Agenda Item	6.b
Report No	RES/13/22

THE HIGHLAND COUNCIL

Committee: Corporate Resources Committee

Date: 8 September 2022

Report Title:

Resources and Finance - Revenue and Performance Monitoring

to 30 June 2022 and near final outturn for 2021/22

Report By: Acting Depute Chief Executive

1. Purpose/Executive Summary

- 1.1 This report provides information relating to the Quarter 1 revenue and performance monitoring position for the period to 30 June 2022 and the 2021/22 near final outturn for the Resources and Finance Directorate.
- 1.2 In addition to the main revenue budget variances for which the Directorate has direct responsibility, contextual information is also incorporated into this report. Bringing together revenue and performance into a single monitoring report supports financial governance, informs decision making, and enables improvement actions to be identified. This approach is also intended to improve the accessibility of this monitoring report for Members and the wider readership by embedding contextual information, enhancing transparency, and enabling an informed view to be made of overall financial and service delivery performance for the Directorate.
- The performance information contained within this report includes the Accounts Commission's Statutory Performance Indicators (SPIs) for the Directorate, local key performance measures and where available, comparisons to Scottish averages. Trend information is also provided to evidence areas of strong performance and those requiring improvement. Presenting information in this way also provides opportunities for learning and sharing across the Directorate and the wider Council. A list of the current SPIs for the Resources and Finance Directorate, together with the frequency of reporting, is provided at **Appendix 7.** Future reports will also include comparisons against other Councils with similar profiles, where this is available, and will expand performance reporting for the activities undertaken by the Directorate.
- 1.4 Some activities delivered by the Resources and Finance Directorate, such as Loans Fund and Council Tax Income, are contained within the Corporate Revenue Monitoring Report which is a separate item on today's agenda. To ensure transparency, performance information relating to council tax is also contained within this report.

2. Recommendations

- 2.1 Members are invited to:
 - i. consider the revenue near final monitoring position for 2021/22 and the Quarter 1 period to 30 June 2022;
 - ii. scrutinise the statutory performance indicators, local key performance measures and where available, comparisons to Scottish averages; and
 - iii. review the effectiveness of the standard and level of services provided by the Resources and Finance Directorate and alignment with the Council's commitment to Best Value and continuous improvement;

3. Implications

- Resource: The budget of £13.650m available to the Resources and Finance Directorate is 2.1% of the total general fund for the totality of the Council's services (£660.237m). The Directorate has a budgeted staffing establishment of circa 435.9 FTEs. Corporate leadership in financial governance, human resources and provision of shared business support services are key responsibilities of the Directorate. Also, the Directorate provides the corporate leadership role for the core revenues streams (Council Tax, Non-Domestic Rates and Sundry Debt Income), and the strategic and operational delivery of financial assessments and provision of welfare services for our residents. Our responsibilities within the Revenues part of the Directorate involve engaging with every household and business in Highland.
- 3.2 **Community (Equality, Poverty and Rural)**: The extent of the strategic role and significant support provided by the Directorate to reduce poverty, alleviate financial insecurities and promote equalities are evidenced by the Welfare Budget.
- 3.3. **Legal:** The Local Government (Scotland) Act 1973 requires the Council to set its budget and thereafter budget holders are responsible for providing services within the budget allocated for that purpose.
- 3.3.1 For the provision of welfare support, the Council has a legal duty to provide such services for specified groups, which, as detailed in the Welfare Budget, includes for example the outsourced services delivered by Citizens Advice. These duties are specified in the Social Work (Scotland) Act 1968, the Carers (Scotland) Act 2016 and the Child Poverty (Scotland) Act 2017.
- 3.3.2 The Directorate is also responsible for ensuring policies are in place, and support is provided for managers and employees to ensure the Council continues to comply with all employment and health and safety requirements.
- Risk: There is a risk that the post-Covid impacts, cost of living pressures and energy price increases and resulting mitigations continue to result in additional and increased demand. This includes for example, for the provision of critical demand-led financial assessments and welfare services as reported in the welfare budget set out in **Appendices 3 and 4** to this report.
- 3.5 There are no **Climate Change/Carbon Clever or Gaelic** implications arising as a direct result of this report.

4. Appendix 1: Resources and Finance - Near Final Revenue Budget 2021/22

4.1 **Appendix 1** to this report provides the near final monitoring statement showing the year end outturn for 2021/22. The Service is showing an outturn of £14.077m against a net annual budget of £14.815m, representing an underspend of £0.738m. This position is an improvement of £0.207m on the previous Quarter. This does not include the Welfare Budget, which is discussed separately in Section 10 below and detailed in **Appendix 3** to this report.

4.2 **Directorate**

The Directorate Section overspend of £0.232m includes the Directorate's unallocated efficiency savings relating to prior years. The main movement from the previous Quarter's estimated variance of £0.186m was bad debt write offs at the year end.

4.3 People (Annual Budget: £2.381m)

The year-end underspend of £0.258m being reported is a movement of £0.165m estimated in the previous Quarter. There were a few factors causing the movement from the estimated outturn at Quarter 3 to the year-end position. Examples of these were further staffing underspends, the employee survey contract, and other discretionary expenditure underspend.

4.4 Revenues and Business Support (Annual Budget: £7.703m)

The underspend for Revenues and Business Support increased in the last Quarter from £0.513m to £0.616m underspend. The main movements being underspends in staffing and bank charges being less than forecast due to increased collection rates.

4.5 Corporate Finance (Annual Budget: £3.382m)

As well as some mitigating movements, the main movement from the forecasted underspend of £0.113m at Quarter 3 and the year end underspend of £0.099m is the Procurement contract which was £0.012m higher than forecast.

5. Appendix 2 Resources and Finance Revenue Budget Monitoring 2022/23

Appendix 2 to this report provides the Quarter 1 monitoring statement for 2022/23 showing the forecasted year end outturn. The Directorate is showing an estimated year end outturn of £13.218m against a net annual budget of £13.650m, representing an underspend of £0.432m. This does not include the Welfare Budget which is reportedly separately at Appendix 4.

5.2 **Directorate (Annual Budget £1.349m)**

The Directorate pressure of £0.151m includes an underspend of £0.111m mainly arising from the vacancy that exists for the Executive Chief Officer for Resources & Finance offset against with the Directorate savings agreed by the Council in March 2022. These will be made across the Directorate Budget throughout the financial year and so this will be a diminishing number as the year progresses.

5.3 **People (Annual Budget: £2.406m)**

The budget for People mainly relates to staff and corporate training. The composition of this budget needs careful management and is reporting a predicted year end underspend of £0.005m. The are some underspends offsetting some overspends in this part of the service, such as underspends in Health and Safety staffing and the costs for the employee survey.

5.4 Revenues and Business Support (Annual Budget: £8.077m)

For this section, the forecasted underspend is £0.481m which is mainly arising from secondments and maternity leave, and reflects a net position of 9.66 FTE vacancies in staffing and a smaller element of other expenditure underspends. Vacancies are being held for a range of reasons and include pending changes and developments that are underway across Directorates so that an informed assessment can be made of future staffing needs, process redesign, and to enable the agreed staff saving for this section to be delivered.

5.5 Corporate Finance (Annual Budget: £3.407m)

The forecasted underspend in Corporate Finance of £0.097m is mainly arising from underspends in the Accounting and Insurance Section of £0.029m relating to staffing and other expenditure underspends and a Payroll & Creditors forecasted underspend of £0.068 mainly due to part year staffing vacancies.

5.6 Resources & Finance Savings 2022/23

The agreed savings for the Directorate totalling £0.938m are detailed at **Appendix 7** and are on target.

6. Performance Information

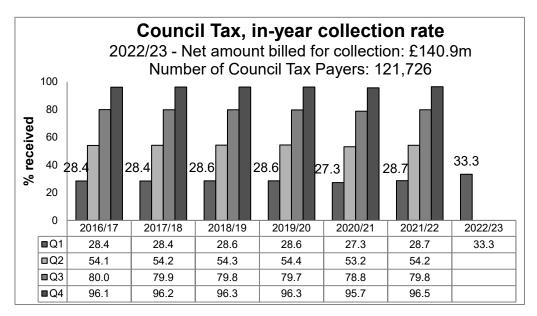
- As described in section 1 of this report, a single report containing both revenue and performance information has several benefits. The following paragraphs provide performance information for the Directorate and while this mainly focuses on those responsibilities for the Revenues and Business Support section, the aim is to expand the breadth of information provided in future reports to reflect the responsibilities of each service heading, and this will reflect the performance targets set out in the Directorate Service Plan. With the support and guidance of the Strategic Lead Corporate Audit & Performance best use will be made of the Performance and Risk Management System (PRMS) for future reporting and to enable progress to be monitored.
- 6.2 Performance for outsourced activities led by the Directorate is reported separately to this Committee at various points throughout the year.

6.3 Revenues and Business Support - Council Tax In-year Collection Rate

- 6.3.1 The Council Tax in-year collection rate in Q1 is 33.3%, representing an increase of 4.6% on the comparable period last year.
- 6.3.2 The Directorate continues to have a sharp focus on council tax collections with a view to maximising this important income stream for the Council. Steps are taken regularly by the Welfare Support Team to promote the Council Tax Reduction scheme using social media and, in every case, when undertaking welfare checks for all residents choosing this service. The availability of this financial support to reduce council tax bills is also promoted on the reverse side of council tax bills and on all recovery notices. A useful ready reckoner to council tax entitlement is published on the Council's <u>website</u> to encourage take-up by enabling council tax payers to compare their household composition and income with the qualifying thresholds for their council tax band. Through the Council's outsourced services provided by Citizens Advice, advisers routinely support clients to apply for this valuable support. A planned annual recovery schedule is in place to ensure that recovery and enforcement actions are progressed

in accordance with the appropriate regulations. This encourages payments and helps to identify council tax payers who require additional time to pay and welfare support.

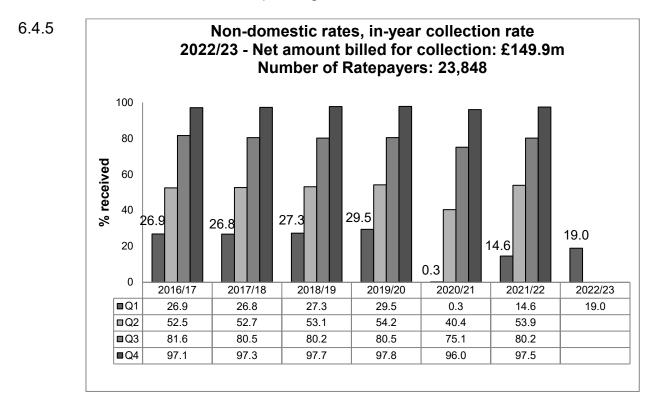
- 6.3.3 Council Tax Reduction reduces the council tax liability by up to 100% for individual households and in these circumstances, limits the bill to Scottish Water's water and wastewater charges. Council tax payers can apply for this support via the Council's Apply Once online application form, by contacting the Welfare Support Team at welfare.support@highland.gov.uk or by calling 0800 090 1004.
- 6.3.4 Council Tax contributes around 20.6% of the Council's general fund and is used to help bridge the difference between the block grant and the Council's estimated expenditure. There is therefore a sharp focus on council tax collections' performance and actions to mitigate performance fluctuations. For example, Direct Debits now make up 76.4% of council tax bill payments, up from 76.0% in 2021/22 (Q1).
- 6.3.5 Increasing the number of direct debit payers and the value of receipts supports collections performance, reduces bank charges resulting in financial savings, and enables the Council to better predict future income levels, which is important for treasury management and financial planning purposes.



- 6.3.6 The Revenues Team continues to focus on recovering unpaid sums in respect of the current and prior years and is working closely with the Council's appointed Sheriff Officers to focus on those debts where Summary Warrants have been granted.
- 6.3.7 The number of council tax payers (121,726) included in the above bar chart shows the position as at March 2022 when the 2022/23 council tax bills were being prepared and issued. As new builds come onto the market and are made available for ownership, private rented and social housing, there is natural movement in the tax base and number of council tax payers throughout the year. The March annual billing position is therefore used year on year to provide trend data and to develop business intelligence. Having such rich data helps to inform improved performance and decision making.

6.4 Revenues and Business Support - Non-Domestic Rates In-Year Collection Rate

- 6.4.1 The Council's total revenue funding provided by the Scottish Government is made up of 3 components: General Revenue Grant (GRG): Distributable Non-Domestic Rate Income (NDRI) and specific ring-fenced grants.
- 6.4.2 Non-Domestic Rates are collected and retained by the Council. The Scottish Fiscal Commission is responsible for preparing the national forecast for NDR income to be collected, based on several factors including revaluations, appeals and the likely poundage set. The forecast is then redistributed to local authorities using the most recent prior year Non-Domestic Rates income returns submitted by councils, adjusted to reflect variations between the estimated Non-Domestic Rates Income and the actual amount collected. This means the amount collected by an individual authority has no direct impact on the total funding as the Scottish Government provides each local authority with their formula share of GRG plus NDRI.
- 6.4.3 Economic volatility is very quickly evident from fluctuations in Non-Domestic Rates income and underlines the importance of understanding and acting upon the trend information detailed in the table below. Keeping abreast and responding to external influences continue to be an important focus for the Revenues Team.
- 6.4.4 There has been an increase of 4.4% on the collection rate for Q1, when compared with the same period in the previous year. The trend data in the table below however shows a declined collection rate when compared with the pre-Covid position. This reflects the competing pressures for ratepayers from several factors, including increased pricing for stock and raw materials, increased energy bills, and lower consumer demand and spending.



- 6.4.6 Relief from Non-Domestic Rates is available to achieve competitive equity and fairness. This includes for example the Small Business Bonus Scheme, which provides up to 100% relief and equates to a maximum of £7,470 in cash terms for 2022/23.
- 6.4.7 Each year, processes are in place, the Council's website is updated, and the Revenues Team is trained to identify qualifying properties and to automatically award available relief wherever possible. To raise awareness and to relieve ratepayers from

rates bills, information regarding relief is provided on non-domestic rates bills and published on the Council's website.

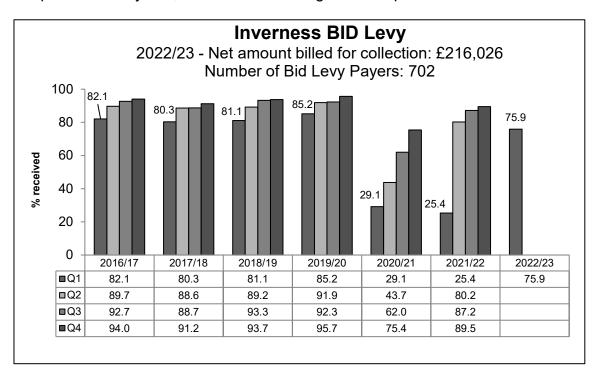
6.4.8 For ratepayers required to apply for relief, the Revenues team proactively invite applications where sufficient information is available, but this is not possible in all cases and relies on some ratepayers applying independently. Steps continue to be taken to identify properties that may be entitled where ratepayers have not yet applied for relief.

6.5 Revenues and Business Support - Business Improvement Districts (BID)

- 6.5.1 The Revenues Team is responsible for administration and collection of the 3 BIDs currently operating within Highland and for the recovery of the associated annual administrative costs from each BID. Officers continue to progress billing and recovery of each BID in accordance with planned annual schedules.
- When monitoring collection performance for each BID, Members will wish to note that billing for the Inverness and the Inverness & Loch Ness Tourism BID levies was undertaken in line with previous years, i.e., April 2022. The Nairn BID billing year commences in October each financial year.

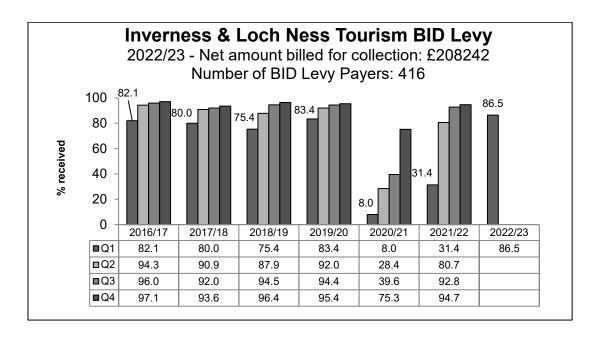
6.5.3 Inverness BID Levy

The figures below indicate a significant increase on Q1 performance compared with the previous two years, with levels returning closer to pre-Covid levels.



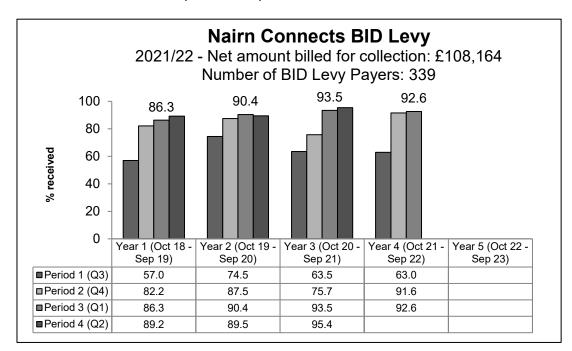
6.5.4 Inverness & Loch Ness Tourism BID Levy

By the end of Q1, 86.5% of the BID levies have been paid compared with 31.4% at the same point in 2021/22 and exceeding the pre-Covid position.



6.5.5 Nairn Connects BID Levy

The Nairn Connects billing year commences 1 October each year. Performance in Period 3 (Quarter 1) shows a collection rate of 92.6%, a 0.9% drop on the prior year and an increase on the pre-Covid position.



6.6 Revenues and Business Support - Single Grant Applications (SGA)

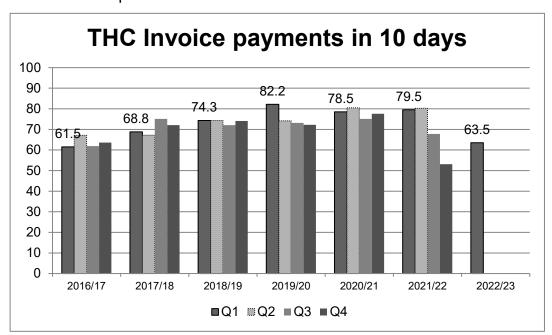
- 6.6.1 The Shared Business Support team provides support for several Council teams, including Ward Managers, in the administrative process for Single Grant Applications (SGAs). These grants, available for community groups, businesses and individuals, can be accessed at this Link. The role of Shared Business Support is primarily logging SGAs onto SharePoint, issuing acknowledgements to applicants and promptly allocating applications to the appropriate teams for consideration and determination.
- 6.6.2 182 single grant applications were received during Q1, 2022/23 of which 100% were processed within 5 days. This strong performance delivered by the Shared Business Support Team evidences the efficiency and effectiveness of the designed process,

reflecting the skill set within Shared Business Support and their sustained focus on performance.

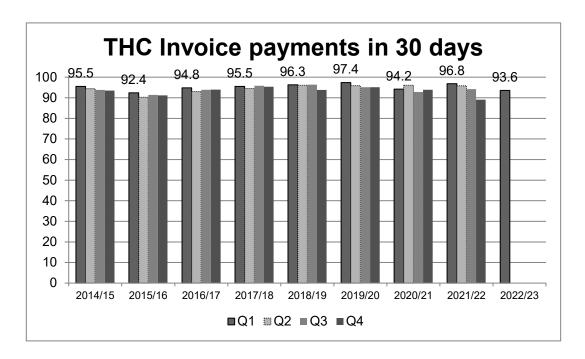
Single Grant Applications	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23 (to date)
Percentage logged, acknowledged & distributed within 5 days target	98.3%	99.2%	96.8%	98.9%	99.2%	97.1%	100%

7. Corporate Finance and Revenues & Business Support - Payment of Invoices

7.1 These indicators measure the Council's efficiency at paying invoices and analyses the number of invoices paid within 10 days and 30 days of receipt as a percentage of all invoices paid. The Creditors Team, reporting to the Head of Finance, and the Shared Business Support Team reporting to the Head of Revenues and Business Support, are responsible for payment of invoices once approved by budget holders and for those matched to Purchase Orders. Q1 performance is below the corporate target of 77%, and officers are analysing this drop in the normally high performance to target activity to address this position.



7.2 Performance by Directorate is detailed at **Appendix 8** to this report. Budget holders and their teams are mindful of the importance of prompt payment although there are valid reasons why some invoices cannot be paid within the 10-days timescales. The Council introduced the 10-day local measure several years ago to support businesses, sole traders and other creditors through prompt payment of invoices.



7.4 For the statutory performance indicator of 30 days to pay an invoice, Q1 saw a slight decrease on the prior year of 93.6% compared to 96.8% in Q1 21/22, and below the corporate target of 95%, by 1.4%. Officers are analysing this drop in the normally high performance to target activity to address this. For the Resources & Finance Directorate, 90.5% of invoices are processed within 10 days and 97.9% within 30 days.

8. Combined Complaints Performance

- 8.1 Led by the Communities & Place Directorate, the Model Complaint Handling Procedure was introduced in April 2021 to set out our corporate ambitions to improve performance. Monitoring complaints and the business intelligence available from doing so, helps to inform service design and decision making. When received, complaints are categorised as follows (a) front line resolution, not requiring investigation with a resolution target of 5 days and (b) more complex complaints, requiring investigation with a resolution target of 20 days.
- The reported measures in paragraph 8.3 below represent the end-to-end process, and therefore the combined performance of the Communities & Place (allocation, quality assurance and issue) and Resources & Finance Directorates (checking records, investigation, responding to complaints and approvals). Collaboration across the Directorates continues to identify process and other quality improvements, to improve performance for frontline resolution within 5-days and those complaints that are escalated with a performance target of 20 days.
- 8.3 The combined performance for the end-to-end process in respect of complaints for Revenues & Business Support, People and Finance during Q1 against a corporate target of 80% was as follows. The performance relating to complaints requiring investigation, relates to 5 cases.

	Resources & Finance	Highland Council
5-days frontline resolution	77.8%	61.0%
20-days investigation	20.0%	46.2%

9. Freedom of Information (FOI) Performance

	Resources & Finance	Highland Council
FOI Legislative - number	72	435
FOI Legislative - %	79%	78%

10. Directorate Sickness absence date

Average days lost	2021-22	2022-23
Average days lost	Q4	Q1
All Highland Council	2.36	2.45
Resources and Finance	1.90	2.07

The Resources & Finance Directorate takes a proactive approach to absence management and endeavours to keep staff absence rates as low as possible. This is achieved by following the Council's HR policies and guidance, implementing measures such as "return to work" interviews and conversations with our team members. Valuing staff and supporting their health and wellbeing are core elements of the established ethos in the Directorate, and in line with the Council's Connected values of supporting our skilled workforce.

11. Appendix 3 Welfare Budget 2021/22

The Welfare Budget is delivered by the Revenues and Business Support section. **Appendix 3**, and the supplementary information detailed at **Appendix 5** sets out the actual expenditure and the outturn against the budget. The Welfare Budget is showing a year end outturn of £24.002m against a net annual budget of £24.188m, representing an underspend of £0.186m for 2021/22.

11.2 Council Tax Reduction: Annual Budget £13.278m

Reflecting the net position, an underspend of £0.194m is reported for the demand-led Council Tax Reduction Scheme (CTRS). This scheme is heavily promoted on social media, Council Tax bills, the Council's website and by both the Council's Welfare Support Team and Citizens Advice.

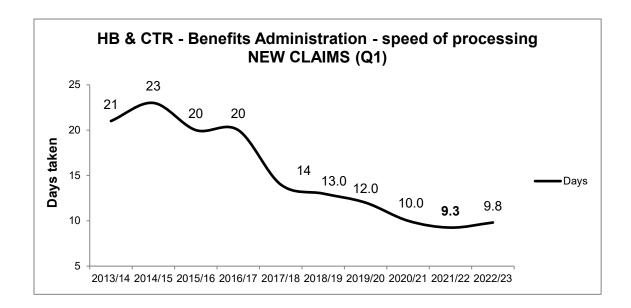
11.3 Housing Benefit: Annual Expenditure Budget £38.077m

The Housing Benefit budget reports a near final underspend of £0.187m. Whilst Housing Benefit is generally funded by the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP), it is not fully funded, e.g., where Housing Benefit has been overpaid because the customer had not advised the Council timeously of a material change in their circumstances. To help mitigate the impacts of Covid-19, the DWP suspended local authorities' abilities to recover overpayments of housing benefit. Although this suspension is now lifted, this national policy decision has reduced the amount of overpaid housing benefit that has been recovered via the DWP.

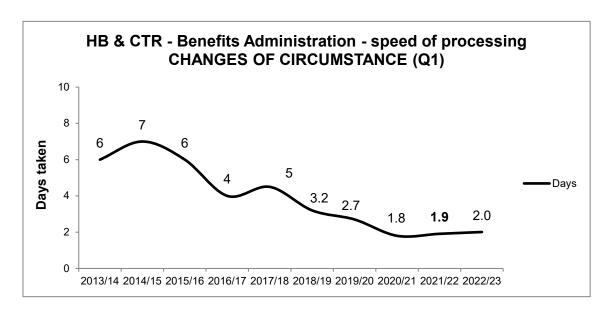
11.3.1 Q1 performance shows a 0.75 decrease in the number of days taken to process new claims for housing benefit and council tax reduction with change of circumstance processing time being comparable to prior year.

11.4 Scottish Welfare Fund: Annual Budget £1.951m 2021/22

- 11.4.1 The Scottish Welfare Fund provides non-repayable grants for low-income households as follows:
 - Crisis Grants when experiencing a crisis because of a disaster (e.g., fire/flood) or emergency (e.g., unexpected expense);
 - Community Care Grants to support someone to start to live, or to carry on living, a settled life in the community.
- 11.4.2 This fund was under pressure during 2021/22 as a result of the impacts of Covid-19 and the emerging cost of living increases. An overspend of £0.097m is reported under this budget which is off-set by underspends elsewhere within the Welfare Budget.
- 11.5 School Clothing Grants: Annual Budget £0.745m 2021/22
- 11.5.1 The year-end underspend of £0.014m demonstrates the high demand on this budget. Changes in working hours and other financial pressures have increased demand for this vital support for our most vulnerable children and young people. The Welfare Support Team continues to promote this important financial support for eligible families.
- 12. Welfare Budget 2022/23 Annual Budget £22.059m
- **Appendix 4**, and the supplementary information detailed at **Appendix 6** shows actual expenditure and the outturn against the budget at 30 June 2022. The Welfare Budget is showing a year end outturn of £22.059m against a net annual budget of £22.059m, representing an estimated nil variance for 2022/23.
- 12. 2 There is increasing pressure across various budget headings within the Welfare budget which is being closely monitored by Officers. Information about the help that is available continues to be proactively promoted and advisers in the Council's Welfare Support Team and Citizens Advice continue to triage those accessing these services.
- 13. Speed of processing performance: Housing Benefit and Council Tax Reduction
- 13.1 Quarter 1 performance shows a 0.56 increase in the number of days taken to process new claims for housing benefit and council tax reduction with change of circumstance processing times being comparable to prior year.



13.3



14. Universal Credit

In Highland during June 2022, approximately 17,409 claimants were claiming Universal Credit, of which approximately 7,424 (43%) were in some form of employment. Prior to Covid-19 in March 2020, 11,301 claimants were claiming Universal Credit, of which 4,069 (36%) were in some form of employment.

- 14.1 The number of UC claimants in all wards within Highland are significantly higher than pre-pandemic levels with some wards still experiencing greater increases in numbers of claimants in June 2022 when compared with March 2020. Percentage increases ranging from 33% (Inverness Central) to 90% (Wester Ross, Strathpeffer and Lochalsh).
- The number of claimants peaked during July 2020, when 20,318 were claiming Universal Credit, of which 7,844 (39%) were in some form of employment. The number of Universal Claimants in June 2022 is 14% lower than July 2020. However, there are 54% more claimants than in March 2020, albeit a higher proportion of claimants are in some form of employment.

Designation: Acting Depute Chief Executive Date: 06/08/2021

Sheila McKandie, Interim Head of Revenues and Business Support Authors:

Lucy Lallah, Business Management Analyst

Rachel Rae, Service Accountant

Background Papers:

RESOURCES AND FINANCE DIRECTORATE Revenue Expenditure Monitoring Report

1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022

	£000	£000	£000	£000
	2000	2000	£000	Year
	Actual	Annual	Year End	End
	Year To Date	Budget	Outturn	Variance
BY ACTIVITY				
Directorate	1,581	1,349	1,581	232
Resources & Finance - COVID	3	-	3	3
People	2,123	2,381	2,123	(258)
Revenues & Business Support	7,087	7,703	7,087	(616)
Corporate Finance	3,283	3,382	3,283	(99)
Total	14,077	14,815	14,077	(738)
BY SUBJECTIVE				
DI GODGEOTIVE				
Staff Costs	12,681	13,806	12,681	(1,125)
Staff Costs Other Costs	3,684	3,679	3,684	5
Staff Costs Other Costs Gross Expenditure	3,684 16,365	3,679 17,485	3,684 16,365	5 (1,120)
Staff Costs Other Costs Gross Expenditure Grants	3,684 16,365 (768)	3,679 17,485 (745)	3,684 16,365 (768)	5 (1,120) (23)
Staff Costs Other Costs Gross Expenditure	3,684 16,365	3,679 17,485	3,684 16,365	5 (1,120) (23) 405
Staff Costs Other Costs Gross Expenditure Grants	3,684 16,365 (768)	3,679 17,485 (745)	3,684 16,365 (768)	5 (1,120) (23)
Staff Costs Other Costs Gross Expenditure Grants Other Income	3,684 16,365 (768) (1,520)	3,679 17,485 (745) (1,925)	3,684 16,365 (768) (1,520)	5 (1,120) (23) 405

Notes	_		_	_	_
		Mar			

1. % age of Annual Expenditure* 2022 **95%** Mar

2021 **97%**

^{*}These percentage figures represent the proportion of budget spent at the end of the quarter reported, with comparison to the same reporting position last year.

RESOURCES AND FINANCE DIRECTORATE Revenue Expenditure Monitoring Report

1 April 2022 to 30 June 2022

	£000	£000	£000	£000
	Actual	Annual	Year End	Year End
	Year To Date	Budget	Estimate	Variance
	Date	Buuget	Estimate	variance
BY ACTIVITY				
Directorate	272	(240)	(88)	151
People	630	2,406	2,401	(5)
Revenues & Business Support	2,181	8,077	7,596	(481)
Corporate Finance	361	3,407	3,310	(97)
Total	3,444	13,650	13,218	(432)
BY SUBJECTIVE				
Staff Costs	3,969	13,296	12,703	(593)
Other Costs	147	3,024	3,155	`131
Gross Expenditure	4,116	16,320	15,858	(462)
Grants	(219)	(745)	(762)	(17)
Other Income	(453)	(1,925)	(1,878)	47
Total Income	(672)	(2,670)	(2,640)	30
	3,444	13,650	13,218	(432)

<u>Notes</u>	_	_	

ال Ju 1. % age of Annual Expenditure* 22/2

Jun 22/23

Jun

21/22 36%

25%

^{*}These percentage figures represent the proportion of budget spent at the end of the quarter reported, with comparison to the same reporting position last year.

1 April to 31 March 2122									
	£000	£000	£000	£000					
	Actuals To Date	Annual Budget	Year End Outturn	Year End Variance					
BY SERVICE			Oditam	Variance					
Housing Benefit	2,330	2,517	2,330	(187					
Council Tax Reduction Scheme	13,084	13,278		(194					
Scottish Welfare Fund Grants Educational Maintenance	2,048	1,951	2,048	9					
Allowances	0	-	0						
School Clothing Grants	731	745	731	(14					
Advice Services	1,025	1,010	1,025	1					
Milton Activity Hub Grant	0	-	0	•					
Welfare COVID	4,784	4,687	4,784	9					
Welfare Total	24,002	24,188	24,002	(186					
BY SUBJECTIVE									
Staff Costs		0	0						
Other Costs	59,760	60,573	59,760	(813					
Gross Expenditure	59,760	1	59,760	(813					
Grants	(35,633)	,	(35,633)	61					
Other Income	(126)	, ,	(126)	1					
Total Income	(35,758)		(35,758)	62					
	24,002	24,188	24,002	(180					
% of Annual Expenditure	_								
This year	99.2%								
Lastusan	400.00/								

102.2%

Last year

Welfare Monitoring

Appendix 4

	Monitoring			
1 April to 3				
	0 June 2022			
	£000	£000	£000 Year	£000 Year
	Actuals	Annual	End	End
BY SERVICE	To Date	Budget	Outturn	Variance
Housing Benefit	1,633	3,178	3,178	(
Council Tax Reduction Scheme	13,275	13,671	•	(
Scottish Welfare Fund Grants	362	1,243	1,243	(
Educational Maintenance Allowances	60	745	745	(
School Clothing Grants Advice Services	9	745		(
Milton Activity Hub Grant	574	1,010	1,010 0	(
Other Welfare	(30) 1,470	2,212	2,212	·
Paypoint prepayment*	252	2,212	Z,Z 1Z -	, (
aypoint propayment				
Welfare Total	17,605	22,059	22,059	(
BY SUBJECTIVE				
Staff Costs	0	0	0	10.004
Other Costs	37,468	54,495	•	12,202
Gross Expenditure Grants	37,468	54,495	66,697	12,20
Other Income	(19,863)	(32,300) (136)		•
Total Income	(19,863)	(32,436)	` '	(12,202
i otal ilicollie	(13,003)	(32,430)	(44,030)	(12,202
	17,605	22,059	22,059	
% of Annual Expenditure	17,605	22,059	22,059	
% of Annual Expenditure This year	17,605 79.8%	22,059	22,059	(

WELFARE BUDGET 2020/21 - NEAR FINAL MONITORING

		GROSS EX	PENDITURI	E		GROSS	INCOME			NET	TOTAL	
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Annual	Actual	Year End	Year End	Annual	Actual	Year End	Year End	Annual	Actual	Year End	Year End
	Budget	YTD	Outturn	Variance	Budget	YTD	Outturn	Variance	Budget	YTD	Outturn	Variance
BY ACTIVITY												
Housing Benefit	38,077	37,355	37,355	(722)	(35,026)	(35,560)	(35,026)	535	2,858	2,517	2,330	(187)
Council Tax Reduction												
Scheme	13,278	13,084	13,084	(194)	0	0	0	0	13,749	13,278	13,084	(194)
Scottish Welfare Fund												
Community Care Grants	1,382	1,382	1,382	0	0	0	0	0	943	1,382	1,382	(0)
Crisis Grants- awarded	569	665	665	97	0	0	0	0	362	569	665	97
Educational Maintenance Allowances	689	572	572	(117)	(572)	(689)	(572)	117	0	0	0	0
School Clothing Grants Awarded	745	731	731	(14)	0	0	0	0	715	745	731	(14)
Advice Services Citizens Advice Bureau	1,146	1,151	1,151	5	(126)	(136)	(126)	10	1,010	1,010	1,025	15
Milton Activity Hub Grant	0	35	35	35	(35)	0	(35)	(35)	0	0	0	0

Welfare COVID												
Free School Meals Holidays	882	883	883	0	0	0	0	0	883	882	883	0
Fuel Poverty	564	1,128	1,128	563	0	0	0	0	1,128	564	1,128	563
Fuel Support Fund	3,240	2,774	2,774	(466)	0	0	0	0	2,774	3,240	2,774	(466)
TOTAL	60,573	59,760	60,573	(813)	(35,758)	(36,385)	(35,758)	627	24,002	24,188	24,002	(186)

WELFARE BUDGET 2022/23 - JUNE MONITORING

		GROSS EX	KPENDITUI	GROSS EXPENDITURE					NET TOTAL			
	£'000 Annual	£'000 Actual	£'000 Year End	£'000 Year End	£'000 Annual	£'000 Actual	£'000 Year End	£'000 Year End	£'000 Annual	£'000 Actual	£'000 Year End	£'000 Year End
	Budget	YTD	Outturn	Variance	Budget	YTD	Outturn	Variance	Budget	YTD	Outturn	Variance
BY ACTIVITY												
Housing Benefit	34,789	9,245	34,789	0	(31,611)	(7,612)	(31,611)	(0)	3,178	1,633	3,178	0
Council Tax Reduction Scheme	13,671	13,275	13,671	0	0	0	0	0	13,671	13,275	13,671	0
Scottish Welfare Fund												
Community Care Grants	966	270	966	0	0	0	0	0	966	270	966	0
Crisis Grants- awarded**	277	236	422	145	0	(145)	(145)	(145)	277	91	277	0
Educational Maintenance Allowances	689	100	689	0	(689)	(40)	(689)	0	0	60	0	0
School Clothing Grants Awarded	745	9	745	0	0	0	0	0	745	9	745	0
Advice Services Citizens Advice Bureau	1,146	574	1,136	(10)	(136)	0	(126)	10	1,010	574	1,010	0
Milton Activity Hub Grant	0	2	32	32	0	(32)	(32)	(32)	0	(30)	0	0

Other Welfare												
Free School Meals Holidays	736	359	736	0	0	0	0	0	736	359	736	0
Fuel Support Fund	0	521	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	521	0	0
Scottish Child Bridging Payment	1,476	589	1,476	0	0	0		0	1,476	589	1,476	0
Cost of Living Award		12,035	12,035	12,035	0	(12,035)	(12,035)	(12,035)	0	0	0	0
Paypoint prepayment*	0	252	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	252	0	0
TOTAL	54,495	37,468	66,697	12,202	(32,436)	(19,863)	(44,638)	(12,203)	22,059	17,605	22,059	0

^{*} As required by the Financial Conduct Authority in relation to Crisis Grants, School Clothing Grants, Winter Hardship Payments and Free School Meals
**Includes Self Isolation Support Grant administered on behalf of the Scottish Government and the income that will be claimed to show nil effect to the Highland Council

Appendix 7

Service Ref	Budget Area	Savings Description	2022/23 £m	Saving RAG
CR/26	Council Tax/NDR	Establish an online customer portal	0.049	G
R&F/4	Revenues & Business Support	Business Support staff travel - requires behavioural change and buy-in from Services	0.005	G
R&F/7	Revenues & Business Support	Reduce number of locations requiring Business Support to be physically present to enable more effective use of resources and avoid travel costs and non value added travel time.	0.023	G
R&F/8 - Allocation	Finance	Salary sacrifice saving from newly introduced AVC scheme	-0.003	G
R&F/9&10	Accounting	Review of non-staffing budget- reference material, travel, external advice. Removal of vacant 5 hour post	0.022	G
R&F/1	Occupational Health Contract	Re-procurement and use framework from 1.4.22	0.015	G
R&F/6	Revenues & Business Support	Through greater use of technologies, including the potential for digital mailing, reduce the number of locations handling outgoing mail thus reducing associated costs (resource effort, and franking machine and Royal Mail charges)	0.025	G
Corp/2 - Allocation	Managed Print Service (MPS)	Reductions in printing Printing/Photocopying and reduce Multi-Function Devices (MFDs) in offices and schools	0.015	G
Corp/21 - Allocation	Corporate- staffing	Staff alignment, agility and redesign	0.304	G
Corp/23 - Allocation	Corporate- staffing	Recruitment timelines- removal of budget to reflect recruitment process timelines	0.262	G
Corp/24 - Allocation	Corporate- non staffing	A review of non-staffing spend has identified opportunities for savings across services from improved contract management, stopping/reducing demand, alternative delivery, and actions relating to suppliers, specification, productivity, process, negotiation, contracts and analysis	0.022	G
Corp/26 - Allocation	Corporate- full cost recovery	Full cost recovery and commercialisation	0.199	G
		Total	0.938	

Other performance measures	Frequency
Processing time benefit – new claims (average days)	Quarterly
Processing time benefit – change in circumstances (average days)	Quarterly
Welfare Support	Quarterly
Business Improvement District (BID) Levy	Quarterly
Business Support – Single Grant Applications	Quarterly

Statutory Performance Indicators	Frequency
The gross administration cost per benefits case	Annual
The cost of collecting Council Tax per dwelling	Annual
Current year income from Council Tax: a) The income due from Council Tax for the year, net of relief and rebates b) The percentage of a) that was received during the year	Quarterly
The number of invoices paid within 30 calendar days of receipt as a percentage of all invoices paid	Quarterly
The number of invoices paid within 10 calendar days of receipt as a percentage of all invoices paid	Quarterly
Insurance - cost/claim processed	Annual
Creditors - unit cost/creditor invoice issued	Annual
Payroll - cost/payslip produced	Annual
Pensions - cost per member	Annual
Cost of Accounting % Net Rev Budget + HRA	Annual
Cost of completing the Annual Accounts	Annual
Cost NDR collection/chargeable property	Annual
% NDR collected by year end	Quarterly
Cost sundry debtors/debtors account issued	Annual
% income sundry debtors collected during year	Annual
Cost Corporate Finance % Net Revenue Budget	Annual
Cost Procurement section % Net Revenue Budget	Annual

Appendix 9

	Invoice Payments <10 days												
Service	TARGET	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	21/22	21/22	21/22	21/22	22/23		
CCIVICC	22/23	10, 11		10/13		20/21	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1		
C&P						83.6	85.6	88.3	76.2	57.0	77.9		
E&L						79.2	82.8	74.8	70.4	60.7	74.6		
HW&SC						82	86.7	89.9	74.7	59.4	92.5		
I&E						85.7	85.6	86	76.2	58.0	80.6		
P&G	77%					87.4	91.8	91.9	75.4	69.5	85.0		
P&H						71.7	74.2	75.9	60.6	45.1	44.8		
R&F						83.1	89.0	91.4	88.5	73.9	90.5		
DCE						84.0	ı	75.0	81.6	65.9	94.7		
Capital						82.1	78.1	77.5	66.5	57.7	65.0		
Highland Council		63.3	79.5	73.7	75.3	77.6	79.5	80.2	67.8	53.1	63.5		

	Invoice Payments <30 days												
Service	TARGET	16/17	17/18	18/19	19/20	20/21	21/22	21/22	21/22	21/22	22/23		
Service	22/23	10/17	17/10		19/20	20/21	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1		
C&P						96.6	96.1	97.4	93.2	93.2	97.2		
E&L						92.2	94.5	89.4	91.2	91.6	92.2		
HW&SC						95.7	97.3	96.2	92.4	94.0	97.6		
I&E						96.6	96.2	96.8	96.9	94.2	98.1		
P&G	95%					96.8	96.9	96.6	97.3	97.7	97.8		
P&H						92.9	97.8	96.6	94.7	84.8	91.3		
R&F						96.9	98.4	97.9	99.0	97.8	97.9		
DCE						99.0	100.0	87.5	97.4	95.3	98.7		
Capital						95.4	95.6	94.5	91.4	91.0	92.6		
Highland Council		94	96.8	95.7	95.9	94.1	96.8	95.8	94.2	89.1	93.6		