrecorded liabilities.
- Reviewing any accruals and deferred income around the year end to consider if there is any indication of understatement of balances held through consideration of accounting estimate.

Our conclusion

Based on our testing we conclude:

- · We did not identify any exceptions in our cut-off testing of year end expenditure.
- We did not identify any exceptions in the completeness and accuracy of accruals, deferred income or provisions balances at the year end.
- Through our substantive procedures and sample testing we confirmed expenditure testing was in accordance with the nature of the organisation (regularity).

[Subject to completion of audit procedures and final engagement leader review]



Risk area

Management override of controls

As set out in ISA 240 there is a presumed risk that management (senior Officer) override of controls is present in all entities. This risk area includes the potential for management to use their judgement to influence the financial statements as well as the potential to override VJB controls for specific transactions.

Identified audit risks at planning

We consider those key judgements that are most susceptible to significant audit risk of management override are those over expenditure recognition. These are areas where management has the potential to influence the financial statement through estimate and judgement.

Work completed

- · Considered the design of controls in place over key accounting estimates and judgements through performance of walkthrough procedures.
- Reviewed accounting estimates for management bias / indication of fraud that could result in material misstatement. This included review of estimates as at 31 March 2020 and retrospective review of those estimates as at 31 March 2019 (Note the significant estimate identified by Officers in the financial statements relates to IAS 19 defined benefit pension scheme obligations covered through Significant audit risk Defined benefit pension scheme liabilities).
- Journals testing including:
 - · Assessment of the design of controls in place over journal entries, including journal preparation, authorisation and processing onto the financial ledger;
 - Risk assessment of the journals population to identify large or unusual journal entries, such as those that are not incurred in the normal course of business, or those entries that may be indicative of fraud or error that could result in material misstatement. We tested these journals to ensure they are appropriate and suitably recorded in the financial ledger;
 - · Considering areas of significant judgement or estimation for indication of management bias; and
 - Target testing of transactions around the financial year end, reviewing large journals and those which appear unusual to understand the rationale for the transaction.

Our conclusion

Based on our testing we conclude:

- · There was no evidence of management override in our testing of controls.
- The VJB's financial statements include critical estimates and judgements around the actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of defined benefit pension scheme net liabilities. We have raised an audit adjustment for Officers to highlight the valuation uncertainty in the financial statements around the valuation of property investments held within the Pension Funds assets and subsequently the VJB's share of these. We did not identify any indication of management bias in the estimates made;.
- We did not identify any unusual or significant transactions throughout the financial year or during the financial close period which were out with the ordinary operations of the VJB.

[subject to completion of audit procedures and final engagement leader review]



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Risk area

Defined benefit pension scheme

Identified audit risks at planning

The VJB participates in the Highland Council Pension Fund, a local government pension scheme. The scheme is a defined benefit pension scheme and in accordance with IAS 19: Pensions, the VJB is required to recognise its share of the scheme assets and liabilities on the statement of financial position. As at 31 March 2019 the VJB had pension fund liabilities of £5.97 million.

Hymans Robertson UK LLP provide an annual IAS 19 actuarial valuation of the VJB's net liabilities in the pension scheme. There are a number of assumptions contained within the valuation, including: discount rate; future return on scheme assets; mortality rates; and, future salary projections. Given the material value of the scheme liabilities and the level of estimation in the valuation, there is an inherent risk that the defined benefit pension scheme could be materially misstated within the financial statements.

Work completed

- Assessed the adequacy of the design of the controls and procedures over the valuation of pension scheme liabilities, including information and instructions provided to the pension fund and actuary.
- Developed an understanding of the arrangements in place at the VJB for reviewing the assumptions adopted by the actuary and suitability of these for VJB.
- We challenged the suitability and reasonableness of the underlying assumptions adopted by the actuary in arriving at the defined benefit pension scheme liability, including ensuring underlying data used is appropriate in informing the valuation.
- We tested the underlying data supporting the valuation to ensure these are consistent with the VJB's underlying records.

Our conclusion

Based on our testing we conclude:

- Using the work of PriceWaterhousCoopers (PwC) central review of actuarial assumptions, we are satisfied that the assumptions adopted by the VJB were reasonable and in line with acceptable range of assumptions;
- The underlying data to support the actuarial valuation appears complete and accurate;
- The VJB has included valuation uncertainty within Accounting estimates and judgments note in the accounts (Note 1) in relation to the uncertainty over the valuation of property investments within the VJB's share of defined benefit pension scheme assets. We are satisfied this has been disclosed appropriately alongside other key assumptions included in the defined benefit pension scheme valuation;
- The draft defined pension scheme liability included an allowance for the estimated impact that the "McCloud/Sargeant" legal casewould have on scheme obligations. In June 2020, there was increased certainty surrounding the actual settlement approach which was likely to result in future obligations being less than originally estimated. As a result this represented more accurate information of the value of the obligations as at 31 March 2020 and therefore was required to be included in the accounts as an adjusting post balance sheet event. Officers obtained an updated actuarial valuation which reduced the defined benefit obligations by £92,000 as at 31 March 2020 and the adjustment is shown in appendix 1.



Identified audit risks at planning

Risk area

Covid-19

The global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus pandemic has led to unprecedented uncertainty for all organisations, requiring urgent business continuity arrangements to be implemented. We expected current circumstances would have an impact on the production and audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020, including and not limited to;

- Remote working arrangements and redeployment of staff to critical front line duties may impact on the quality and timing of the production of the financial statements, and restrict the evidence we can obtain through physical observation;
- Volatility of financial and property markets will increase the uncertainty of assumptions applied by management to receivable recovery estimates, and the reliability of evidence we can obtain to corroborate management estimates;
- Financial uncertainty will require management to reconsider financial forecasts supporting their going concern assessment and whether
 material uncertainties for a period of at least 12 months from the anticipated date of approval of the audited financial statements have
 arisen; and
- Disclosures within the financial statements will require significant revision to reflect the unprecedented situation and its impact on the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 March 2020 in accordance with IAS1, particularly in relation to material uncertainties.

We therefore identified the global outbreak of the Covid-19 virus as a significant risk, which was one of the most significant assessed risks of material misstatement.

Work completed

- Worked with management to understand the implications the response to the Covid-19 pandemic has had on the organisation's ability to prepare the financial statements and update financial forecasts, and assessed the implications for our materiality calculations;
- Evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures in the financial statements that arose in light of the Covid-19 pandemic;
- Evaluated whether sufficient audit evidence could be obtained through remote technology;
- Evaluated whether sufficient audit evidence could be obtained to corroborate significant management estimates such as recovery of receivable balances; and
- Evaluated management's assumptions that underpin the revised financial forecasts and the impact on management's going concern assessment.

Our conclusion

Based on our testing we conclude:

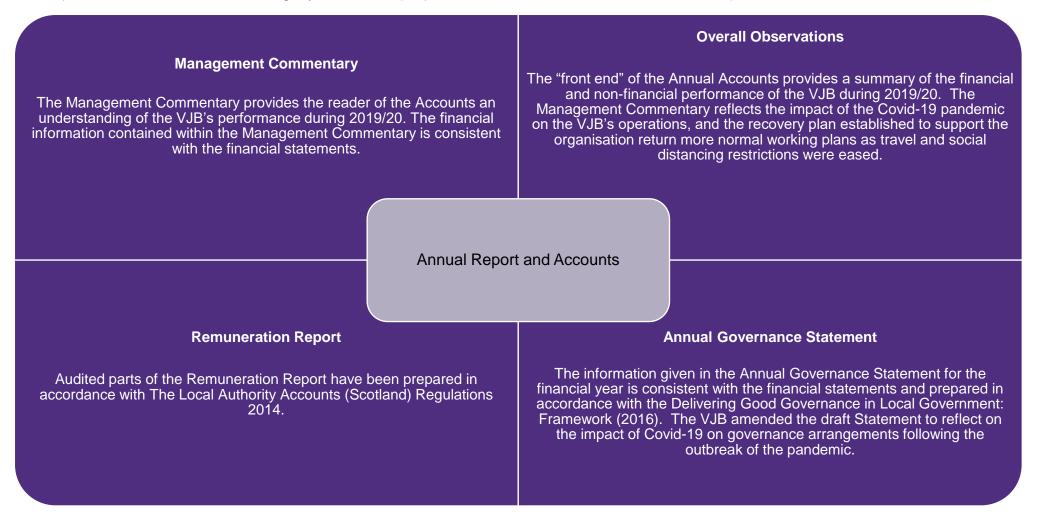
- Covid-19 and remote working did not restrict VJB' ability to prepare the financial statements or restrict the audit evidence required to complete the audit.
- The potential risk of Covid-19 on the VJB did not impact on our assessment of materiality.
- Management's assumptions underpinning financial forecasts and the going concern assessment have adequately considered the potential impact of Covid-19.
- · We have not identified any significant impact on the VJB's debtor recovery, although acknowledge that the majority of these are with other public bodies
- During the audit we raised a disclosure adjustment for management to recognise the impact of Covid-19 within the governance statement and other sections of the annual report and accounts commentary on Covid and the impact on the governance arrangements (appendix 1).

[subject to final engagement leader review]



Narrative elements of your annual accounts

In accordance with our responsibilities we have reviewed the narrative aspects of the annual accounts and report. We have considered the consistency of this narrative with our understanding of VJB and the financial statements and have set out our observations below. We have also audited the required information in the remuneration report (marked audited) and have no matters we wish to bring to your attention. [subject to final disclosure review of financial statements]





Key aspects of your financial statements

We consider key aspects of your financial statements in relation to management judgements in relation to management judgements including estimates and where management may have particular options or choices in what accounting standards or disclosure requirements to apply. We have summarised our conclusions below.

No new International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) have been adopted in the year as the adoption of IFRS 16 for public bodies has been delayed by a year as a result of the Covid-19 pandemic. The Accounting Policies followed by the VJB are in accordance with the 2019/20 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom (the 2019/20 Code).

In relation to the audit risk of fraud in respect of expenditure recognition we tested the VJB's cutoff arrangements and identified no issues with the recognition of post year end transactions or in accruals which could indicate a higher risk of potential fraud.

There were no material legal uncertainties at year-end.



The VJB's accounts includes disclosure around critical estimates and judgements around the measurement of defined benefit pension obligations (actuarial assumptions) as well as the valuation of land and buildings. While we agree with Officers assessed areas of estimation and judgement, there is an opportunity to enhance the disclosure around these including sensitivity surrounding the estimate and potential impact. This is included within Appendix 1.

VJB financial statements report a net liabilities position as at 31 March 2020 of £4.851 million. The net liability position is primarily due to the VJB's net defined benefit pension obligations of £4.967 million. This is a long term liability recognised in accordance with IAS 19. The actual settlement of defined benefit pension obligations is through agreed contribution rates set through the triennial valuation of the Pension Fund, VJB income is primarily through funding from constituent Council requestions. The level of funding from constituent Council's is set annually to support VJB meet its obligations as they fall due, including pension contributions. Officers have considered forecasts for a period of at least 12 months from the proposed date of signing and are satisfied that the organisation continues to represent a going concern. We are satisfied that the VJB's use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate.



The VJB's financial arrangements

Financial Position 2019/20

The net budgeted expenditure of the Board in 2019/20 was £3.175 million. Actual net expenditure is £3 million resulting in an underspend against planned budget of £175,000. Per the agreed funding arrangement, transfers to reserves are limited to 3% of budget with cumulative balance not exceeding 5% of total budget in year. As a consequence the final total requisitions from constituent authorities was £159,000 below budget resulting in a net £16,000 being transferred to general fund.

The underspend in year was primarily achieved through underspends across staffing costs through the management of staff vacancies. While the saving reflects management of staffing costs it also reflects challenges in recruiting suitably qualified staff to the organisation. Officers have recognised this challenge and recruitment continues to be a key area of focus for the VJB.

Outturn against budget	£'000
Total comprehensive income	1,000
Remove: Re-measurements of the net defined benefit pension liability taken to pension reserve	(1,473)
Next Expenditure in the CIES	(473)
Adjustments to remove IAS 19 pension adjustments and employee annual leave accrual (not charged to general fund)	489
Net Income charged to the General Fund	16
Budget (breakeven)	-
Surplus over budget	16

Covid-19 response and governance arrangements

The VJB has an established governance framework in place consisting of policies, procedures and systems of internal control to support the delivery of its operations. From review of the VJB Board minutes and papers there does not appear to be significant focus on risks and no formal Board review of a VJB risk register. In addition, while the VJB has established key non-financial performance measures, as noted within the Annual Report, there does not appear to be significant monitoring of these during the year at the VJB Board. There is an opportunity to enhance the level of oversight and scrutiny across the VJB through establishing key performance reports and also reporting and monitoring of the key risks to the delivery of these.

Action Plan Point - 1

Due to travel and social distancing measures introduced by the Government in response to the outbreak of Covid-19, emergency governance arrangements were put in place in March 2020 including the cancellation of the VJB Board meeting in March 2020. The budget for 2020/21 which was to be approved at this meeting was instead circulated to all Board members for approval. Meetings were resumed in June 2020 using remote working.

Operationally the impact of Covid-19 resulted in limitations on the ability to undertake physical inspections of new or altered properties. In addition, significant numbers of Covid-19 appeals have been received. However, the electoral register has continued to be maintained through remote working and as travel and social distancing restrictions are lifted the organisation is remobilising and re-establishing normal working practices.



Like many public bodies, the VJB faces financial challenges in balancing public sector funding constraints alongside increasing pressures on its cost base including pay and non-pay costs. Requisition funding from constituent council's and the Scottish Government is confirmed for a period of one year. For 2020/21 the draft budget was set at a breakeven position, with requisition funding from consistent authorities set at £3.458 million. The VJB has forecast that for 2021/22 the level of requisition funding will increase to £3.605 million.

A key challenge for the VJB is in preparing for the implementation of the Barclay reforms and the move to three yearly revaluations. The increased revaluation cycle has a significant impact on workload and resources. A key challenge for the VJB is ensuring that it has sufficient valuation capacity and capability to manage the workload while continuing to operate within available resources. With financial pressures facing constituent councils, particularly with the impact of Covid-19, officers recognise that there is a need to continue to operate as efficiently as possible and have incorporated planned efficiencies within the financial plan, particularly around use of a new ER system and office rationalisation to reduce costs.





Appendices

Audit adjustments

Action plan and recommendations

Follow up of prior year recommendations

Audit fees and independence

Fraud arrangements

Communication of audit matters



Audit adjustments

Uncorrected and corrected misstatements

We are pleased to report that there were no material uncorrected misstatements to the financial statements arising during our audit.

The following misstatements were corrected by Officers during the course of the audit and reflected in the draft financial statements

[subject to completion of audit procedures]

Item		Dr (£'000)	(Cr) (£'000)	Description
1	IAS 19 Defined benefit pension liability	92		Being adjustment to reflect the impact of the SPPA consultation on McCloud
	Operating income		(91)	remedy
	OCI - Remeasurements		(1)	
	-			

During the course of our audit work we identified a number of disclosure adjustments required to the draft financial statements. The following are those adjustments that have been adjusted for in the updated draft accounts.

[subject to completion of audit procedures]

ltem	Description	Adjusted
1	Annual governance statement	Minor disclosure amendments including further narrative on impact of Covid-19
2	Management Commentary	Some changes arising during the course of the audit around clarification of performance information
3	Accounting policies	Disclosures around the basis of preparation reflecting the 2019/20 Code and updating standards issued not yet implemented to include IFRS 16: Leases to reflect the UK Treasury's decision to defer implementation of the new standard.
4	Accounting policies – valuation uncertainty	Disclosure adjustments to highlight the uncertainty surrounding the valuation of property assets within the pooled investment portfolio.
5	Related party disclosures	Related party disclosures updated to reflect the 2019/20 Code requirements including details on income, expenditure and closing balances due to/from related parties.



Unadjusted misstatement

The following audit misstatements were identified during the course of the audit and have not been adjusted for by Officers on the grounds of materiality.

[subject to completion of audit procedures]

Item		Dr (£'000)	(Cr) (£'000)	Description
	CIES – Past Service cost	41		Being estimated adjustment to
1	Balance Sheet – Pension Liability		(41)	include allowance for GMP equalisation as estimated by the actuary as being approximately 0.2% of funded liabilities (0.002*£20,281,000 = £40,562)

Disclosure misstatements – uncorrected [subject to completion of audit procedures]

The following disclosure misstatements have not been corrected by Officers. We do not consider these to be material to the accounts and Officers have agreed to review during the preparation of next years financial statements:

Significant Judgements: The VJB currently disclose significant estimates and judgements within the notes to the financial statements. There are opportunities to enhance the disclosures around these disclosures. Critical judgements currently note uncertainty around future funding for local government. While there is a degree of uncertainty to local government bodies, the funding arrangements in place with these bodies under statute and constituent authorities are required to fund the liabilities of the VJB. Consequently, external audit do not consider this to represent a critical judgement.

Management Commentary: There is an opportunity to enhance disclosures around non-financial performance and risks and priorities facing the organisation. We have raised a separate audit recommendation around establishing reporting and monitoring at the VJB Board of key strategic risks facing the organisation and these should be incorporated into future Annual Reports.

We are satisfied that these are not material disclosure errors. Officers have proposed that recommendations will be taken forward to future years financial statements.



External Audit Recommendations

We have set out below, based on our audit work undertaken in 2019/20, the one significant recommendation arising from our audit work.

Recommendation

Agreed management response

1. Risk Management

From review of the VJB Board minutes and papers there does not appear to be significant focus on risks and no formal Board review of a VJB risk register. In addition, while the VJB has established key non-financial performance measures, as noted within the Annual Report, there does not appear to be significant monitoring of these during the year at the VJB Board. There is an opportunity to enhance the level of oversight and scrutiny across the VJB through establishing key performance reports and also reporting and monitoring of the key risks to the delivery of these.

Management response: Highland and Western Isles Valuation Joint Board staff maintain a risk register which is regularly reviewed. Significant changes in key risks will be reported to the next Board meeting. Non-financial performance monitoring is reported in the annual accounts.

Action owner: Assessor and Electoral Registration Officer. Timescale for implementation: 20 September 2020.



Follow up of external audit recommendations

During the year we have followed up on previous external audit recommendations. The results of this work is summarised below.

1. Management commentary

The Management Commentary provides users of the accounts with information on the VJB's financial and non-financial performance during the year and its financial outlook for 2019/20. While the Commentary includes a review of 2018/19 key developments and achievements, there is an opportunity to further develop the reporting in future years to provide performance against key performance outcomes. We recommend that officers look to enhance the Management Commentary contained within the financial statements to provide quantifiable measures of performance against key priorities.

Follow up 2019/20: Complete

The VJB Officers reviewed the Management Commentary for 2019/20 to incorporate key performance measures and achievements during the year. We note a further recommendation has been raised in the current year around incorporating the key strategic risks to the delivery of strategic outcomes into regular Board monitoring reports as well as the financial statements (See Action Plan Point 1).



Audit fees and independence

External Audit Fee

6,430 630 390			
390			
-			
7,450			
Fees for other services			
Fees £			
Nil			

Independence and ethics

- We confirm that there are no significant facts or matters that impact on our independence as auditors that we are required or wish to draw to your attention.
- We have complied with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards and therefore we confirm that we are independent and are able to express an objective opinion on the financial statements.
- We confirm that we have implemented policies and procedures to meet the requirements of the ethical standards.
- We are required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team.
- We can confirm no independence concerns have been identified.

Client service

We take our client service seriously and continuously seek your feedback on our external audit service. Should you feel our service falls short of expected standards please contact Joanne Brown, Head of Public Sector Assurance Scotland in the first instance who oversees our portfolio of Audit Scotland work (<u>joanne.e.brown@uk.gt.com</u>). Alternatively, should you wish to raise your concerns further please contact Jon Roberts, Partner and Head of Assurance, 30 Finsbury Square, London, EC2A 1AG. If your feedback relates to audit quality and we have not successfully resolved your concerns, your concerns should be reported to Elaine Boyd, Assistant Director, Audit Scotland Quality and Appointments in accordance with the Audit Scotland audit quality complaints process.



Fraud arrangements

The term fraud refers to intentional acts of one or more individuals amongst management, those charged with governance, employees or third parties involving the use of deception that result in a material misstatement of the financial statements. In assessing risks, the audit team is alert to the possibility of fraud at the VJB.

As part of our audit work we are responsible for:

- identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud in particular in relations to management override of controls.
- Leading a discussion with those charged of governance (for the VJB this is assumed to be the VJB Board) on their view of fraud. Typically we do this when presenting our audit plan and in the form of management and those charged with governance questionnaires.
- designing and implementing appropriate audit testing to gain assurance over our assessed risks of fraud
- responding appropriately to any fraud or suspected fraud identified during the audit.

As auditors we obtain reasonable but not absolute assurance the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

We will obtain annual representation from management regarding managements assessment of fraud risk, including internal controls, and any known or suspected fraud or misstatement. The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of fraud rests with management and those charged with governance including establishing and maintaining internal controls over the reliability of financial reporting effectiveness and efficiency of operations and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

It is the VJB's responsibility to establish arrangements to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity. This includes:

- developing, promoting and monitoring compliance with standing orders and financial instructions
- developing and implementing strategies to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularity
- receiving and investigating alleged breaches of proper standards of financial conduct or fraud and irregularity.

Throughout the audit we work with VJB to review specific areas of fraud risk, including the operation of key financial controls. We also examine the policies in place, strategies, standing orders and financial instructions to ensure that they provide a strong framework of internal control.

All suspected frauds and/or irregularities over £5,000 are reported to Audit Scotland by us as your auditors on a quarterly basis.

Anti-Money Laundering Arrangements

As required under the Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing and Transfer of Funds Regulations 2017 there is an obligation on the Auditor General (as set out in the planning guidance) to inform the National Crime Agency if she knows or suspects that any person has engaged in money laundering or terrorist financing. Should we be informed of any instances of money laundering at the VJB we will report to the Auditor General as required by Audit Scotland.



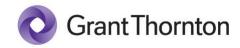
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Communication of audit matters

International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISA) 260, as well as other ISAs, prescribe matters which we are required to communicate with those charged with governance, and which we set out in the table below.

This document, our Annual Report is issued prior to approval of the financial statements and presents key issues and other matters arising from the audit, together with an explanation as to how these have been resolved.

Our communication plan	Audit Plan	Audit Findings
Respective responsibilities of auditor and management/those charged with governance	•	
Overview of the planned scope and timing of the audit, including planning assessment of audit risks and wider scope risks	•	
Confirmation of independence and objectivity	•	•
A statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence. Relationships and other matters which might be thought to bear on independence. Details of non-audit work performed by Grant Thornton UK LLP and network firms, together with fees charged. Details of safeguards applied to threats to independence	•	•
Significant matters in relation to going concern. No matters on going concern identified.	•	•
Views about the qualitative aspects of the VJB's accounting and financial reporting practices, including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures. Set out on page 11 and 12 of this report.		•
Significant findings from the audit None identified.		•
Significant matters and issues arising during the audit and written representations that have been sought. Letter of representation obtained. No significant matters and issues identified.		٠
Significant difficulties encountered during the audit No difficulties encountered.		•
Significant deficiencies in internal control identified during the audit None identified		•
Significant matters arising in connection with related parties None identified		•
Identification or suspicion of fraud involving management and/or which results in material misstatement of the financial statements None identified		•
Non-compliance with laws and regulations None identified.		•
Unadjusted misstatements and material disclosure omissions. None identified.		٠
Expected modifications to the auditor's report, or emphasis of matter. No modifications to the report.		•





The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our external audit. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the entity or all weaknesses in your internal controls.

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